Surface-No. 16-MOC-CMA

Report on the Quality of Land Surface Observations in Region II (Asia)

July - December 2025

No. 16

Regional WIGOS Centre, Beijing

China Meteorological Administration

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Introduction

In its role as Regional WMO Integrated Global Observing System (WIGOS) Centre, Beijing (RWC-Beijing) in Regional Association (RA) II, China Meteorological Administration (CMA) has issued the 16th report on the land surface observation quality monitoring for the period from July to December 2025. The report includes a consolidated list of stations suspected of producing low-quality observational data.

RWC-Beijing was designated as RWC in 2021, in support to the Members of the Region as an operational RWC with a certification. It is responsible for monitoring the availability and quality of meteorological observations and maintaining consolidated lists of stations suspected of reporting low-quality observational data together with adequate evidence. The lists are to be passed on to the WMO Secretariat as well as to Members of RA II for their reference.

1. Monitored Data

Monitored surface observational data are obtained at 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC and collected at CMA before the data cut-off time, defined as the end of the period in which observational data are gathered for operational analysis. The cut-off times for CMA global analysis are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Data cut-off times for CMA global analysis

Analysis time	Data cut-off time
00 UTC	11:50 UTC
06 UTC	17:50 UTC
12 UTC	23:50 UTC
18 UTC	05:50 UTC

The observation elements monitored are (1) station level pressure, (2) mean sea level pressure, and (3) geopotential height, hereafter referred to as SLP, MSLP, and GZ respectively. In accordance with the Manual on Codes (WMO No. 306) Volume II, GZ data on an agreed standard pressure level are reported at the stations whose elevation is higher than 800 m. Standard pressure levels defined in line with station elevation are shown in Table 2.

Table 2 Elevation of stations reporting GZ data and corresponding standard pressure Levels

Station elevation (m)	Pressure level (hPa)
800 – 2,300	850
2,300 – 3,700	700
Higher than 3,700	500

The numbers of stations reporting SLP, MSLP and/or GZ data in Region II are shown in Table 3, and the data availability of these land surface stations are shown in Figure 1.

Table 3 Numbers of stations reporting SLP, MSLP and/or GZ data in Region II

Element	Number of stations	Number of GBON stations
SLP	2472	1692
MSLP	2519	1650
GZ	189	106

2. Monitoring Methods

The two items described below are examined for each element.

(i) Monthly statistics on observation deviations from the most recent forecast of CMA's global model (referred to as first-guess values) (observation minus guess, hereafter referred to as O-G) and on related trends over the monitoring period

(ii) Reference information from other monitoring centres

Information on the latitude, longitude and altitude of each station is necessary for calculation of first-guess values. Such data for land surface station locations are retrieved from the surface-based observing system component of the Observing Systems Capability Analysis and Review Tool (OSCAR/Surface) *.

* https://oscar.wmo.int/surface/index.html#/

The monitoring procedure has two steps as outlined below.

(1) Exclusion of data with gross errors from the statistical calculation sample

The following thresholds are applied for the gross error check in the first step:

|O-G| >= 15 hPa for SLP and MSLP

|O-G| >= 100 gpm for GZ

Gross error data are excluded from the calculation of BIAS (the mean of O-G) and SD (the standard deviation of O-G).

(2) Identification of suspect stations

When the total number of observations (NOBS) is 184 or more, the next criteria are applied:

- BIAS |BIAS| >= 3 hPa for SLP and MSLP
  |BIAS| >= 30 gpm for GZ

- SD SD >= 5 hPa for SLP and MSLP
  SD >= 40 gpm for GZ

- Percentage of gross errors (PGE) PGE >= 25%

Stations with even one statistic exceeding the threshold are considered suspect.

Note:
(i) The quality of observational data from stations are not checked when the NOBS value is less than 184 or the difference between H and HM is greater than 1,000 m. MSLP reports are also not checked for stations located at altitudes higher than 1,000 m above sea level.
(ii) In case of low quality of the first-guess field, those statistics can exceed the threshold and the stations are listed in the consolidated list. To avoid such situations, statistics of surrounding stations and information from other monitoring centres are also used to judge whether the quality of the station's first-guess field value is appropriate.

3. Monitoring Results

3.1 Consolidated list of suspect stations throughout the period

Table 4 List of suspect land surface stations throughout the period

WMO IDENT	LAT (N)	LON (E)	H (m)	HM (m)	ELEM	NUM OBS	PGE %	SD	BIAS	RMS
36914*	42.73	75.02	1775	1692.6	P	722	100	-	-	-
					GZ850	681	0	12.03	2.13	12.22
36934*	42.64	77.07	1613	2536.7	P	722	0	1.3	-10.89	10.97
					GZ850	680	92	8.24	-91.16	91.53
38262*	42.95	59.8	94.5	58.5	P	732	0	0.84	3.37	3.47
					MSLP	732	0	0.8	-0.1	0.81
38349*	42.16	72.89	2000	2874.9	P	704	1	1.36	4.73	4.93
					GZ850	665	0	16.8	46.4	49.35
38359*	42.32	73.8	3500	3104.3	P	720	99	0	10.2	10.2
					GZ700	679	0	9.17	-35.5	36.66

38471*	41.95	71.38	2027	2939	P	711	87	3.29	-11.88	12.33
					GZ850	679	99	65.83	-51.55	83.61
38476*	41.29	72.83	1748	2017.9	P	707	1	0.78	9.2	9.23
					GZ850	662	12	8.35	88.2	88.6
38567	40.13	65.35	341.4	444.5	P	725	0	1.02	-6.83	6.91
					MSLP	726	0	1.57	-7.71	7.86
38577*	40.04	67.58	600.7	666.1	P	687	1	0.74	3.54	3.62
					MSLP	686	0	2.14	-0.39	2.17
38708	39.12	67.53	2034	2723.5	P	695	0	1.16	-10.57	10.63
					-	-	-	-	-	-
38749	39.95	71.13	1201	1931.1	P	666	100	-	-	-
					-	-	-	-	-	-
38827	38.2	67.2	1241.3	1373.9	P	725	1	7.12	-6.82	9.87
					GZ850	722	50	58.22	-12.43	59.53
38829	38.27	67.9	520.7	653.8	P	714	0	1.38	-3.28	3.55
					MSLP	712	0	1.64	-4.47	4.76
38875	39.02	73.55	3930	4307.8	P	360	99	-	-	-
					GZ700	1	100	-	-	-
38880*	37.99	58.36	312	484.6	P	735	1	1.17	11.91	11.97
					MSLP	735	0	1.26	-0.57	1.38
38944*	37.48	69.38	447	563.3	P	733	0	1.04	-5.69	5.78
					MSLP	733	0	1.55	-6.87	7.05
41315*	17.25	54.09	881	512.9	P	613	100	-	-	-
					GZ850	585	98	26.11	-48.3	54.9
41565	33.82	71.88	1371	533.7	P	727	0	1.9	6.11	6.39
					GZ850	727	27	15.37	39.8	42.67
41757	25.13	62.33	96	23.8	P	733	0	0.82	8.69	8.73
					MSLP	733	0	0.77	0.72	1.05
42045	33.5	75.17	1624	2401.2	P	551	0	1.18	-4.84	4.98
					GZ850	551	0	10.34	-58.78	59.68

42083	31.1	77.17	2270	1502.2	P	359	99	-	-	-
					GZ850	2	100	-	-	-
42114	30.38	78.43	1931	1547.3	P	366	0	0.7	3.77	3.83
					-	-	-	-	-	-
42147	29.47	79.65	2311	1609.7	P	367	0	0.75	5.02	5.08
					-	-	-	-	-	-
42515	25.25	91.73	1313	494	P	537	0	0.83	4.96	5.03
					-	-	-	-	-	-
47037*	39.98	125.25	101	198.6	P	735	0	1.38	-4.06	4.29
					MSLP	735	0	1.4	-4.49	4.7
48921	21.63	101.88	1360	1068.8	P	512	1	0.93	-3.59	3.71
					GZ850	508	99	0	95	95
48925	20.68	102	636	960.9	P	516	0	1.02	-4.69	4.8
					MSLP	514	0	1.32	-5.57	5.72
48926	20.25	100.43	531.8	506.6	P	471	18	0.8	13.91	13.93
					MSLP	469	0	1.35	-0.36	1.39
48944	18.28	102.63	185	309.5	P	391	99	-	-	-
					MSLP	391	0	3.34	-7.18	7.92
48952	15.68	106.43	180	302.8	P	519	0	1.39	3.59	3.85
					MSLP	518	0	1.28	1.55	2.01

WMO IDENT:	WMO station identification number (“*” represents GBON station)
LAT:	station latitude
LON:	station longitude
H:	station elevation
HM:	model elevation
ELEM:	observed element
NOBS:	total number of observations during the period
PGE:	percentage gross error
SD:	standard deviation of (observation - guess)
BIAS:	bias of (observation - guess)
RMS:	root mean square of (observation - guess)

Kyrgyzstan

36914* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 2)

36934* – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 3 and 4)

38349* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 7 and 8)

38359* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 9)

38471* – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 10)

38476* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 11 and 12)

Uzbekistan

38262* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 5 and 6)

38567 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 13 and 14)

38577* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 15 and 16)

38708 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 17 and 18)

38749 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 19)

38827 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 20 and 21)

38829 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 22 and 23)

Tajikistan

38875 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 24)

38944* – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 27 and 28)

Turkmenistan

38880* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 25 and 26)

Oman

41315* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 29)

Pakistan

41565 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 30 and 31)

41757 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 32 and 33)

India

42045 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 34 and 35)

42083 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 36)

42114 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 37 and 38).

42147 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 39 and 40)

42515 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 41 and 42)

Democratic People's Republic of Korea

47037* – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 43 and 44)

Lao People's Democratic Republic

48921 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 45 and 46)

48925 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 47 and 48)

48926 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 49 and 50)

48944 – Negative bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 51)

48952 – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 52 and 53)

3.2 Stations where quality deteriorated during the period

Table 5 List of suspect stations where quality deteriorated during the period

WMO IDENT	LAT (N)	LON (E)	H (m)	HM (m)	ELEM	NUM OBS	PGE %	SD	BIAS	RMS
36208	50.33	83.55	809.2	1159.9	P	731	26	2.31	0.67	2.41
					MSLP	731	20	3.15	0.67	3.22
38403*	41.75	62.47	97.8	137.4	P	717	5	3.89	6.83	7.86
					MSLP	717	5	4.1	6.63	7.79
44244*	49.49	105.94	917.5	804	P	192	100	-	-	-
					MSLP	192	0	3.14	3.49	4.7
48018*	24.17	96.33	113	172.2	P	456	0	1.43	6.56	6.71
					MSLP	454	0	1.06	0.07	1.06

Kazakhstan

36208 – Between August and early October 2025, the positive bias of O-G at the station level gradually increased. It has shown clear improvement since October. (Figures 54)

Uzbekistan

38403* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 55 and 56)

Mongolia

44244* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 57). It has been noted that data quality at this station has returned to normal since early March 2026.

Myanmar

48018* – Positive bias of O-G at the station level(Figures 58 and 59)

3.3 Stations improved and excluded from the previous consolidated list

Kazakhstan

35497 – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. (Figures 60)

36859 – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved (Figures 61). In addition, since RWC-Beijing worked with NFP (Kazakhstan) using the Incident Management System, the bias of O-G at the station level has improved.

36874 – The negative pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. (Figures 62)

36877 – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved (Figures 63). In addition, RWC-Beijing worked with NFP (Kazakhstan) using the Incident Management System, the bias of O-G at the station level has improved.

Qatar

41175 – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. (Figures 64)

41177 – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. (Figures 65)

Oman

41244* – The negative pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. (Figures 66)

3.4 Stations removed from the previous consolidated list

Kyrgyzstan

36974* – Although station 36974 still displays positive pressure biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the biases did not exceed the threshold. (Figures 67)

Tajikistan

38719* – The positive pressure bias of O-G at the station level has improved. But the bias of O-G at the station level seemed bigger again starting from October 2025. We will keep an eye on it. (Figures 68)

38947* – Although station 38947 still displays negative biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the biases did not exceed the threshold. (Figures 69)

Pakistan

41508* – Although station 41508 still displays positive pressure biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the biases did not exceed the threshold. (Figures 70)

4. Possible Causes of Remarkable and Sustained Biases

The following are possible causes of remarkable and sustained biases

a. The barometer used for observation is not correctly calibrated.

b. The latitude, longitude or altitude of the station in OSCAR/Surface has not been updated in a timely and appropriate manner. This could result in remarkable biases because it may cause incorrect calculated first-guess field values.

c. Biases are specific to the NWP model used in quality monitoring.

Note: Model biases are likely to appear in relatively large areas.

5. Technical Support

Any comments on the contents and the format of the report are welcome and could be sent to us.

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6. Figures

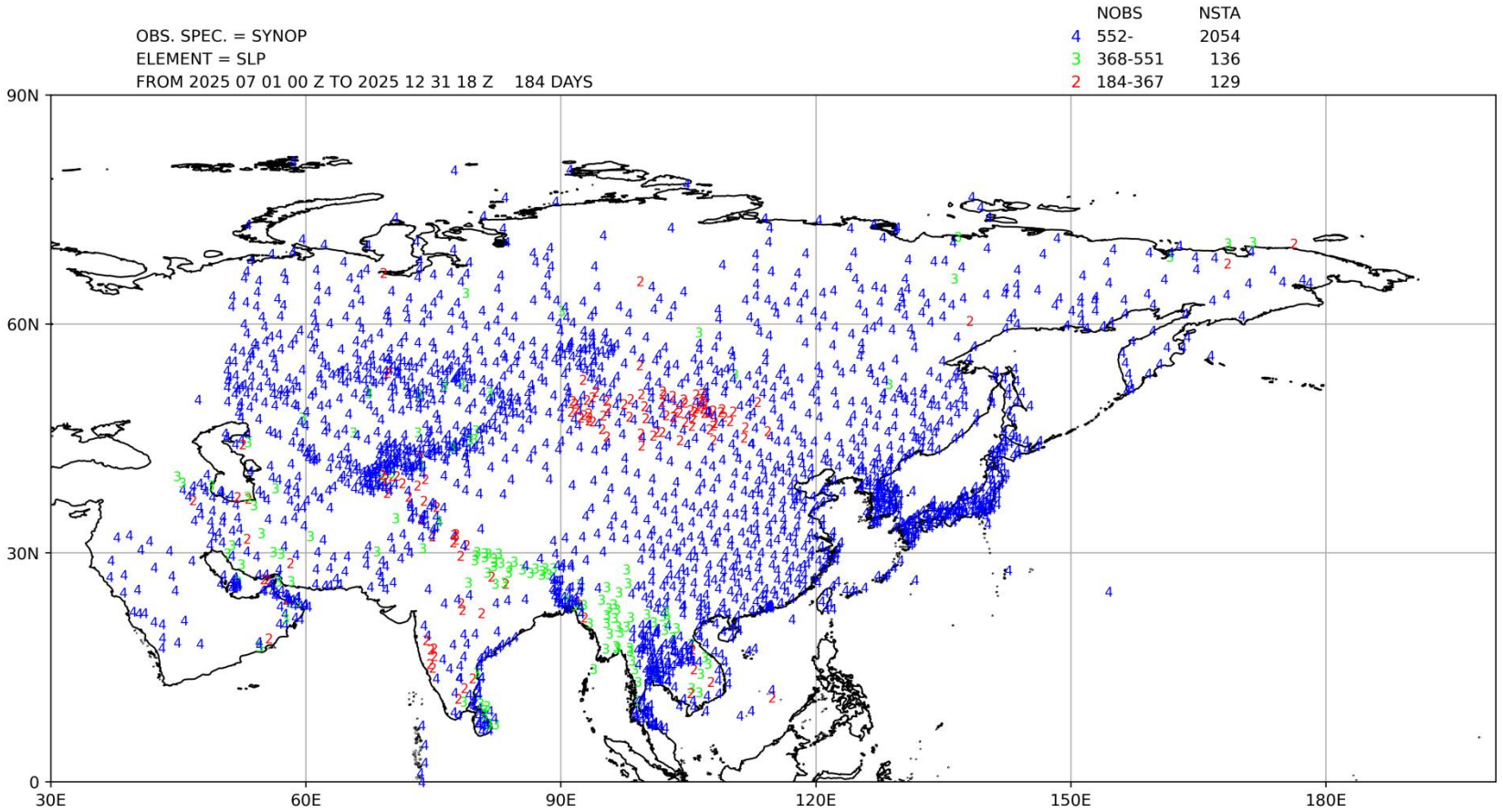

Figure 1(a) Location of all land surface stations reporting station level pressure (SLP) observations in Region II over the six-month period from July to December 2025. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RWC-Beijing. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting SLP are shown at the top of the figure. (Data availability)

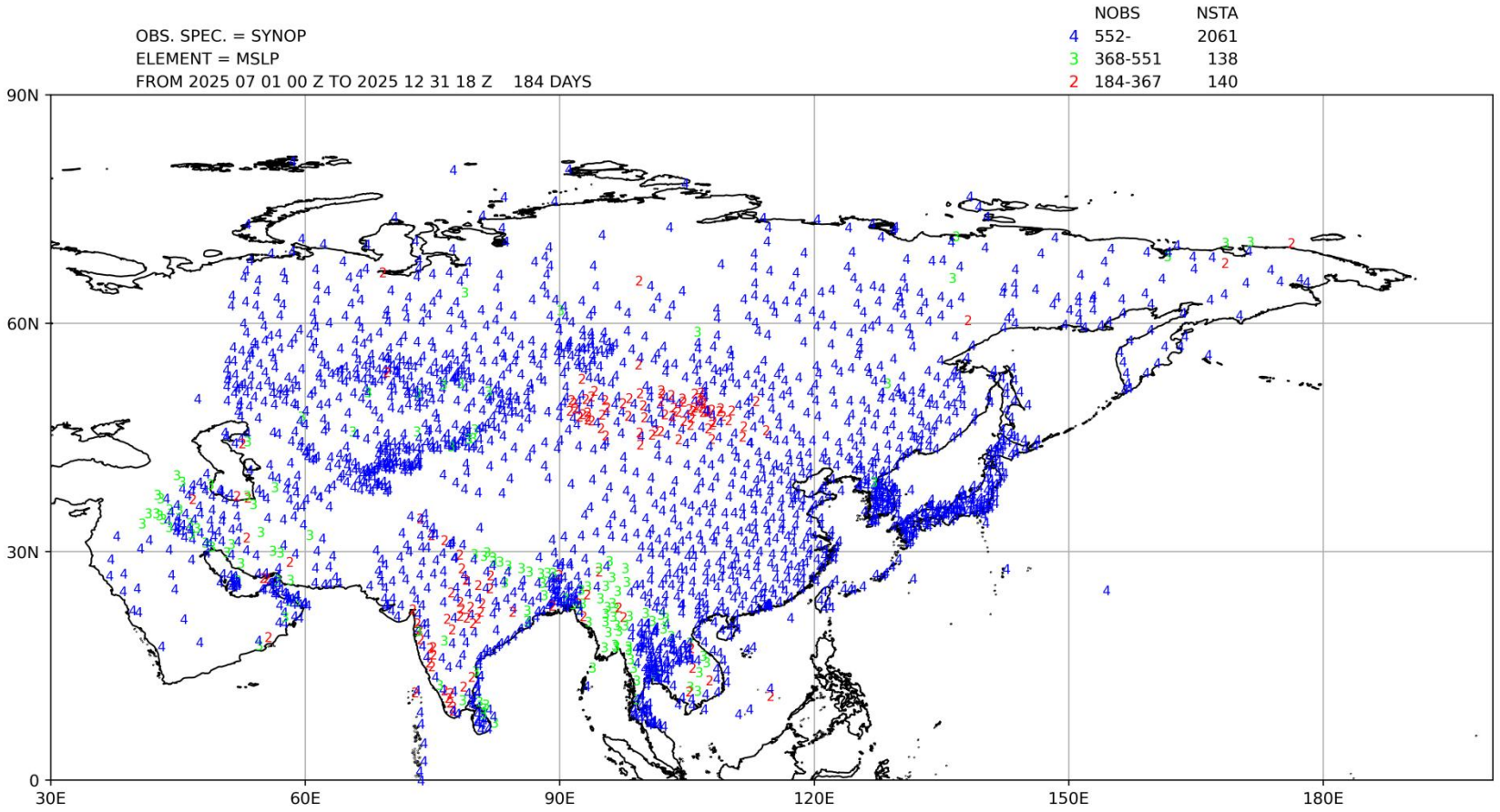

Figure 1(b) Location of all land surface stations reporting mean sea level pressure (MSLP) observations in Region II over the six-month period from July - December 2025. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RWC-Beijing. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting MSLP are shown at the top of the figure. (Data availability)

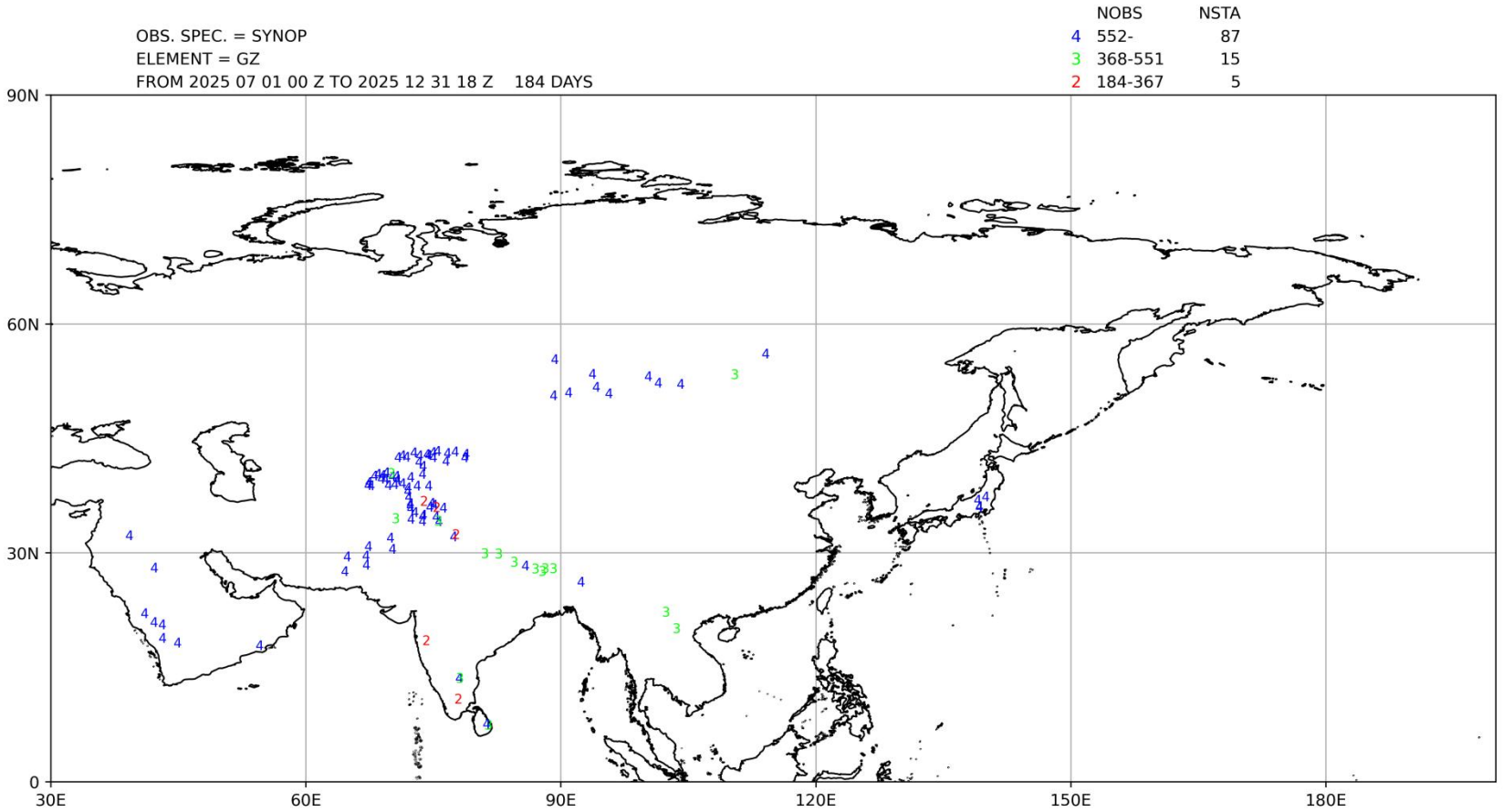

Figure 1(c) Location of all land surface stations reporting geopotential height (GZ) observations in Region II over the six-month period from July - December 2025. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RWC-Beijing. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting GZ are shown at the top of the figure. (Data availability)

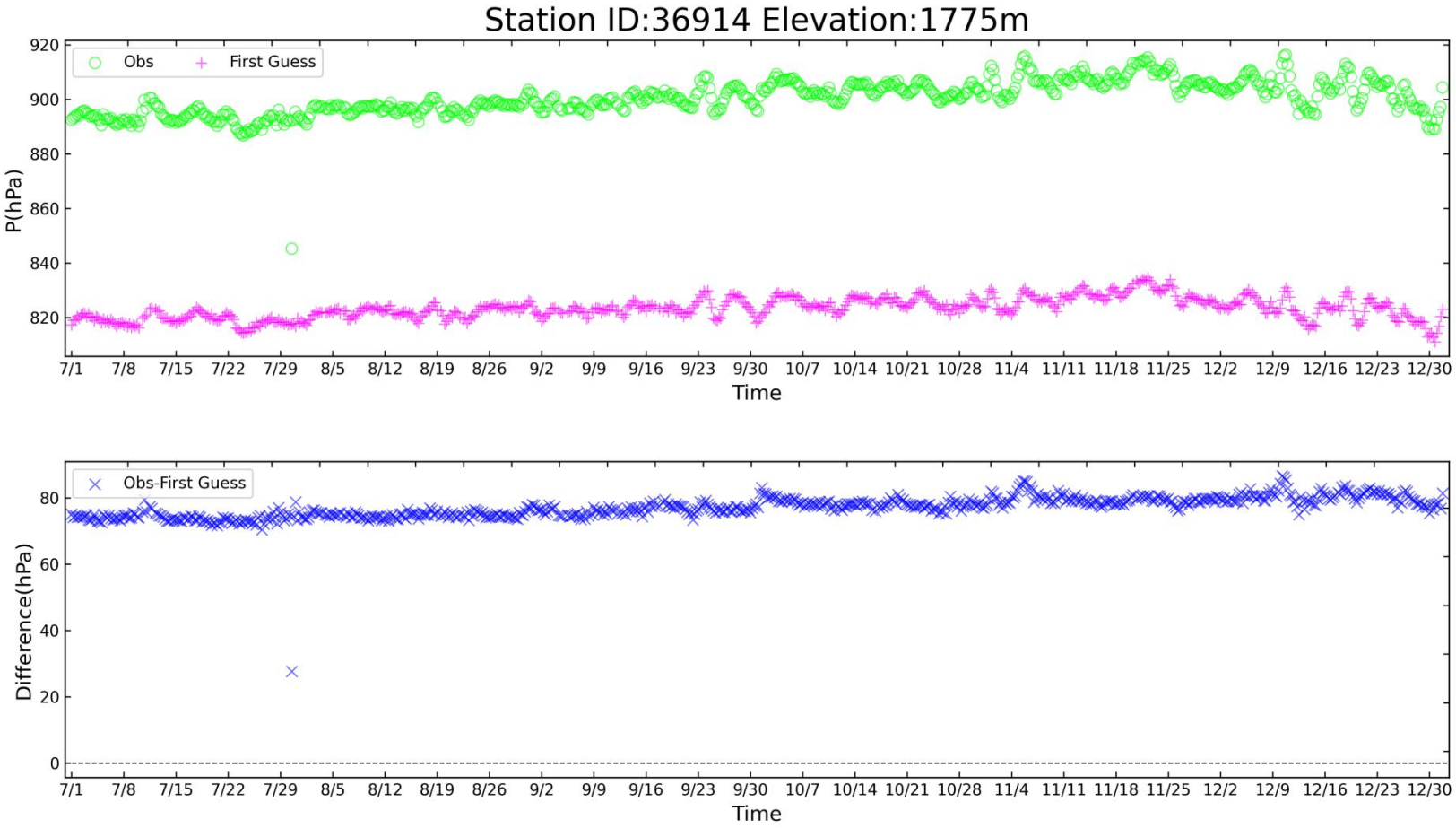

Figure 2 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36914*

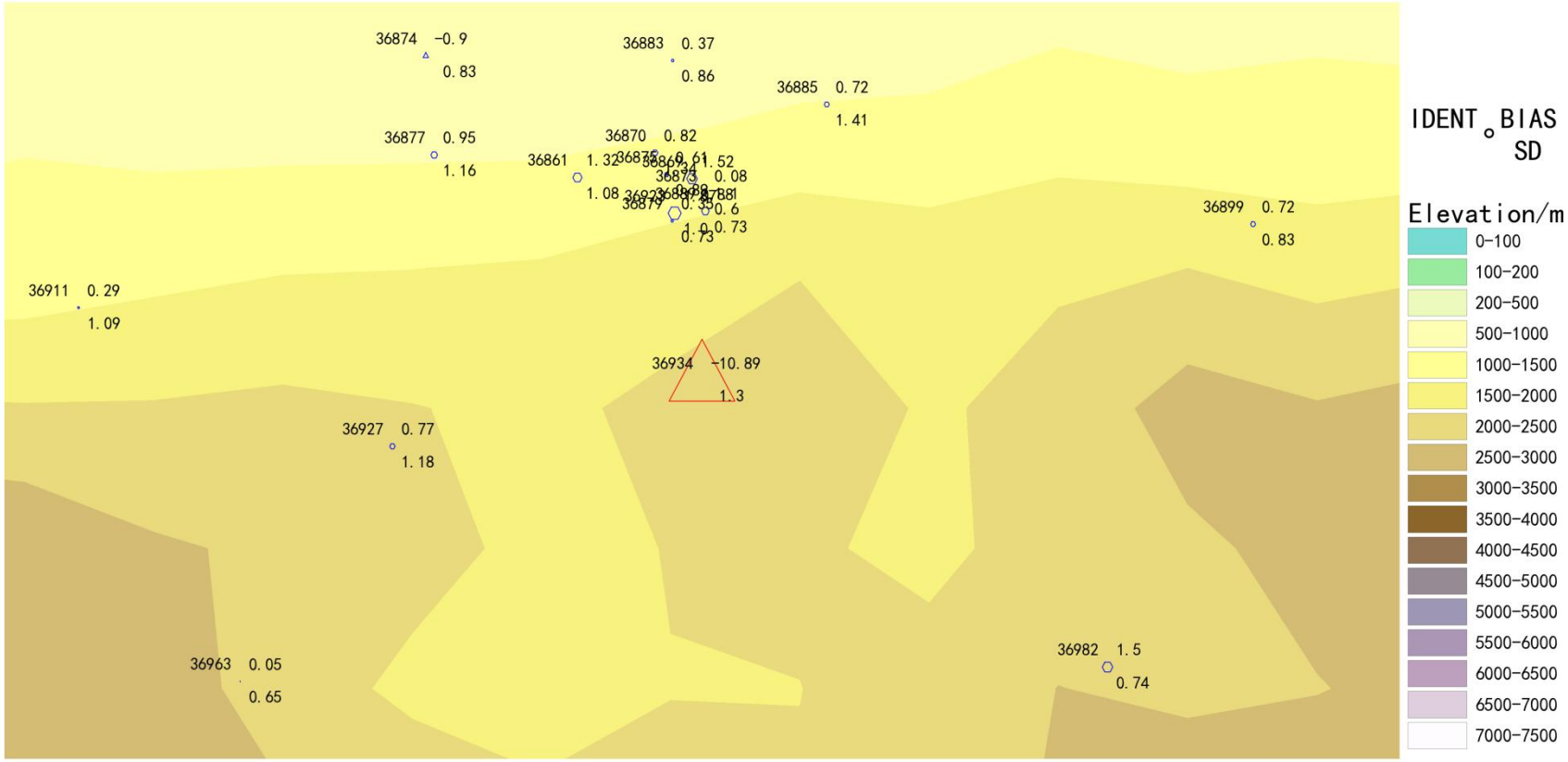

Figure 3 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 36934* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

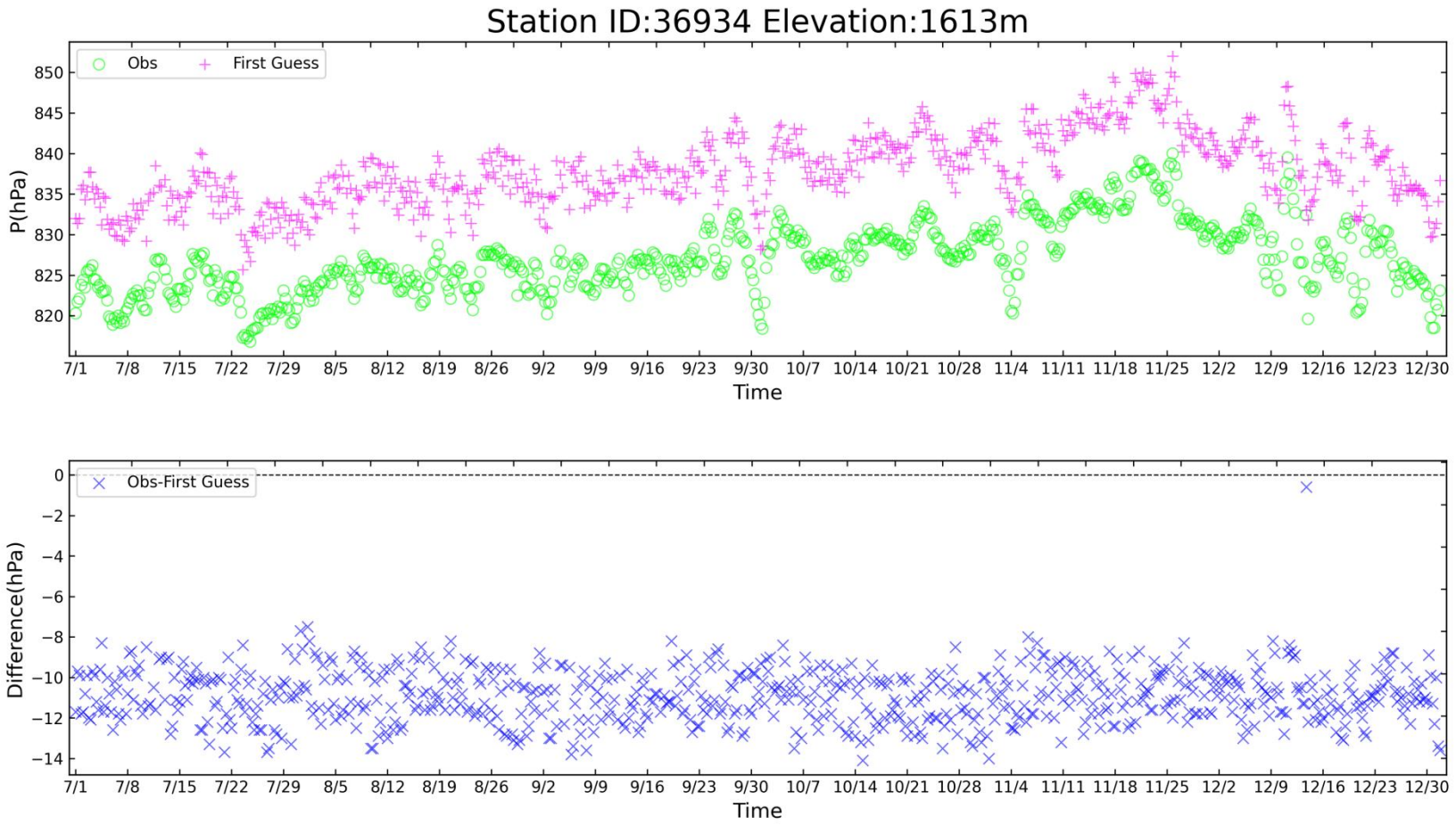

Figure 4 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36934*

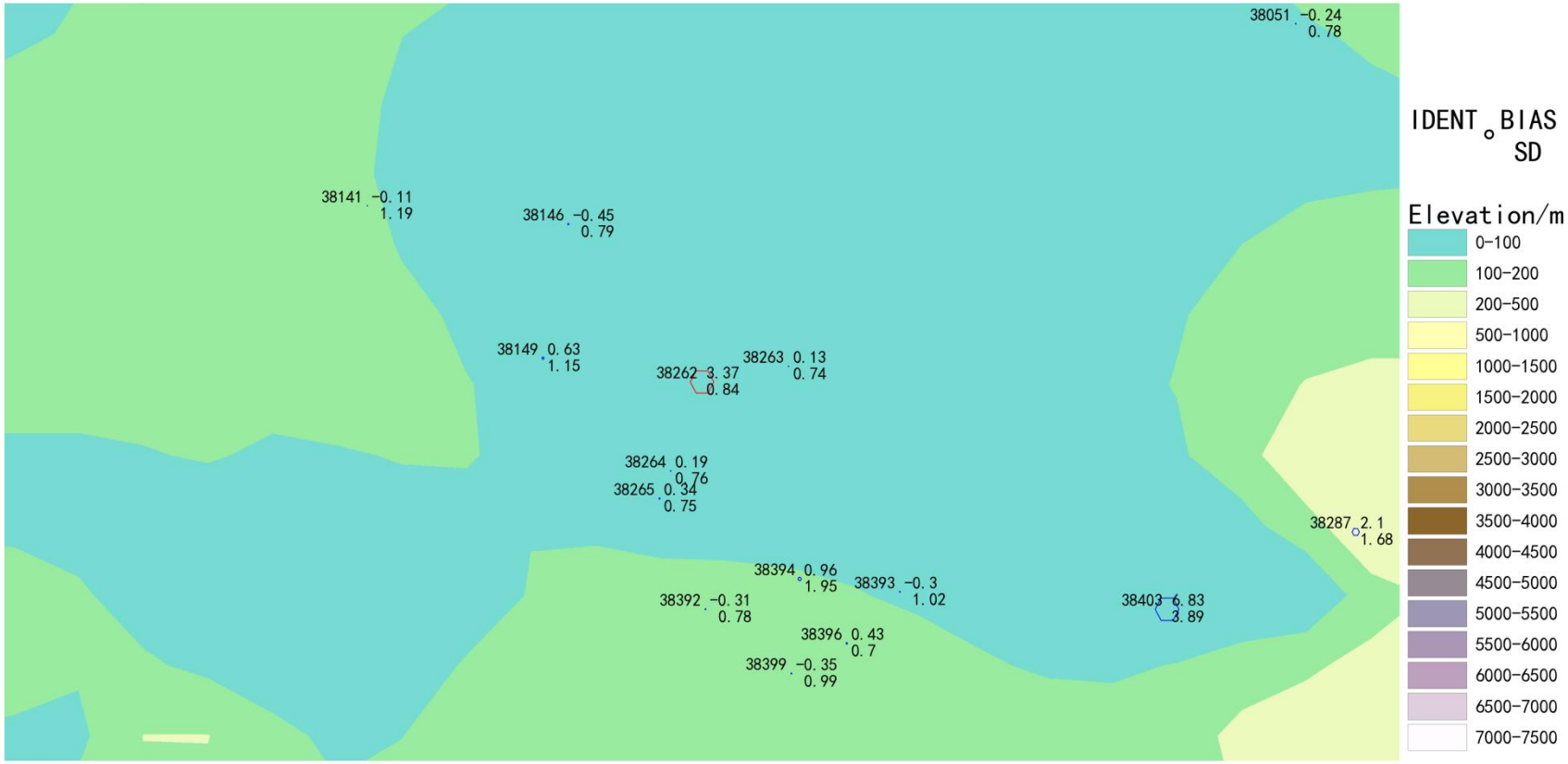

Figure 5 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38262* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

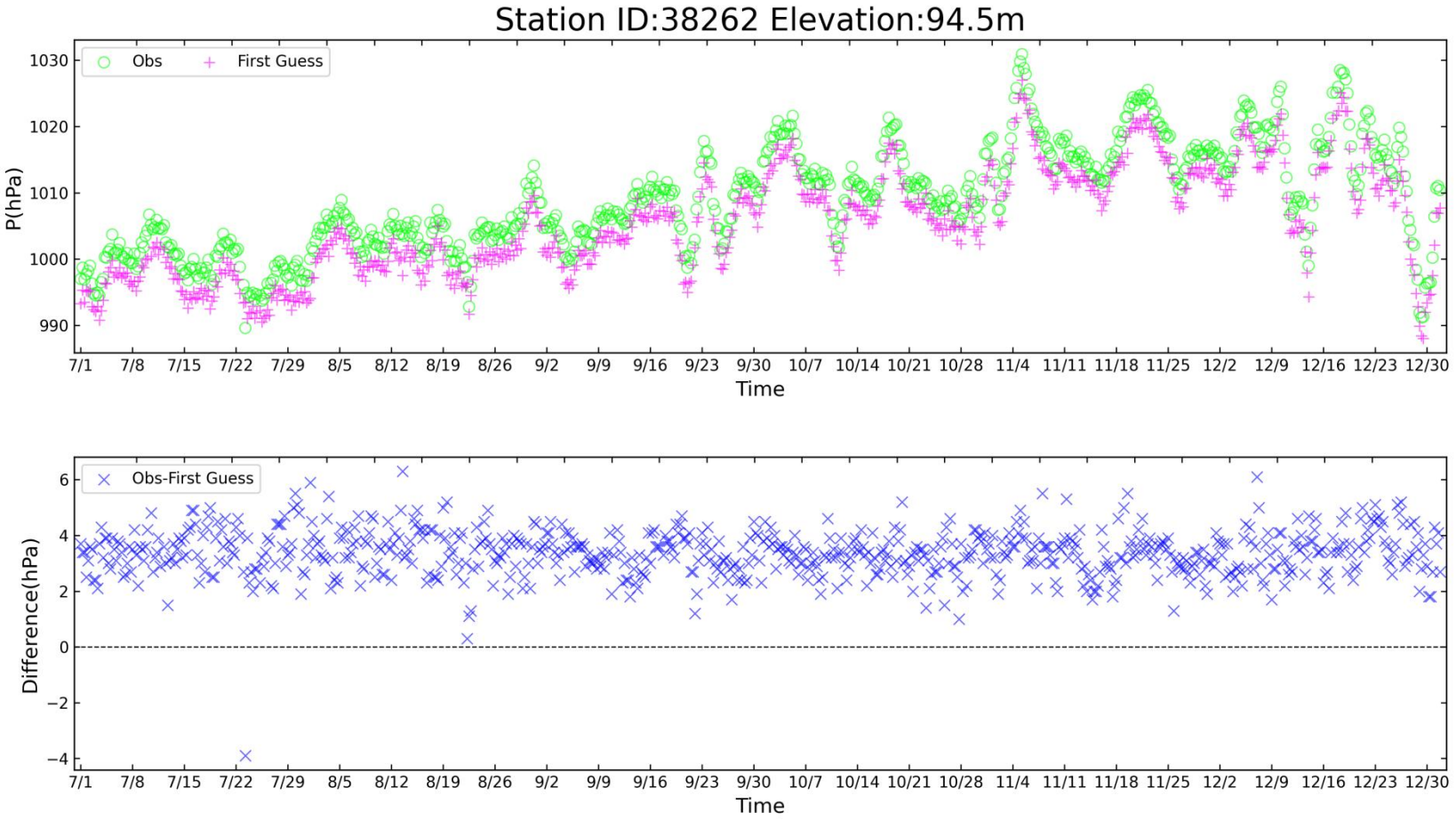

Figure 6 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38262*

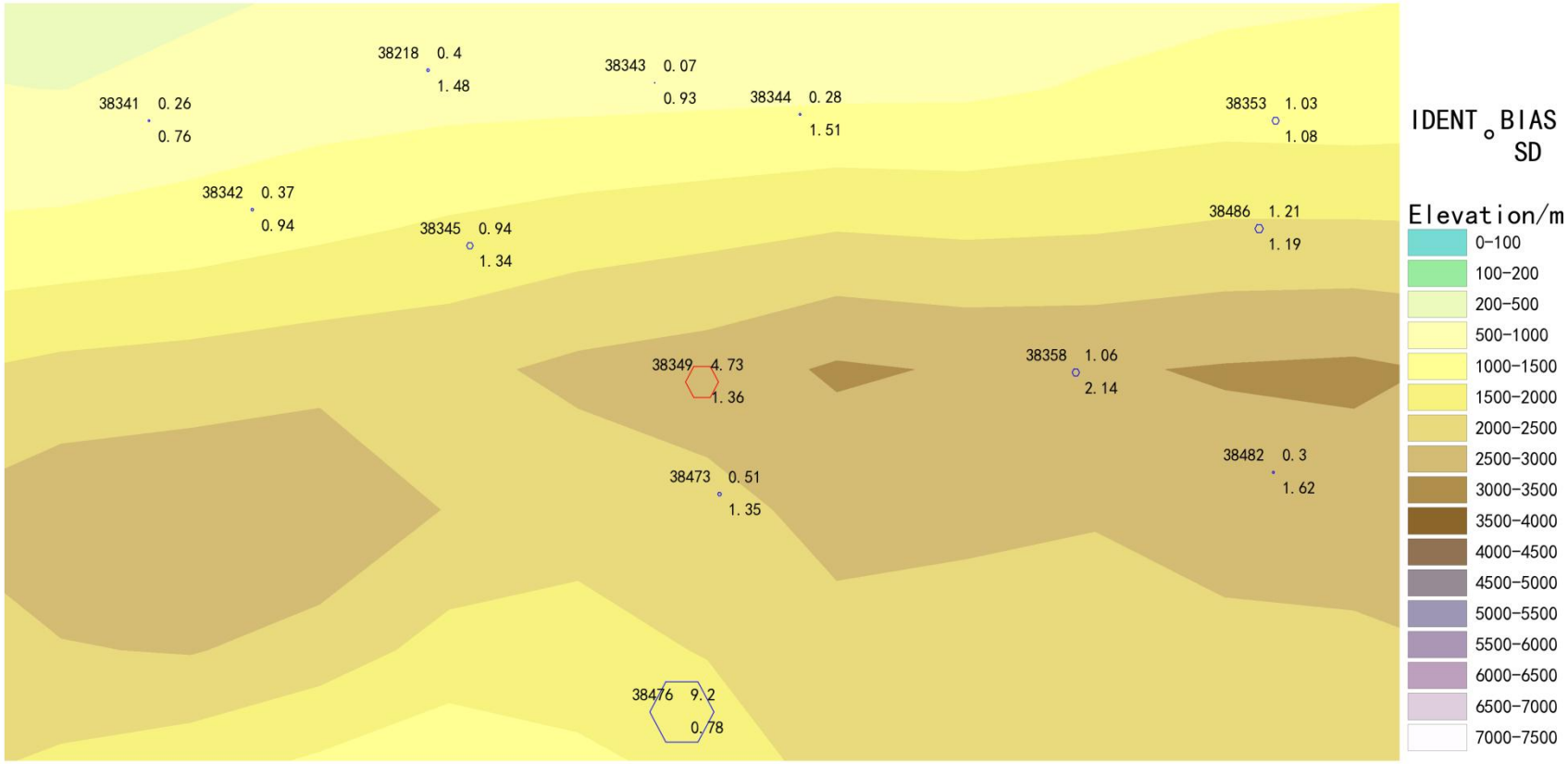

Figure 7 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38349* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

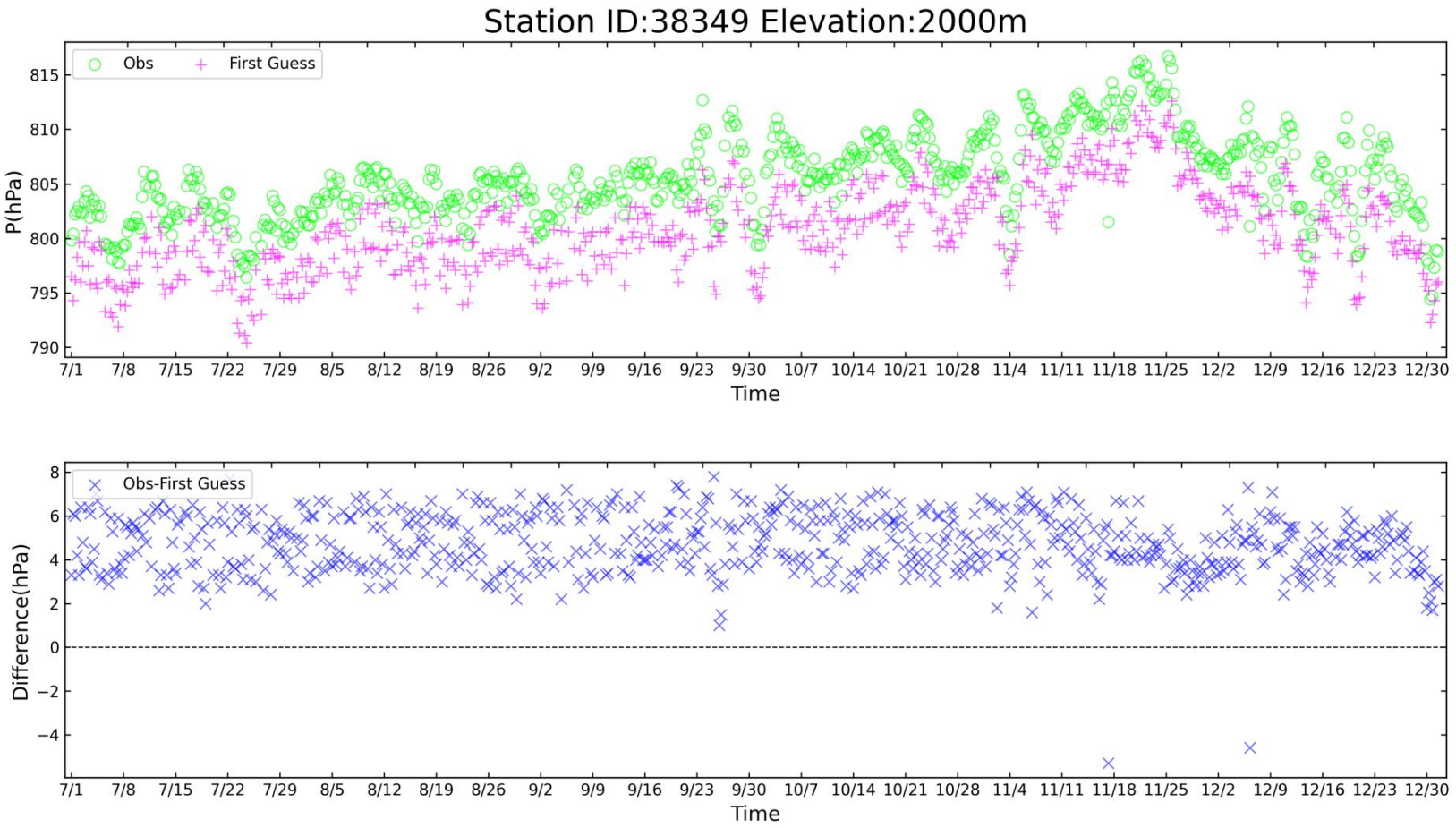

Figure 8 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38349*

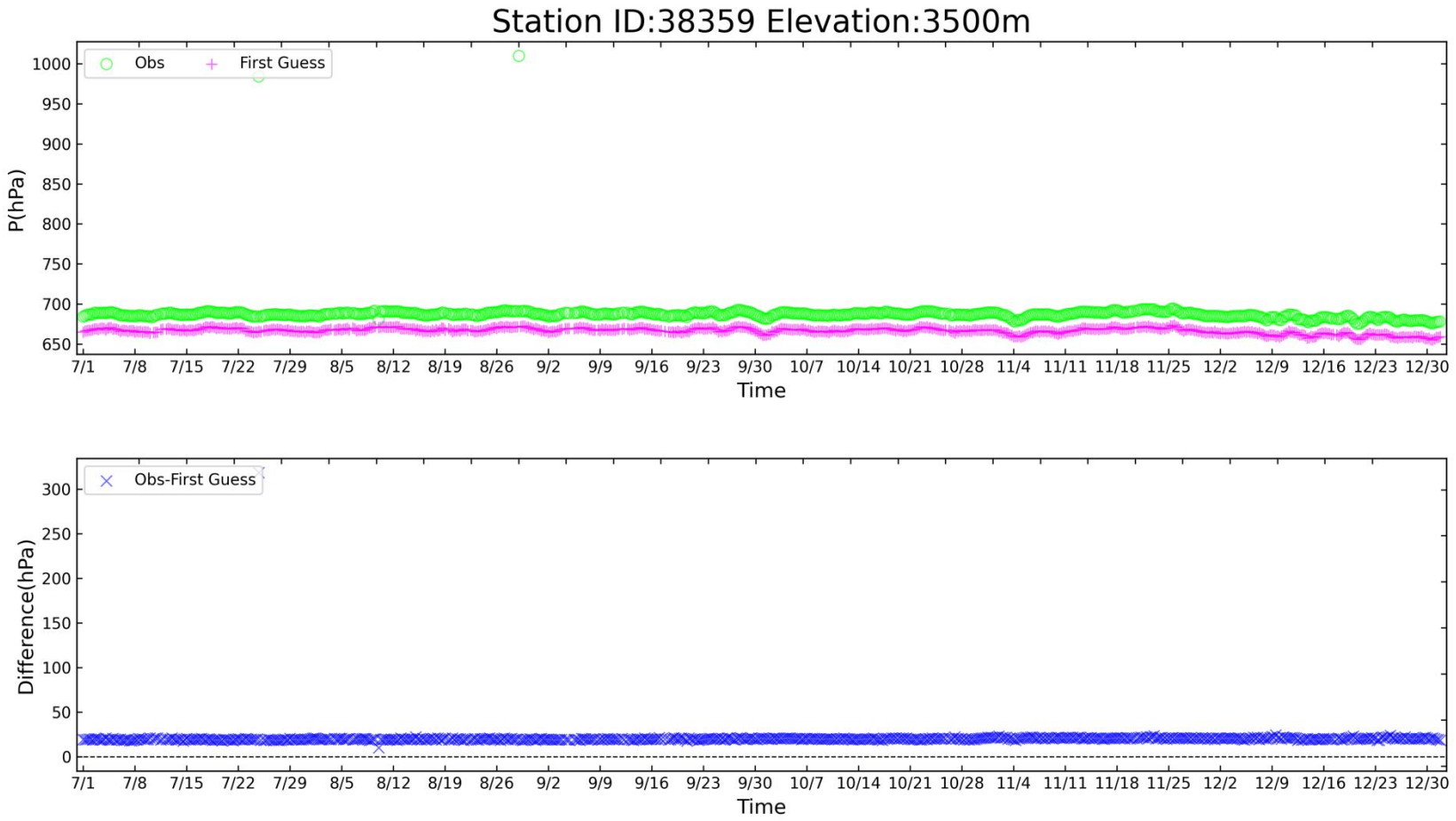

Figure 9 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38359*

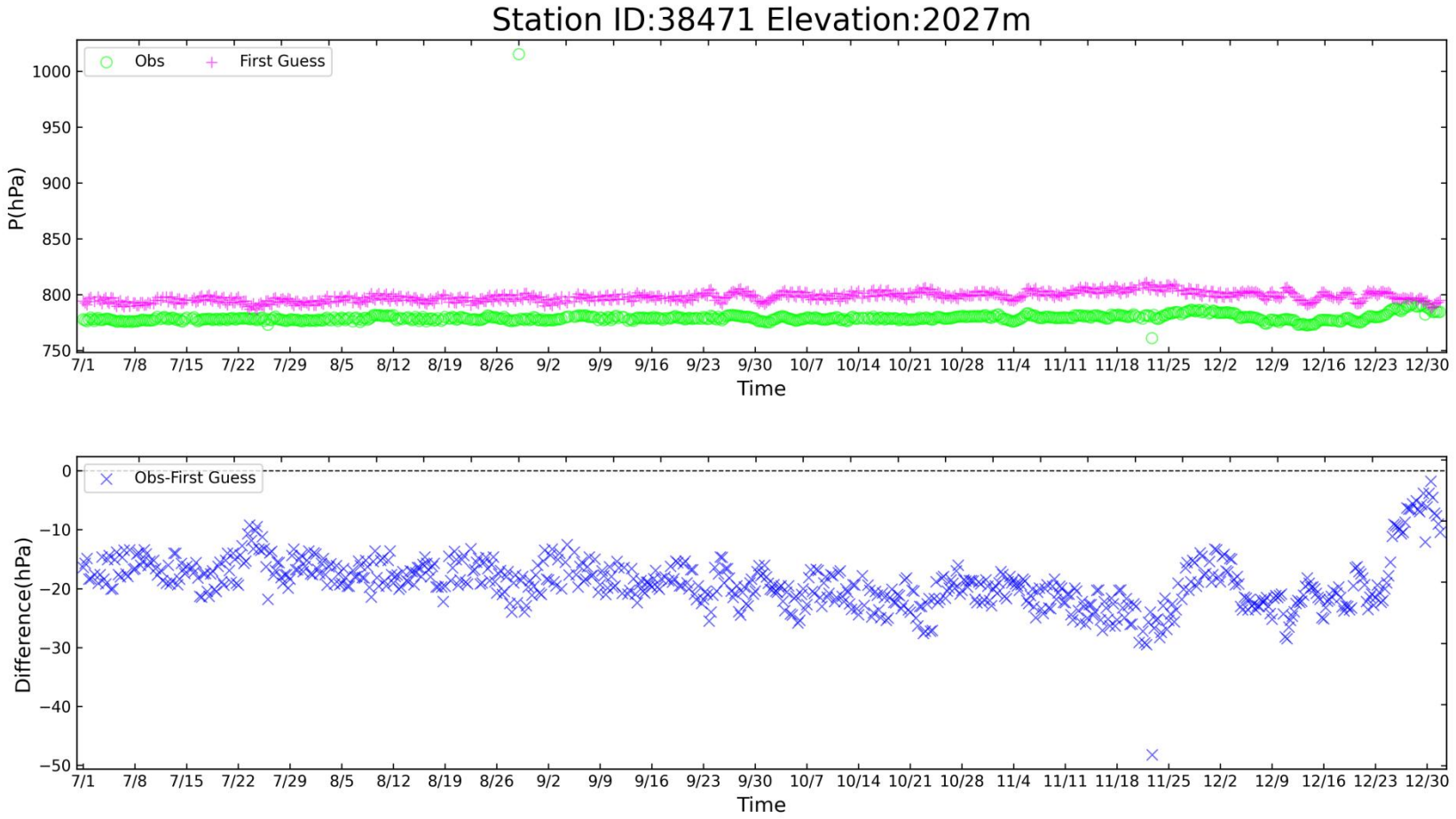

Figure 10 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38471*

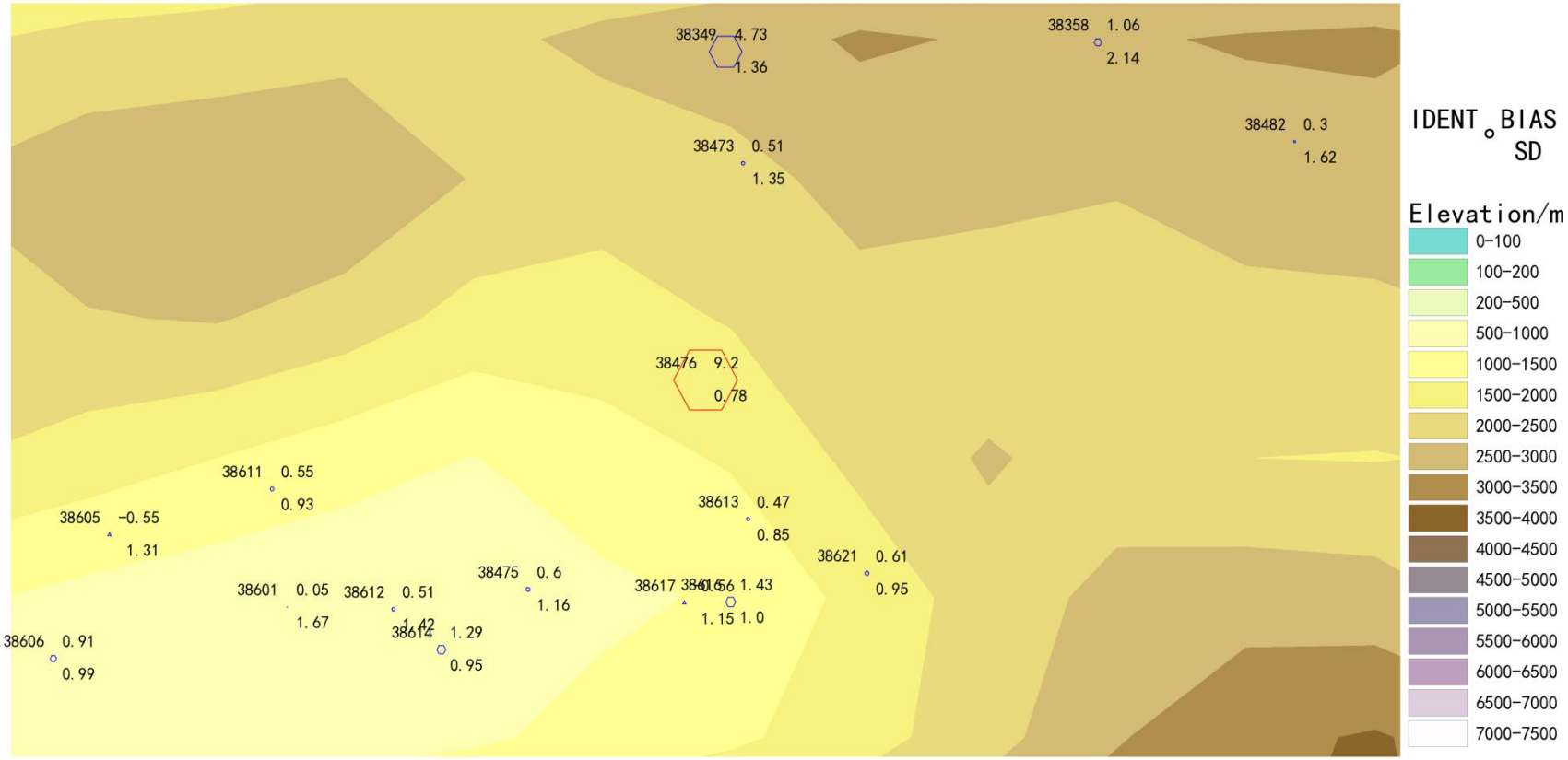

Figure 11 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38476* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

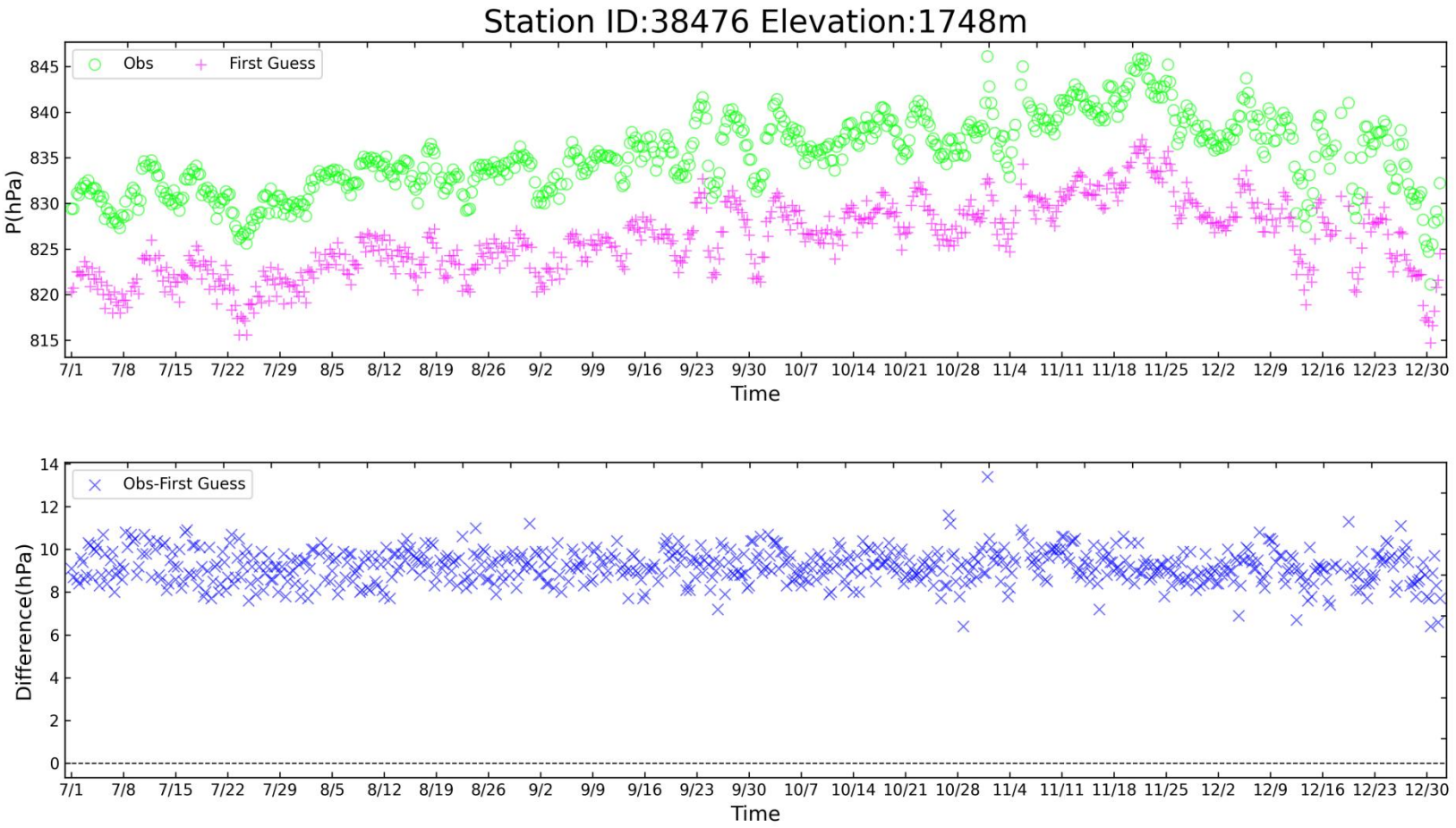

Figure 12 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38476*

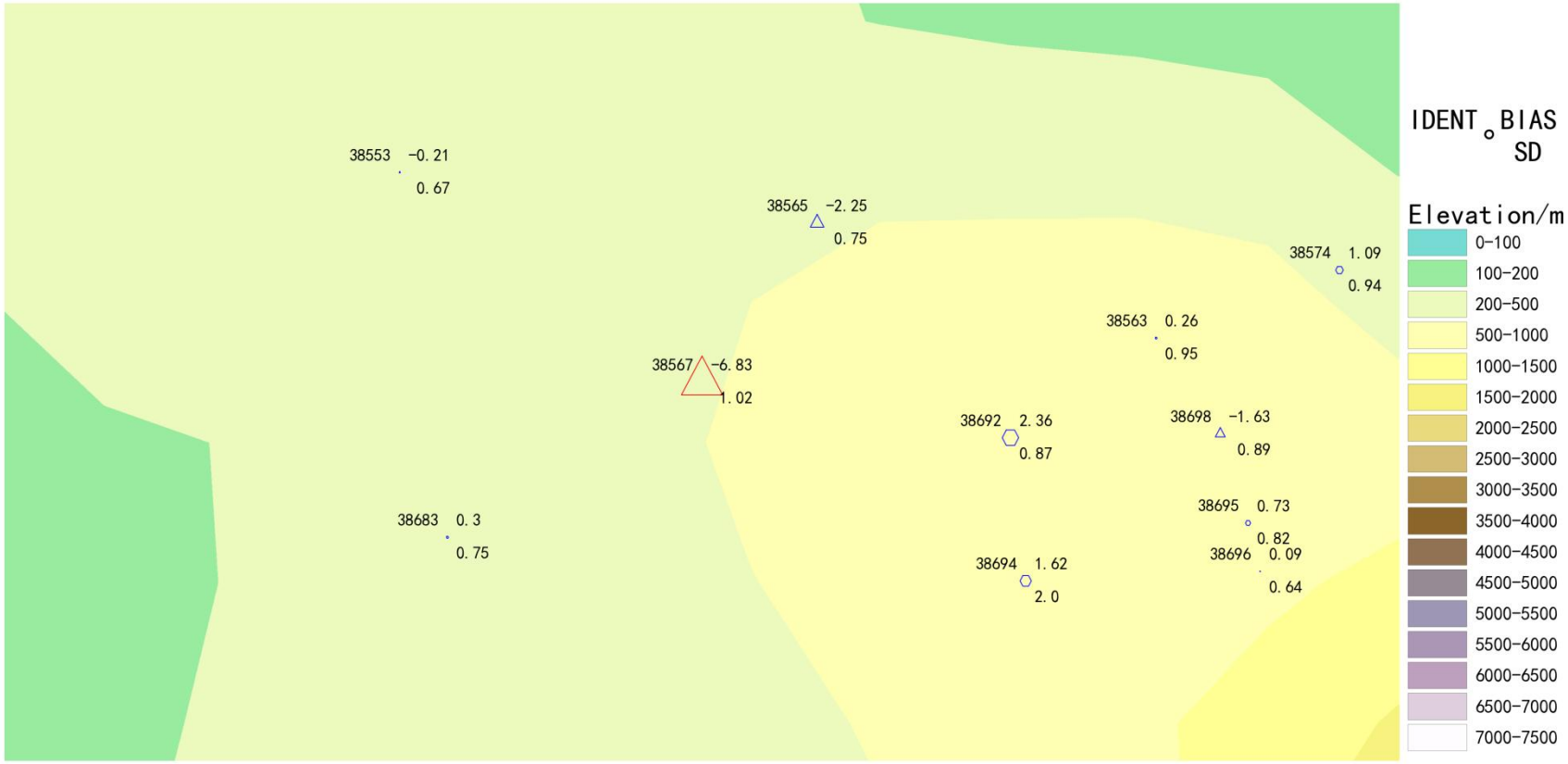

Figure 13 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38567 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

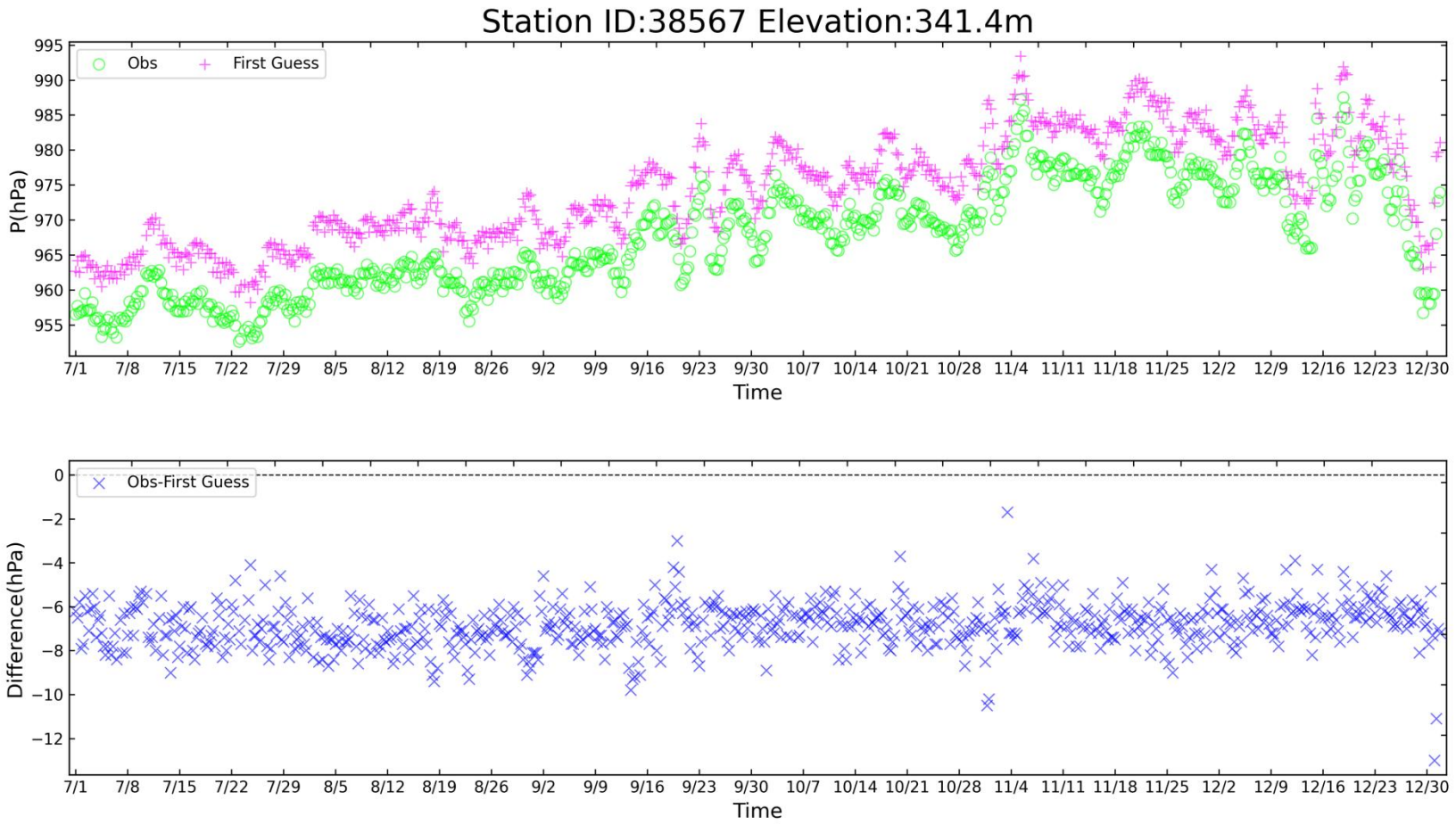

Figure 14 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38567

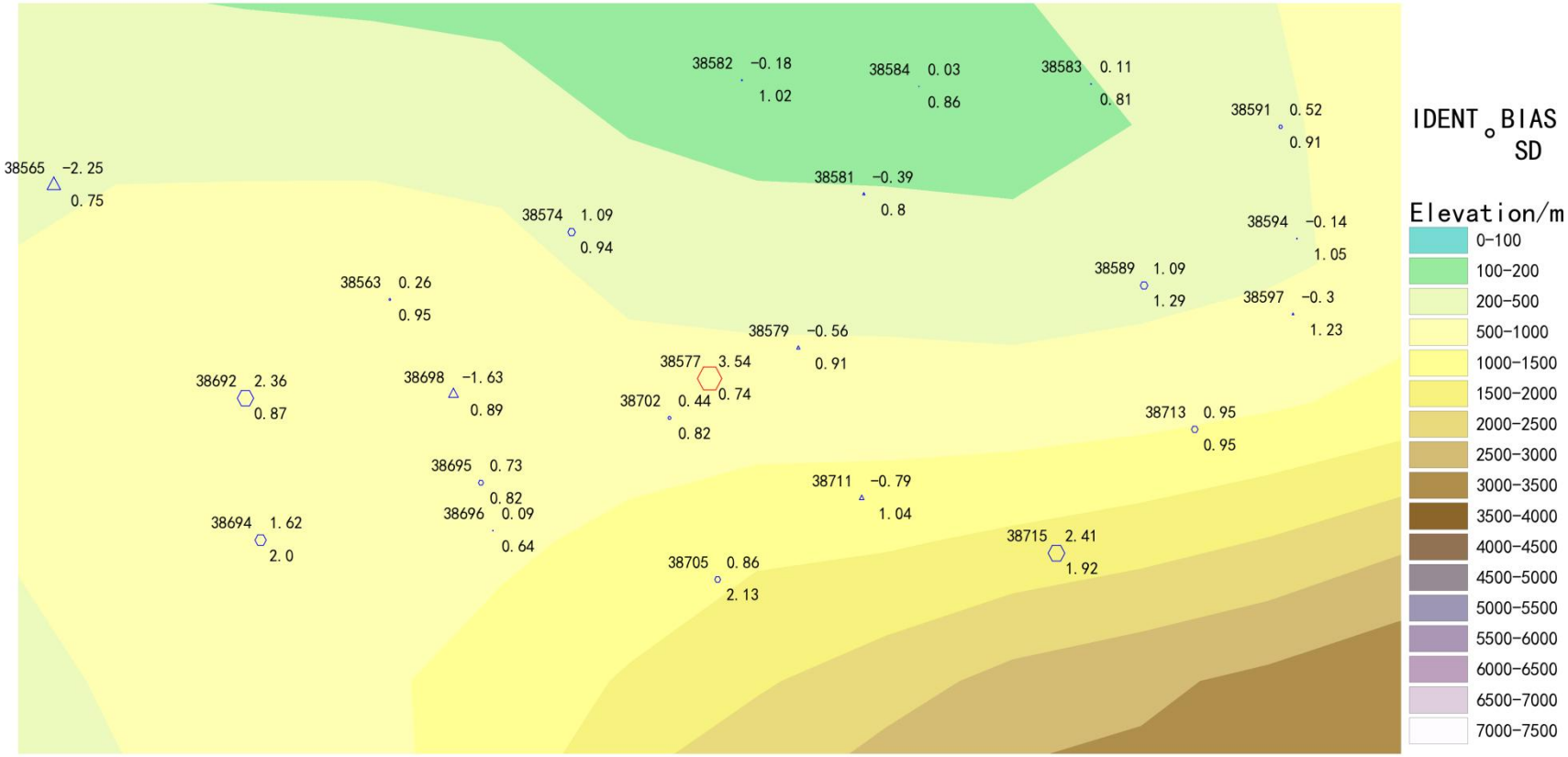

Figure 15 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38577* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

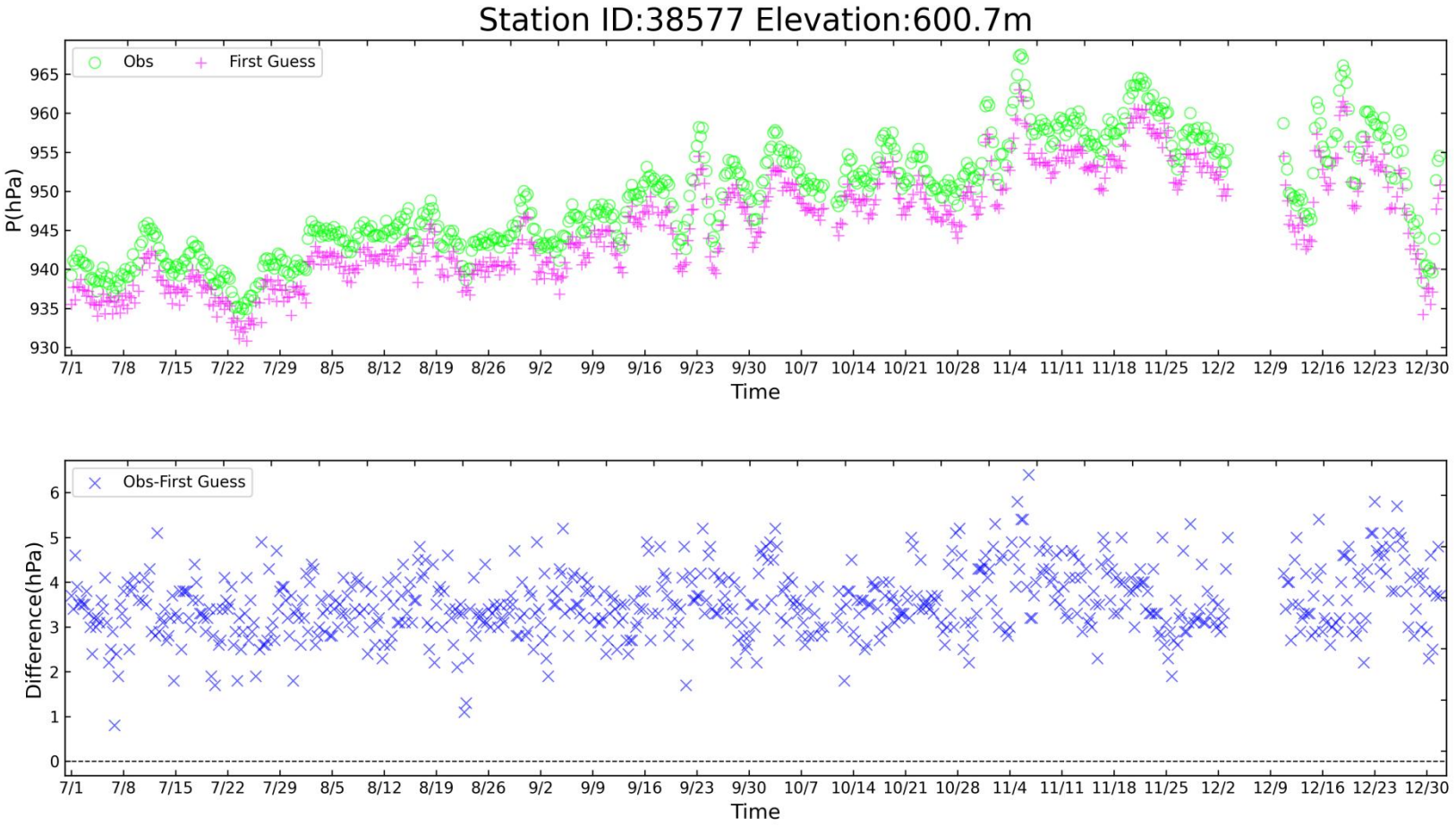

Figure 16 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38577*

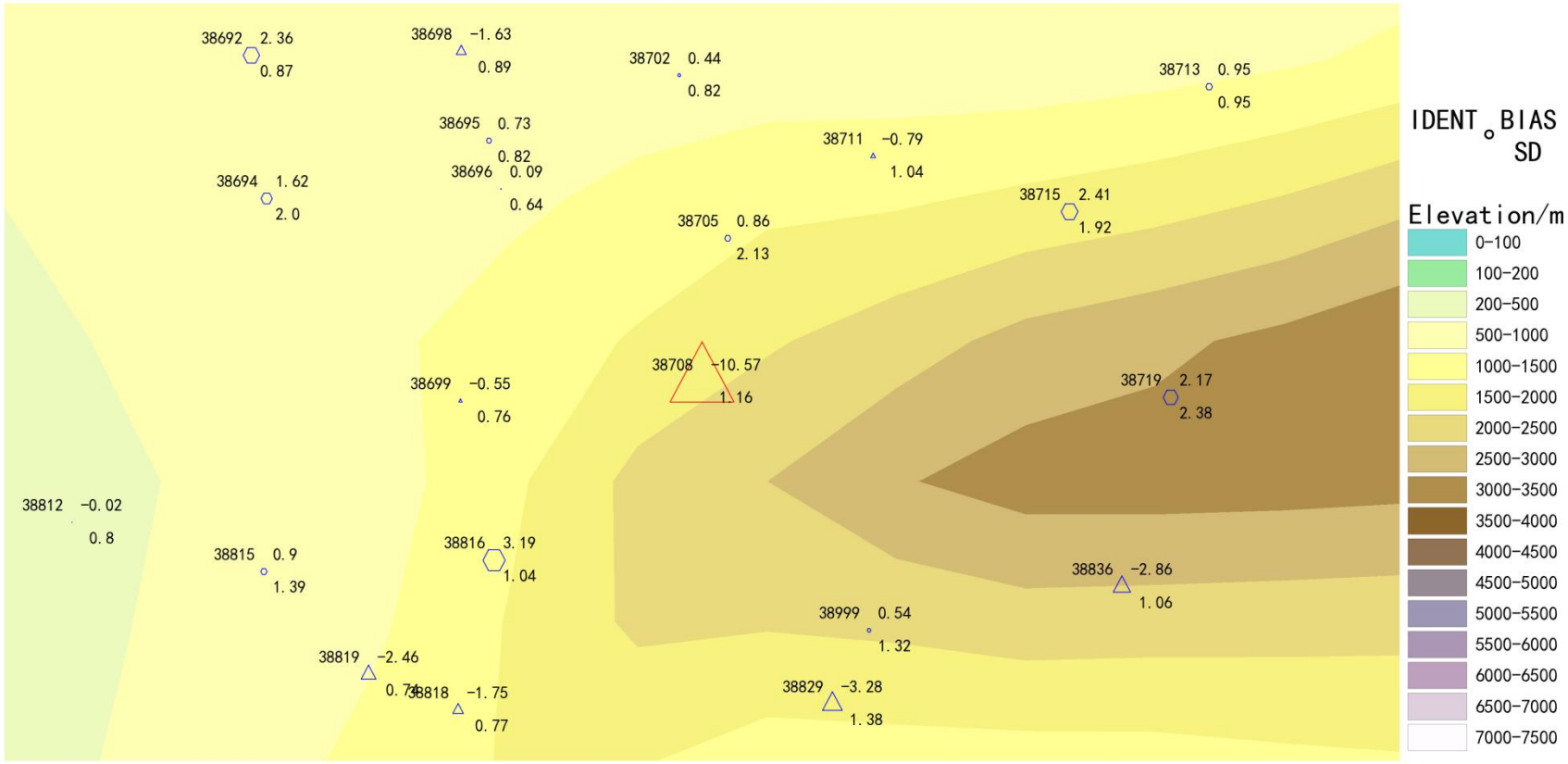

Figure 17 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38708 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

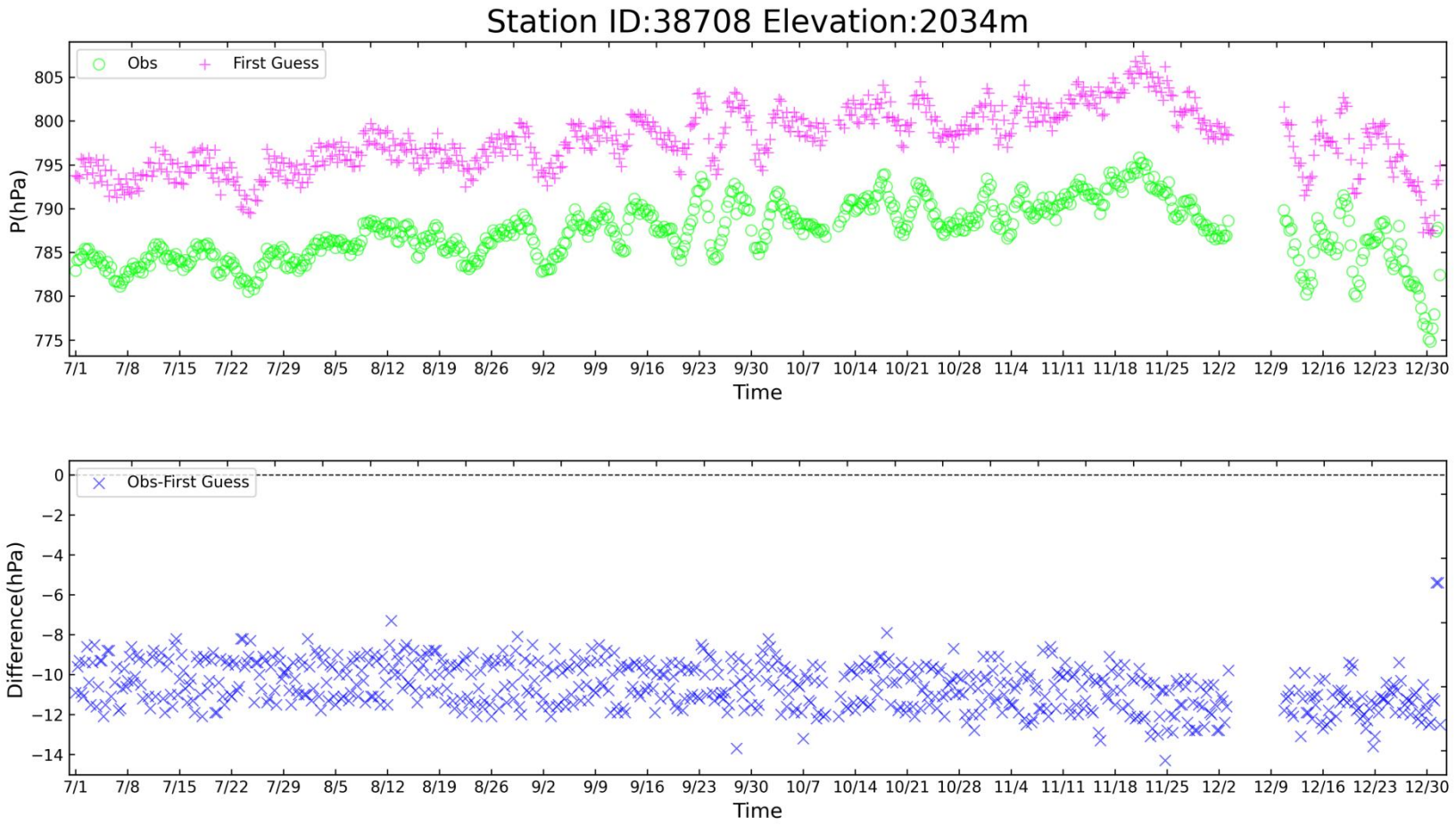

Figure 18 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38708

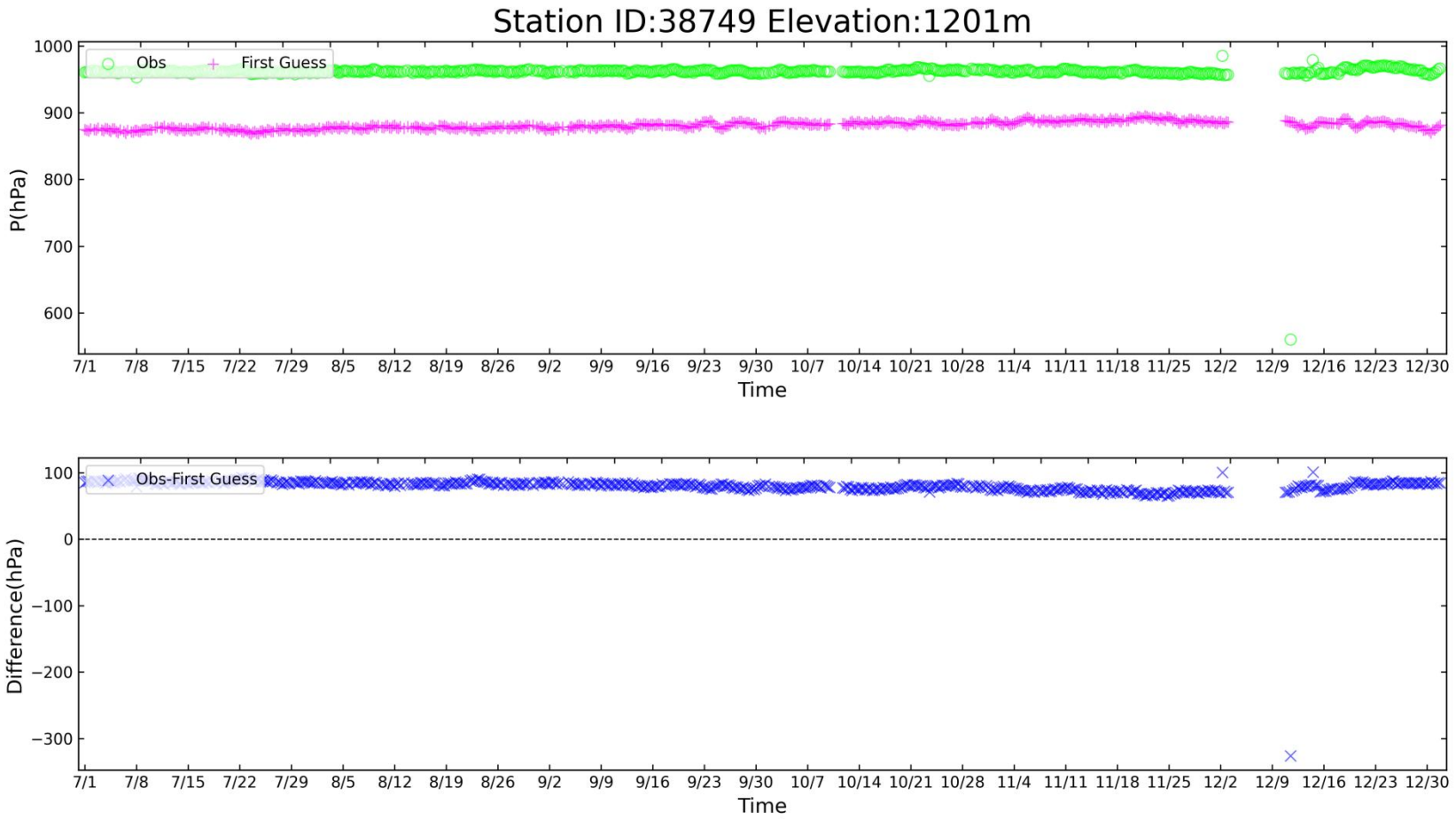

Figure 19 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38749

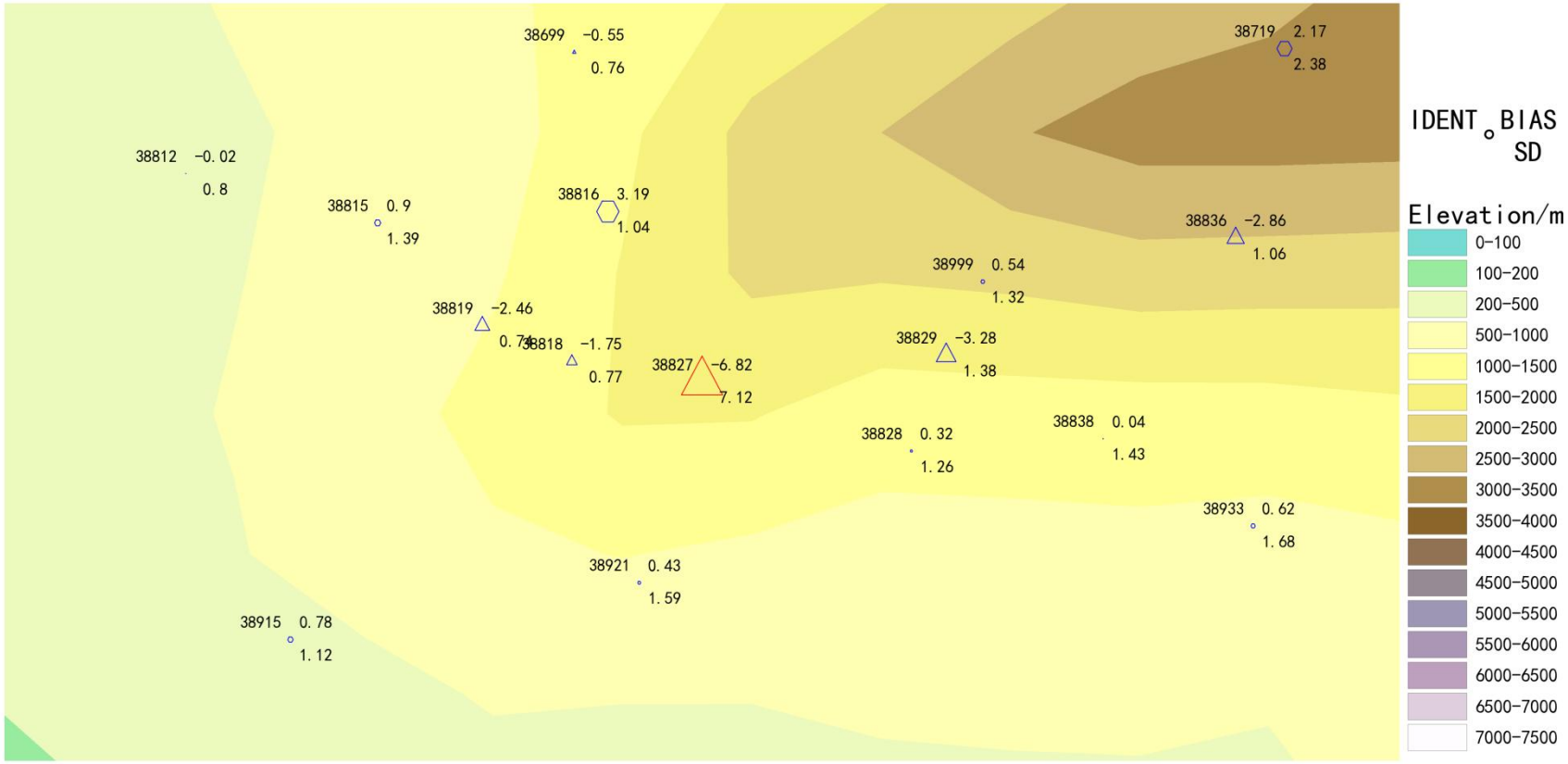

Figure 20 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38827 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

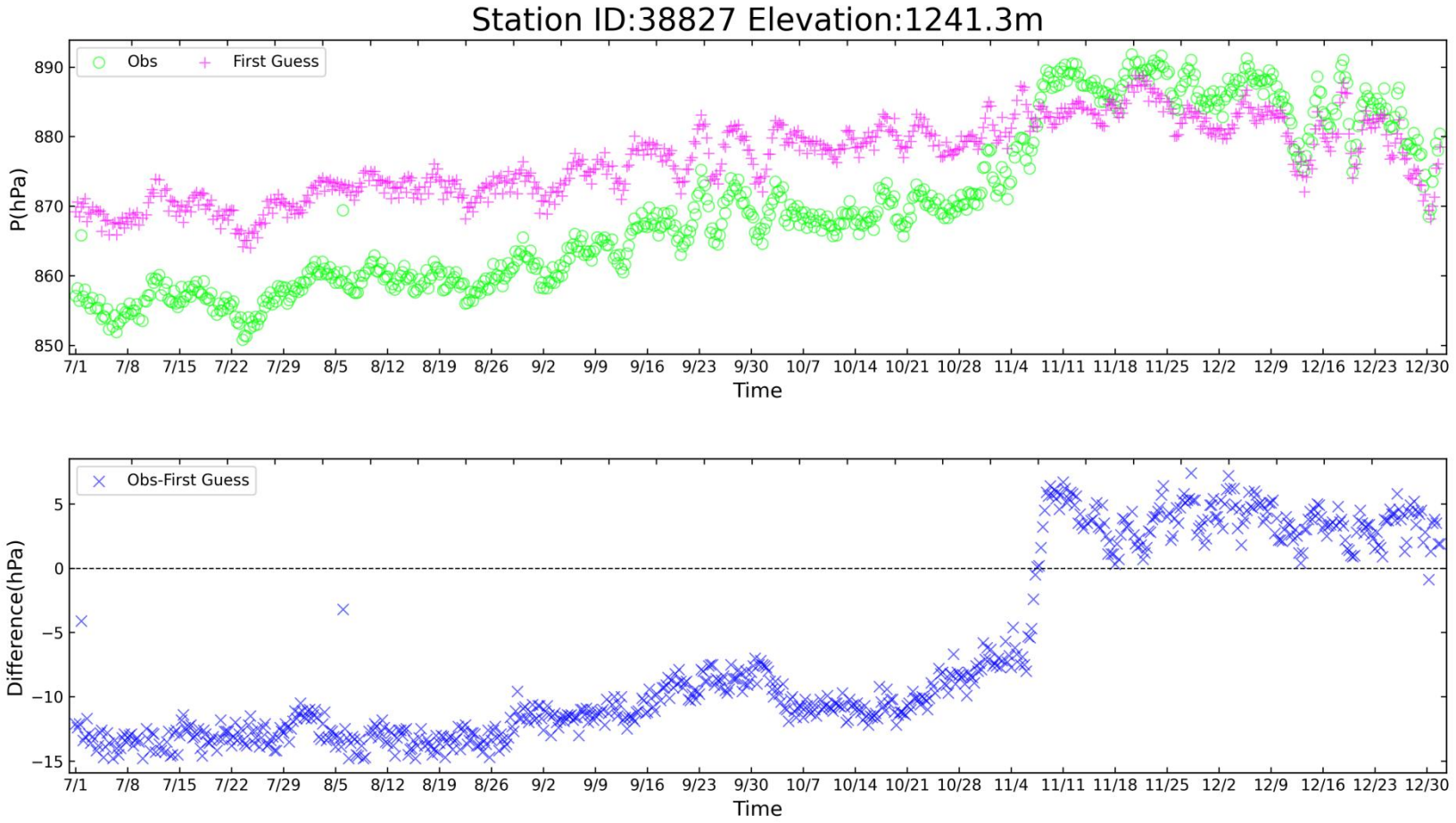

Figure 21 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38827

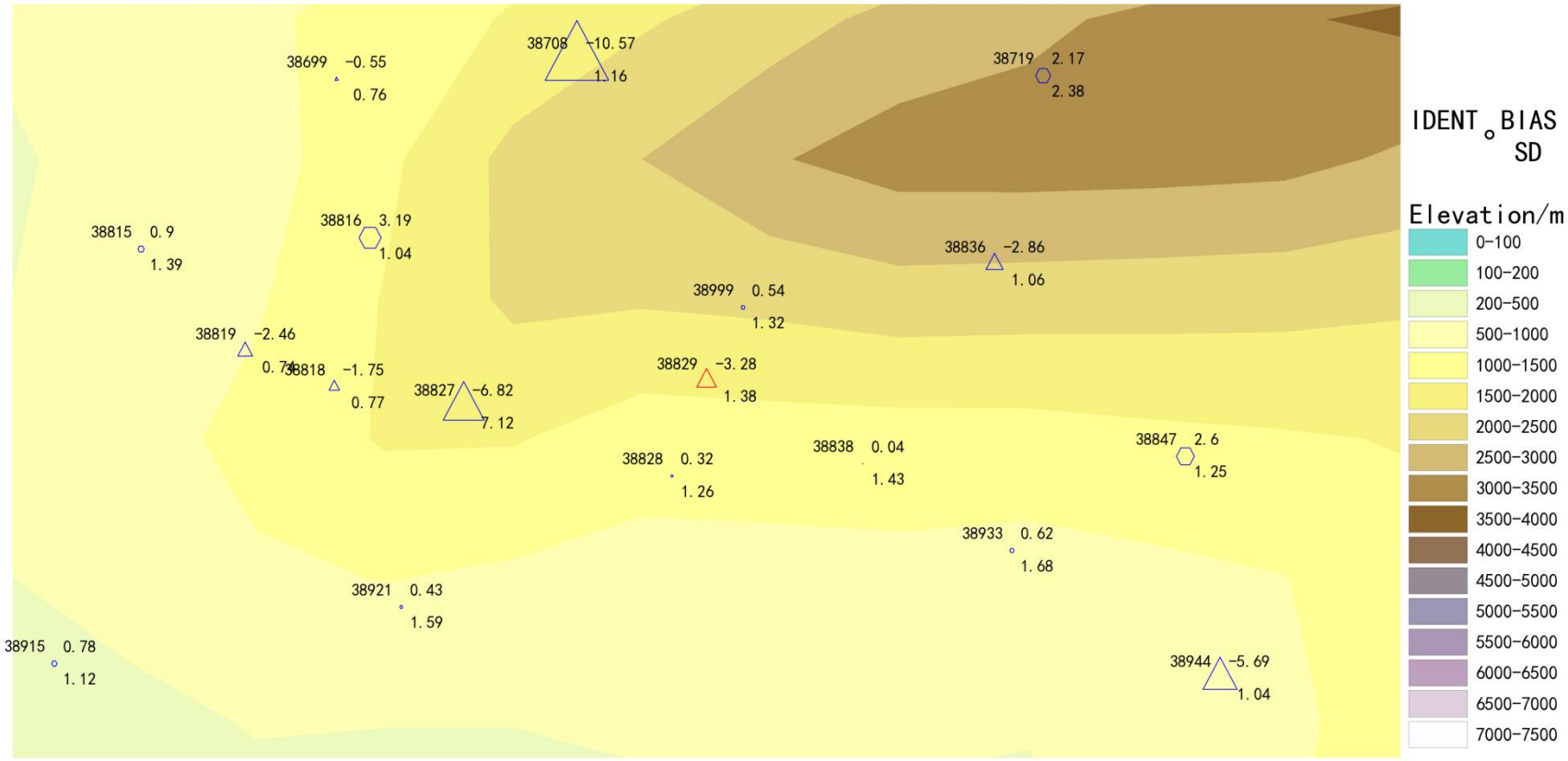

Figure 22 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38829 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

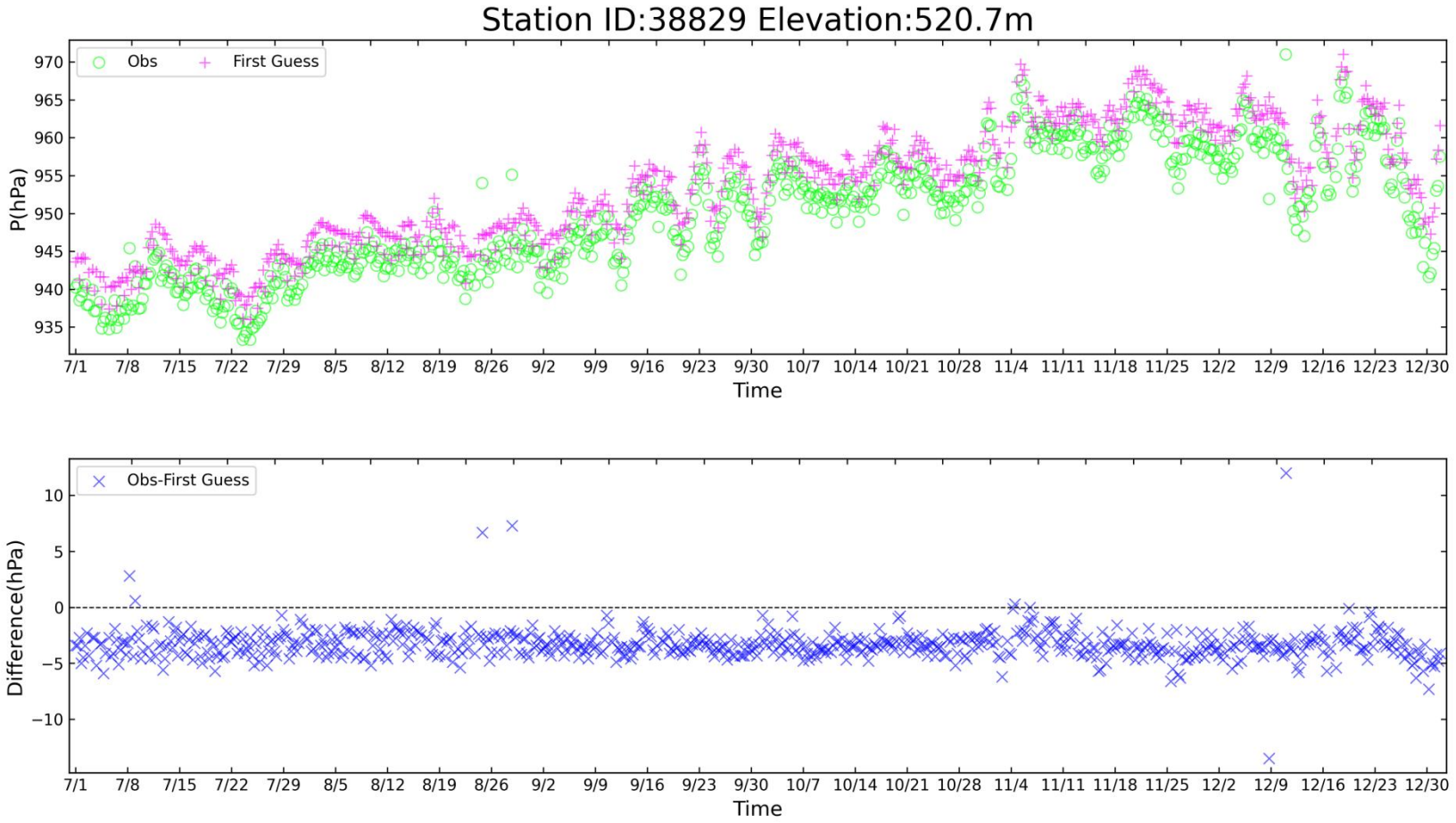

Figure 23 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38829

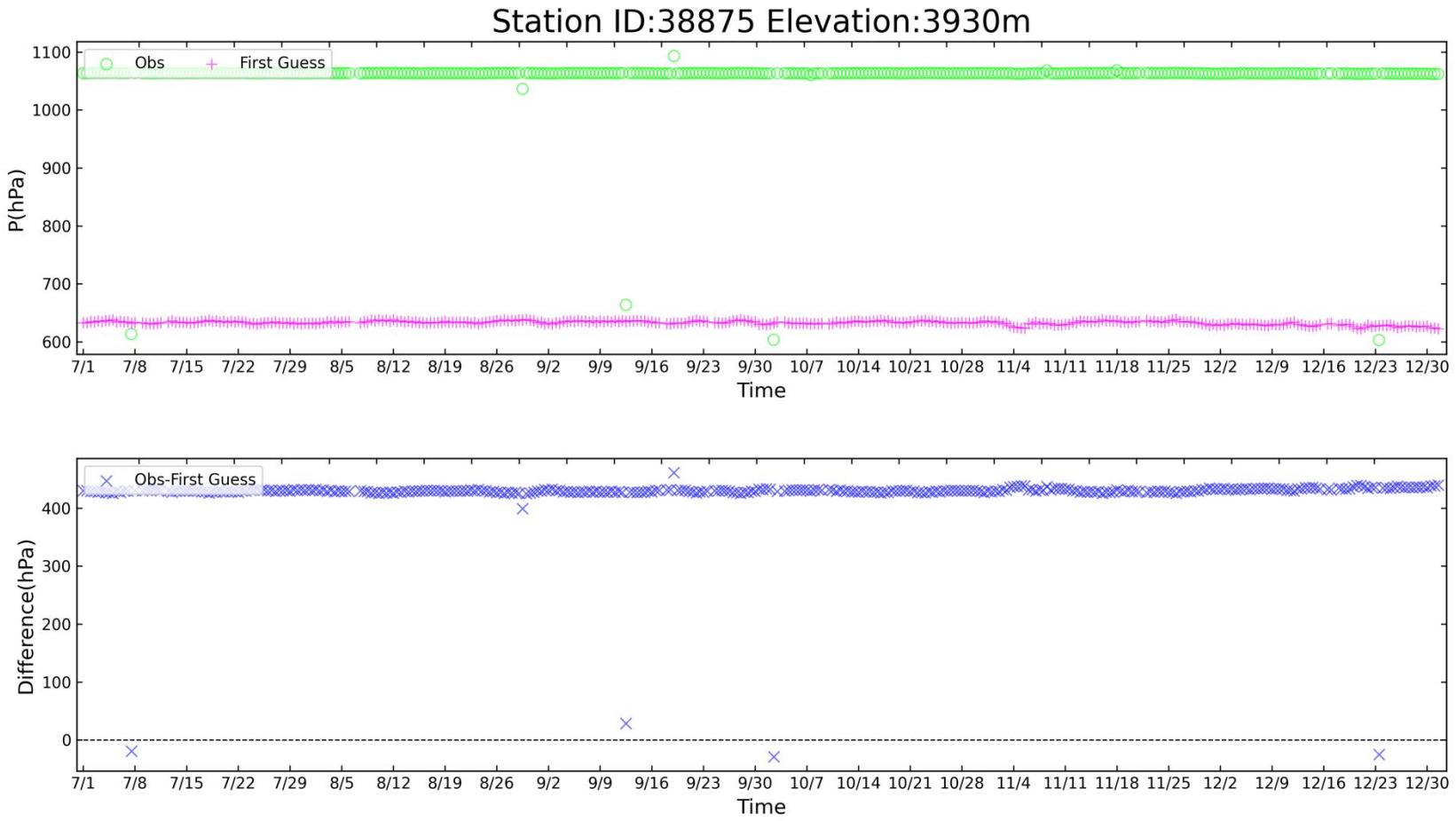

Figure 24 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38875

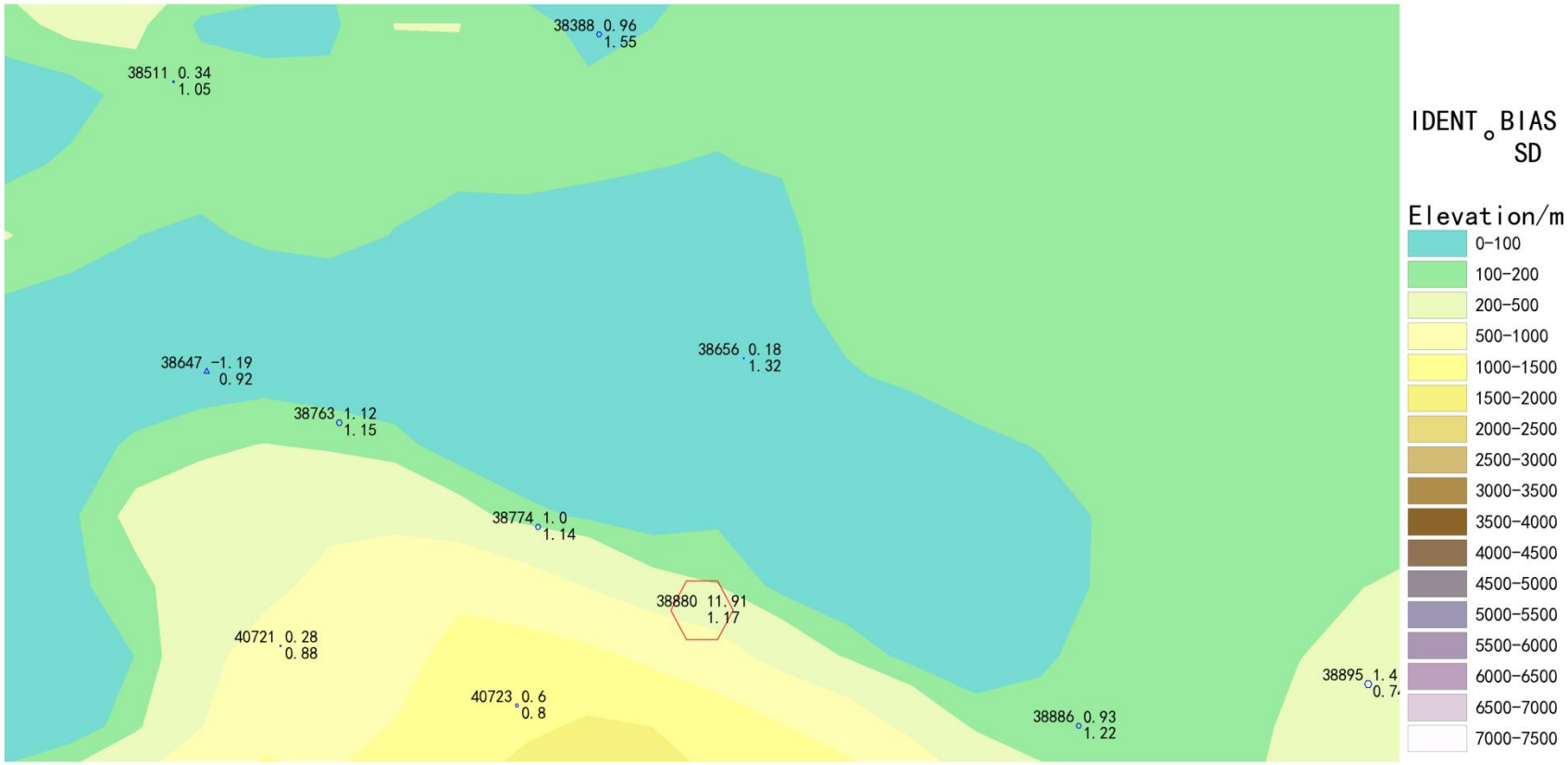

Figure 25 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38880* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

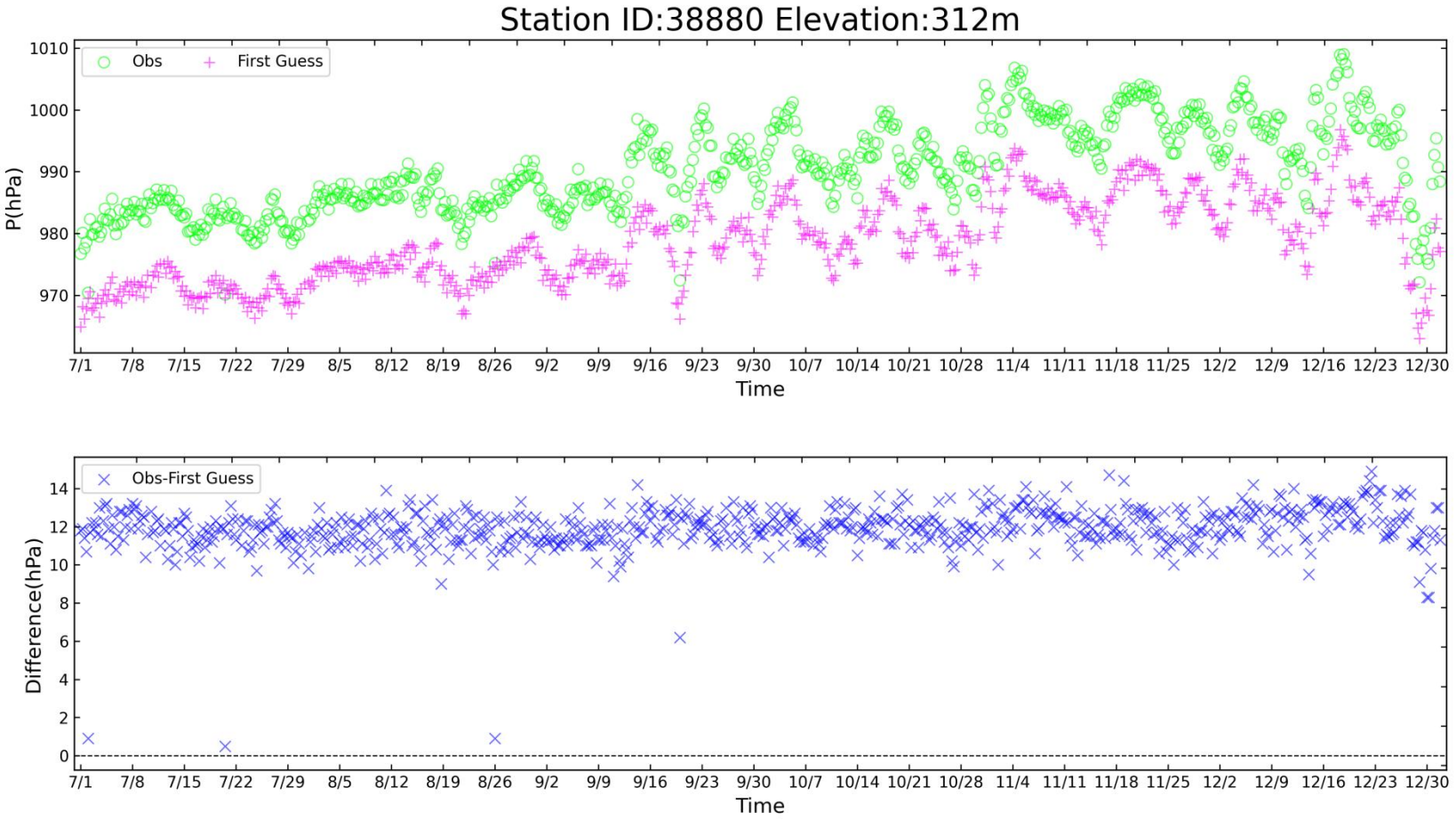

Figure 26 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38880*

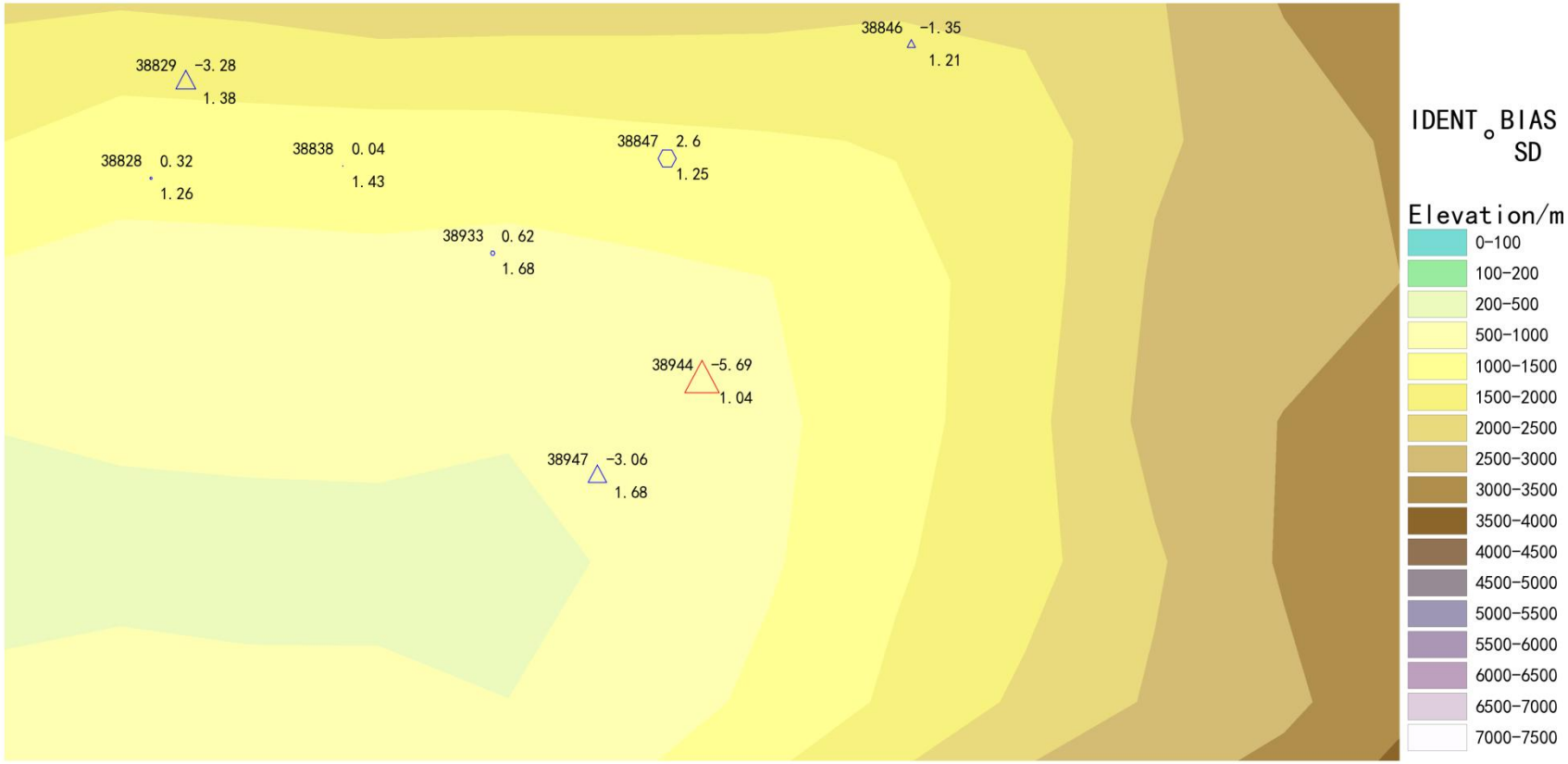

Figure 27 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38944* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

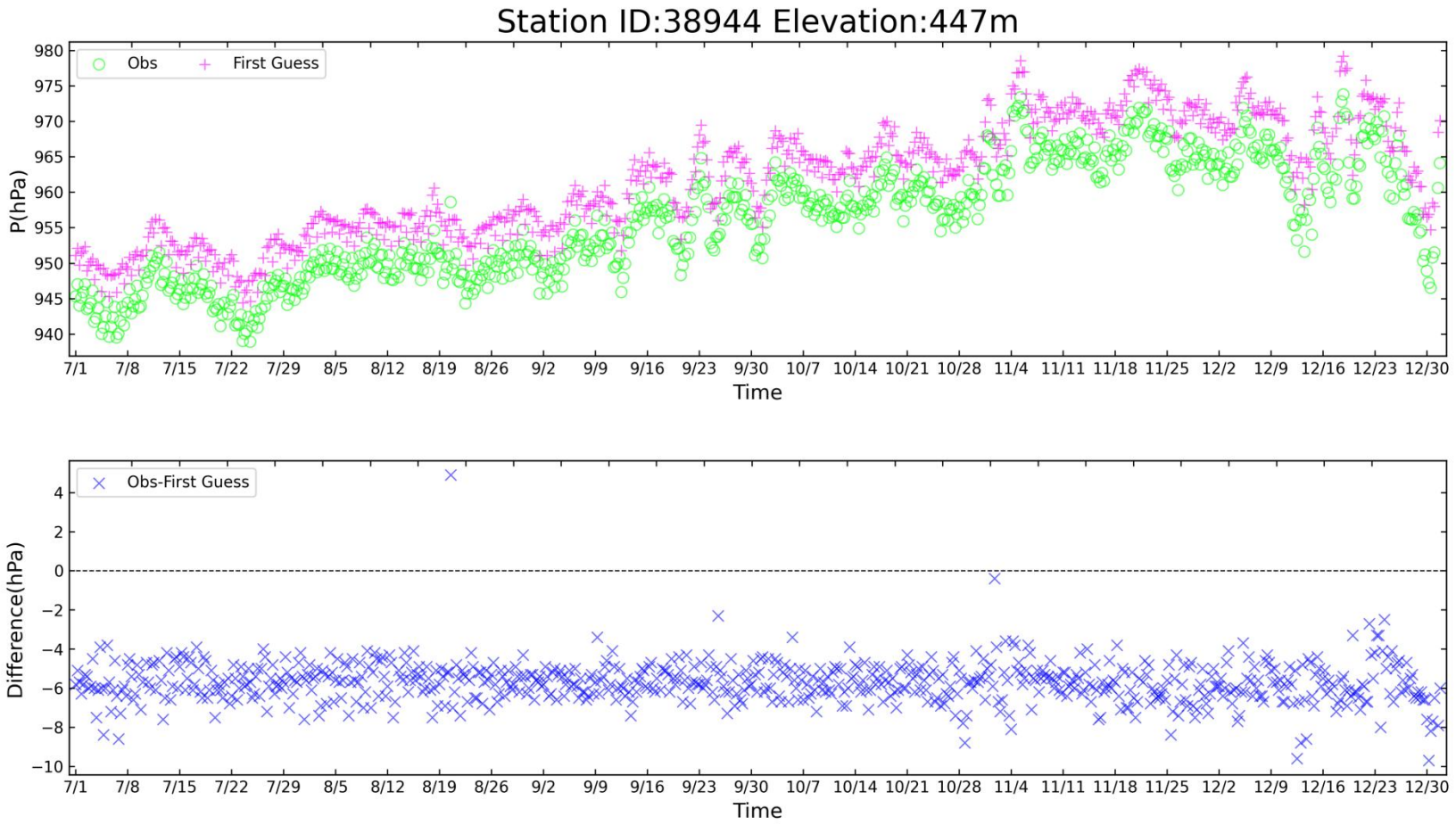

Figure 28 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38944*

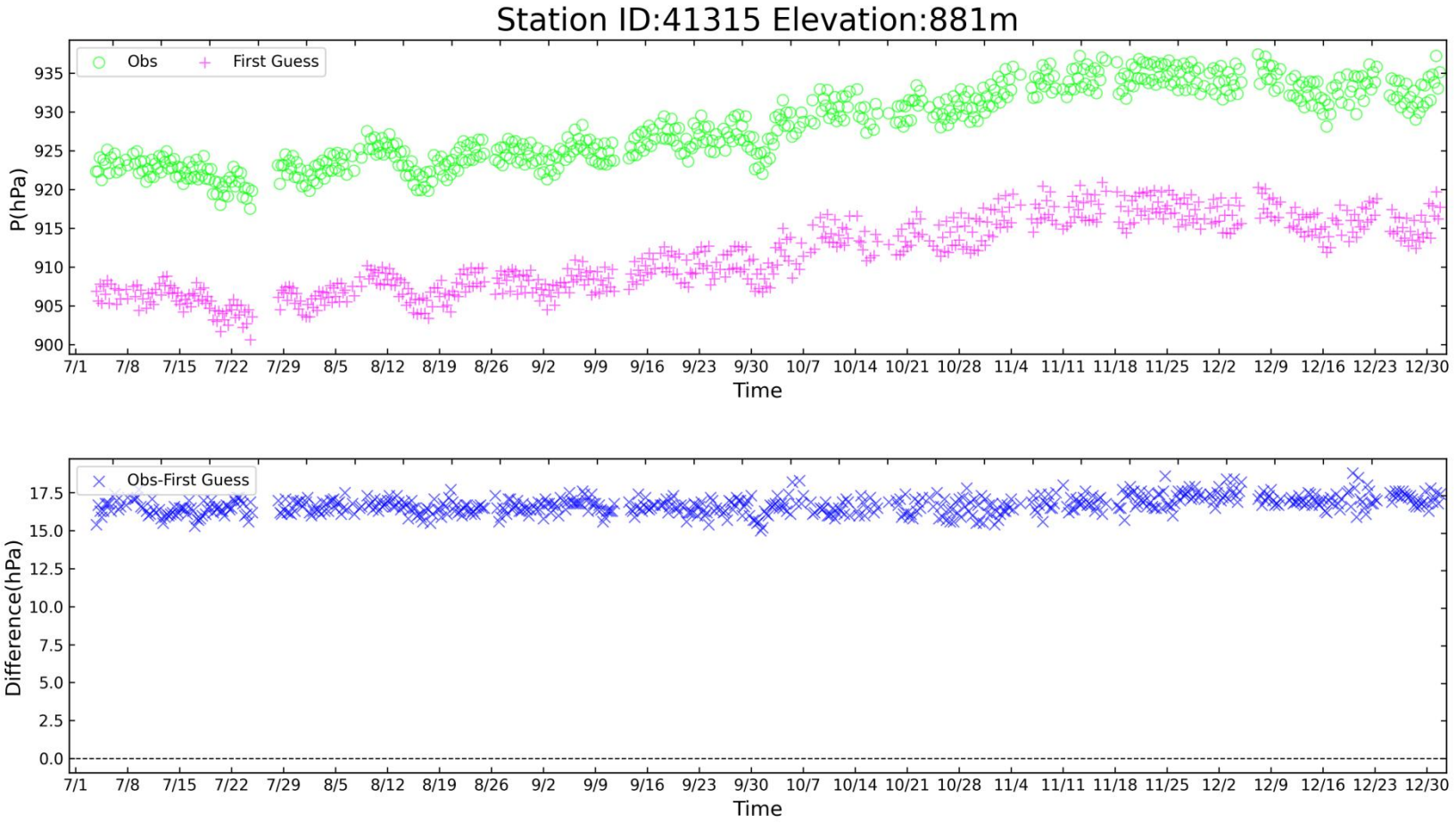

Figure 29 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41315*

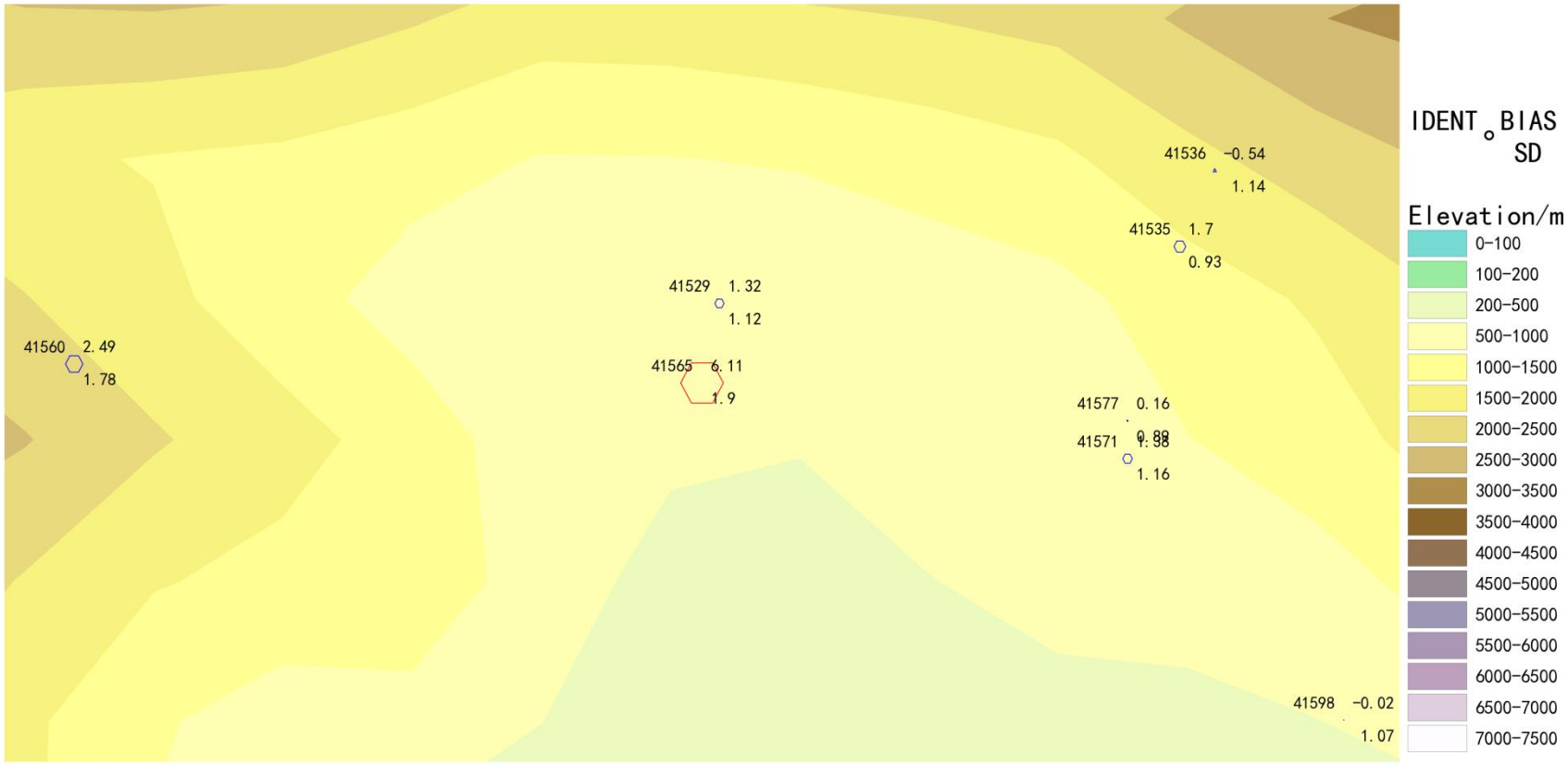

Figure 30 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 41565 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

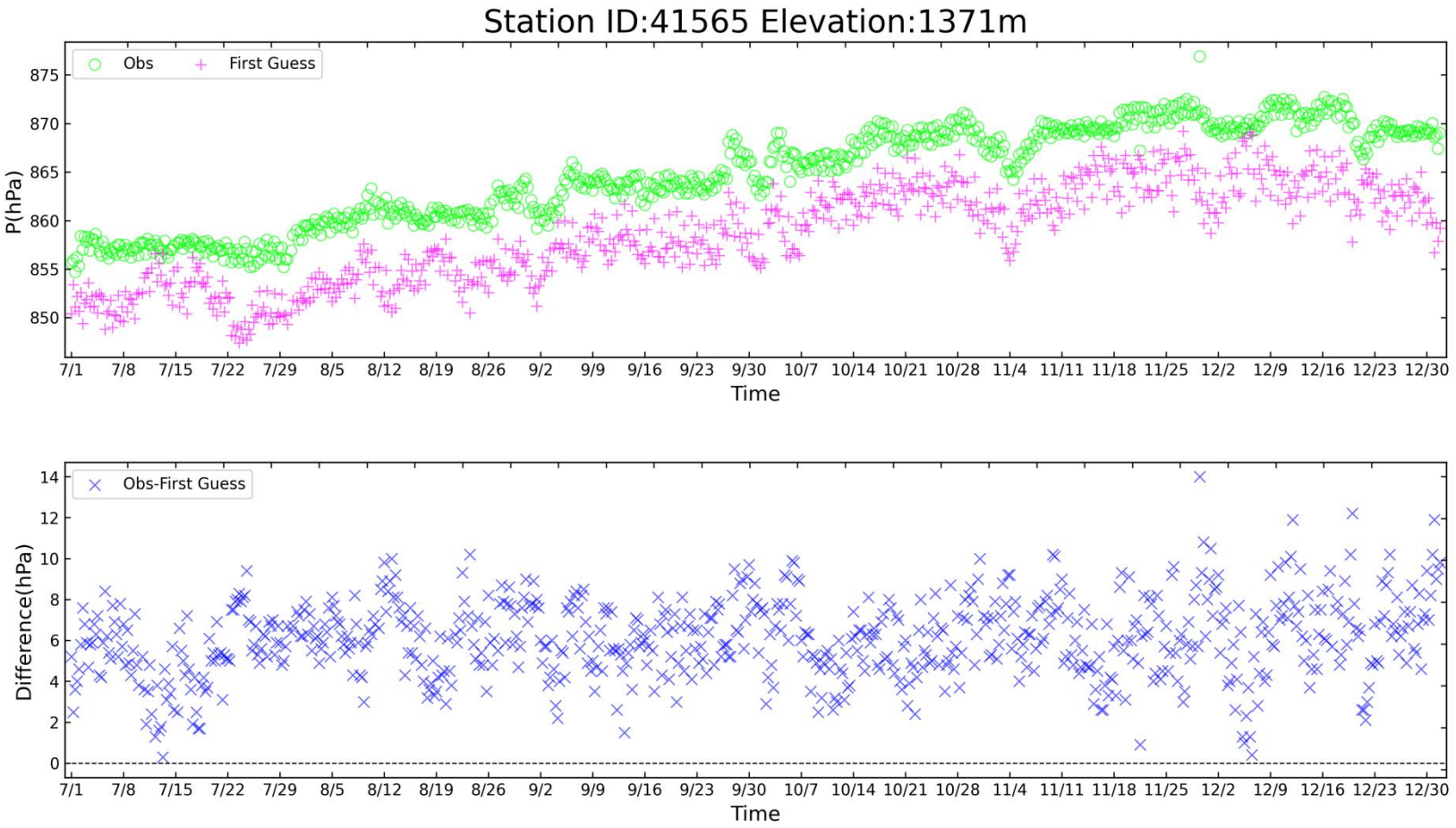

Figure 31 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41565

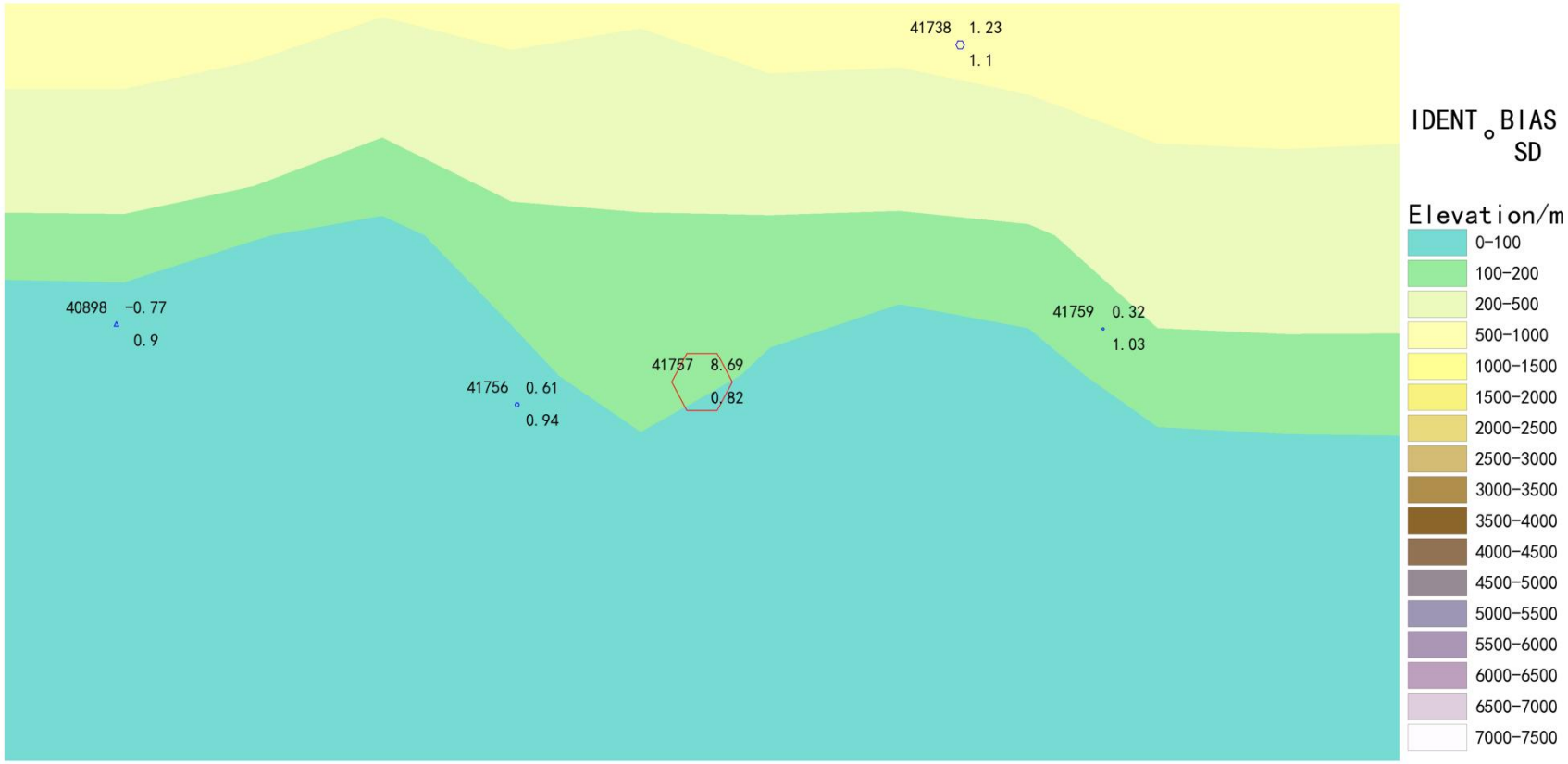

Figure 32 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 41757 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

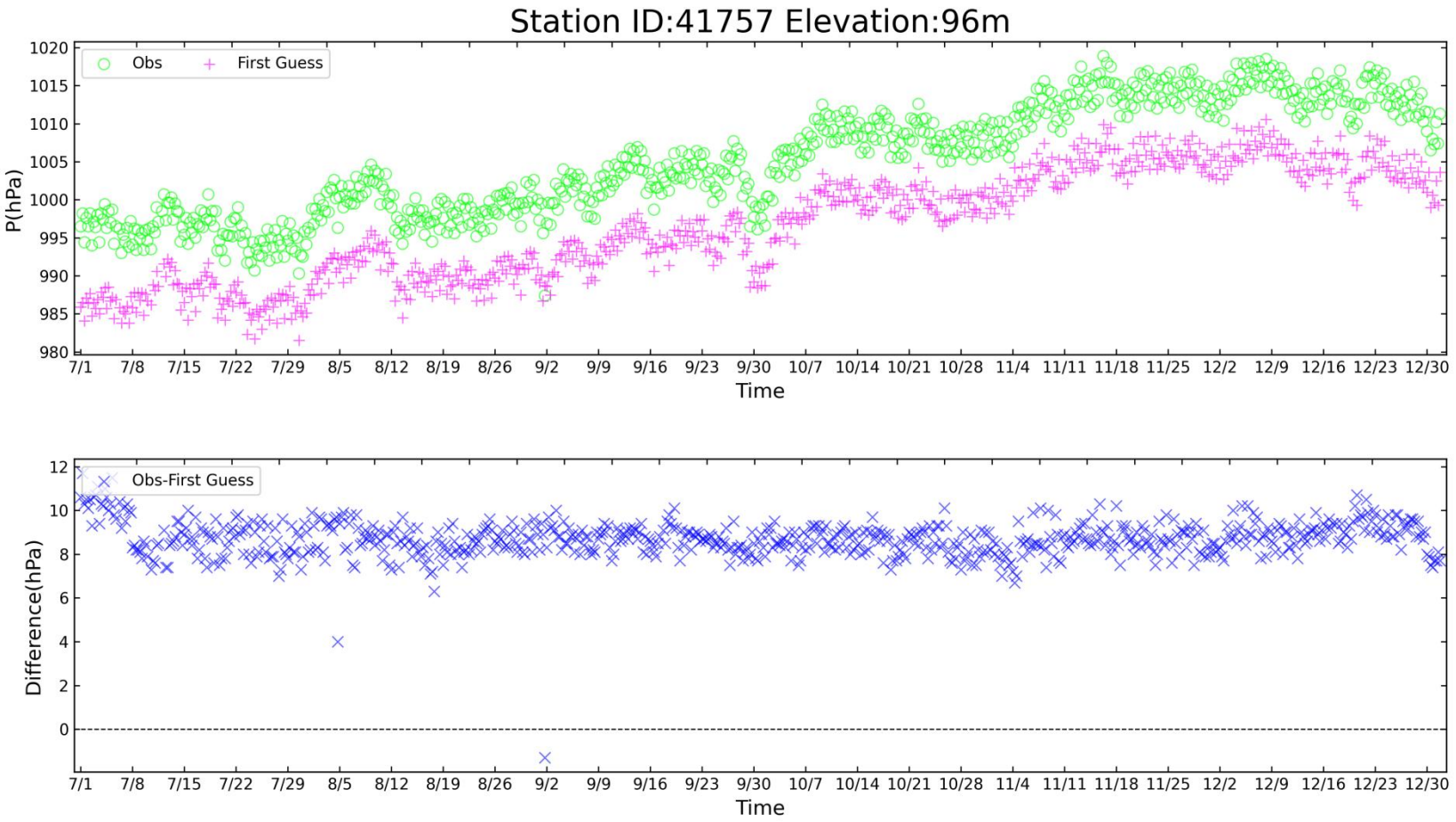

Figure 33 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41757

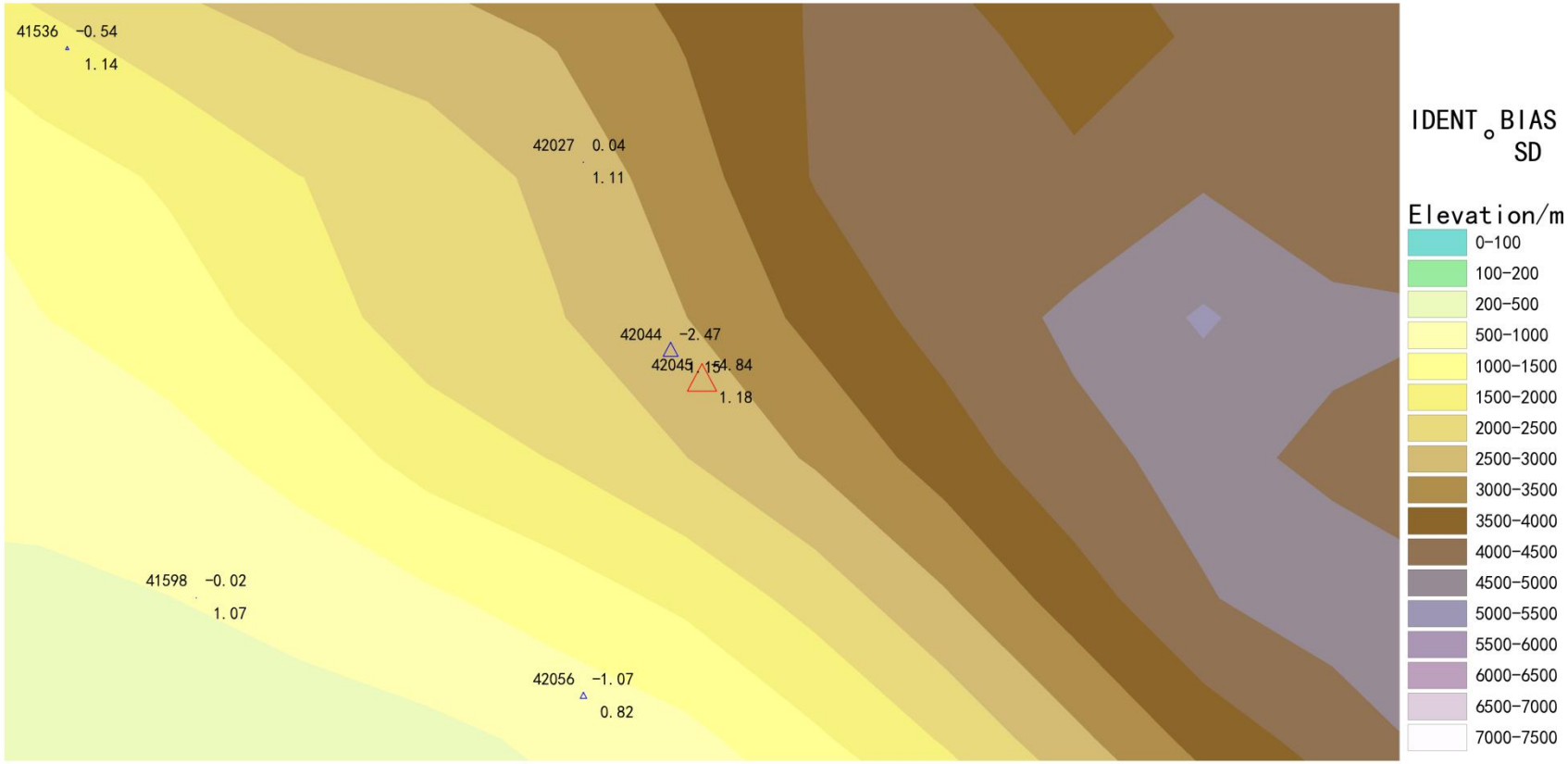

Figure 34 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 42045 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

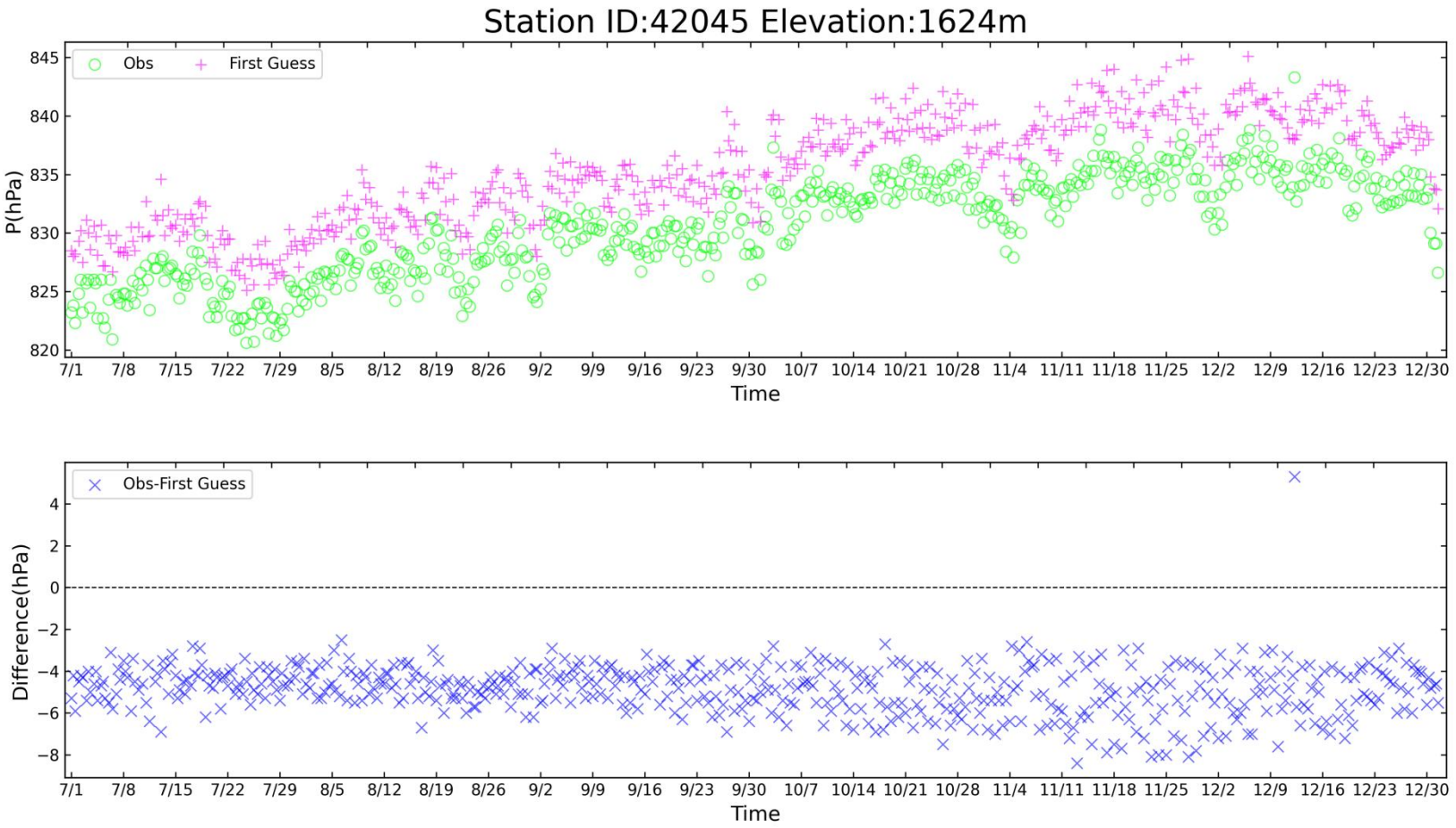

Figure 35 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 42045

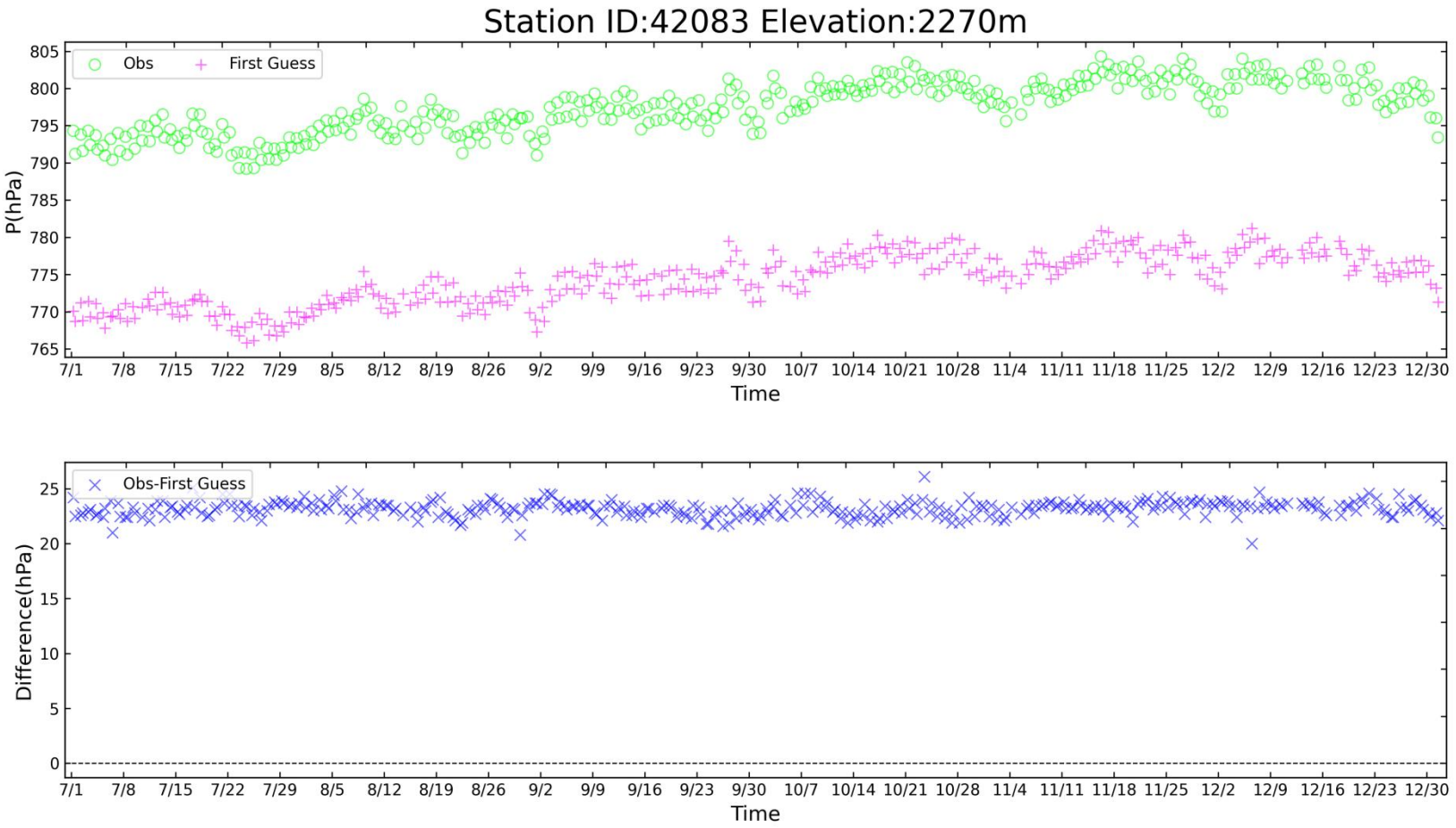

Figure 36 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 42083

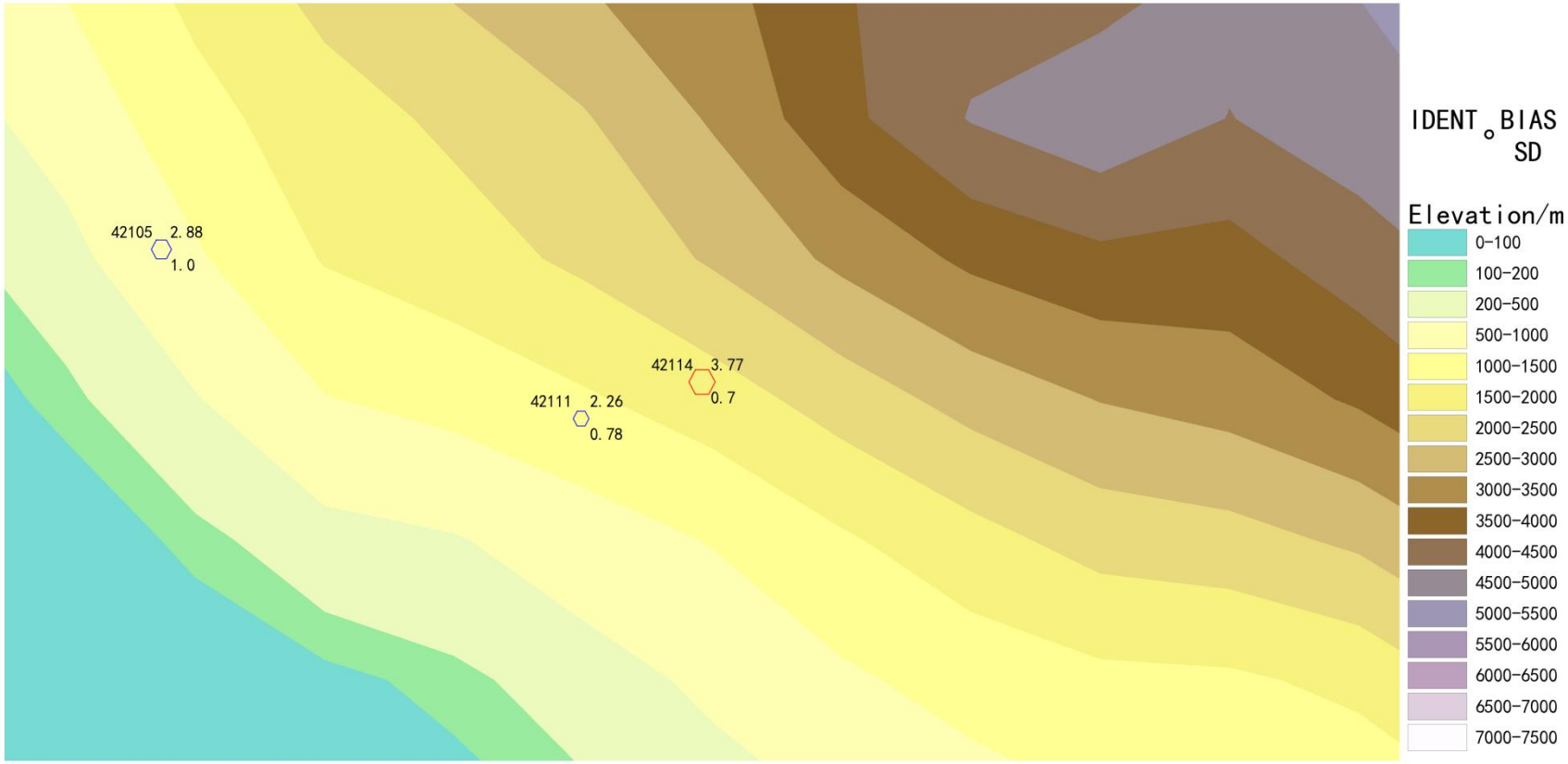

Figure 37 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 42114 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

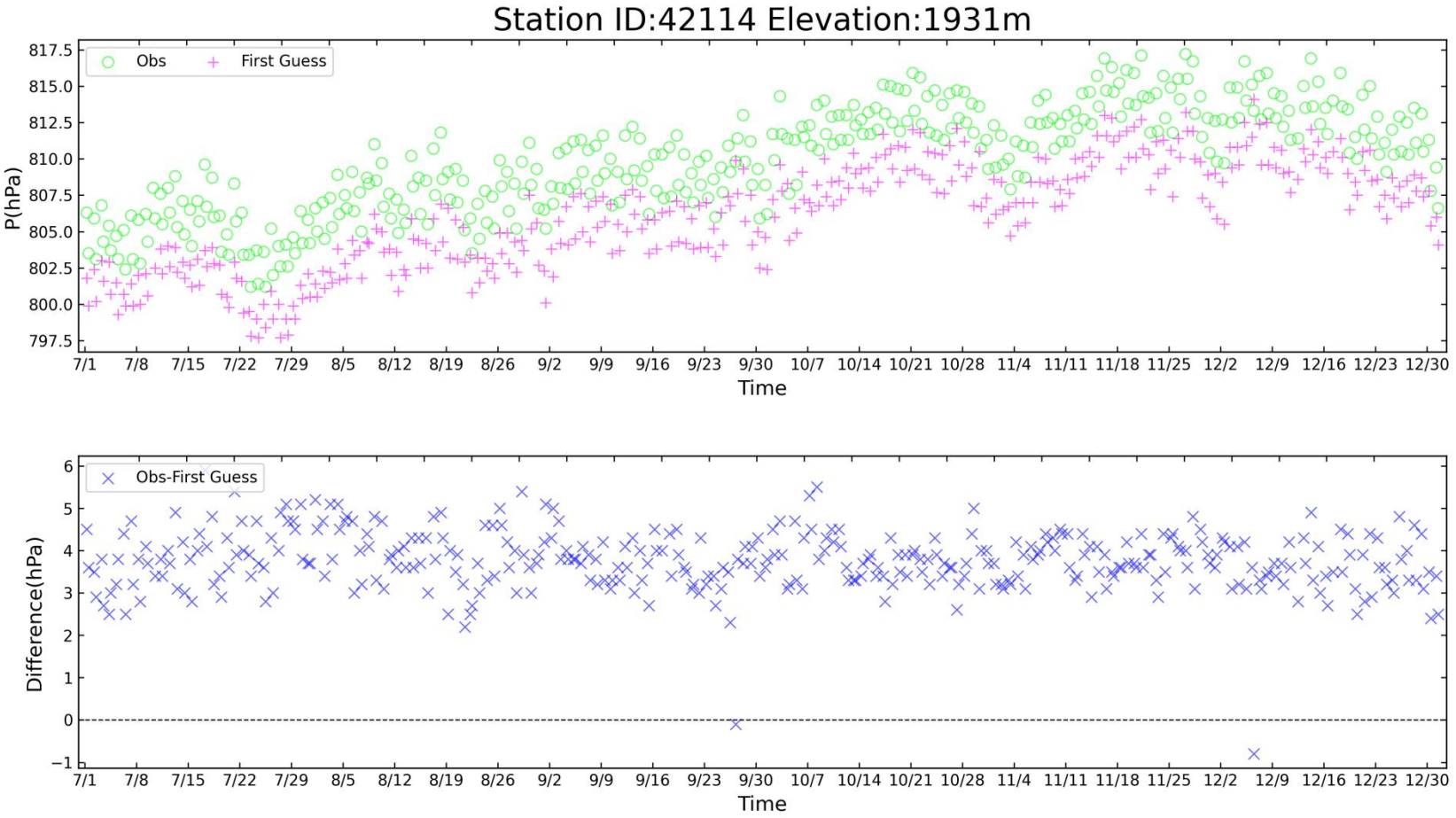

Figure 38 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 42114

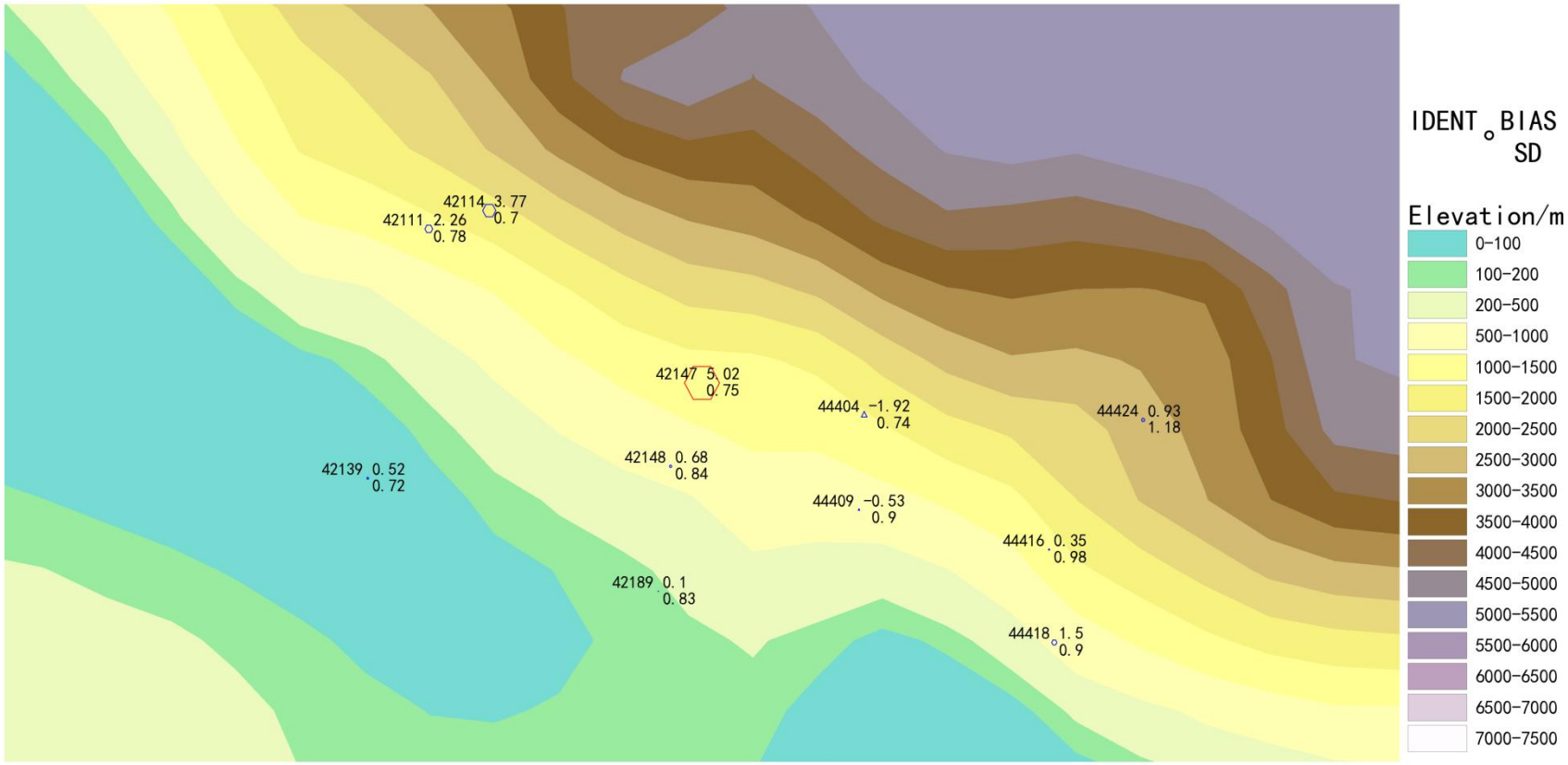

Figure 39 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 42147 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

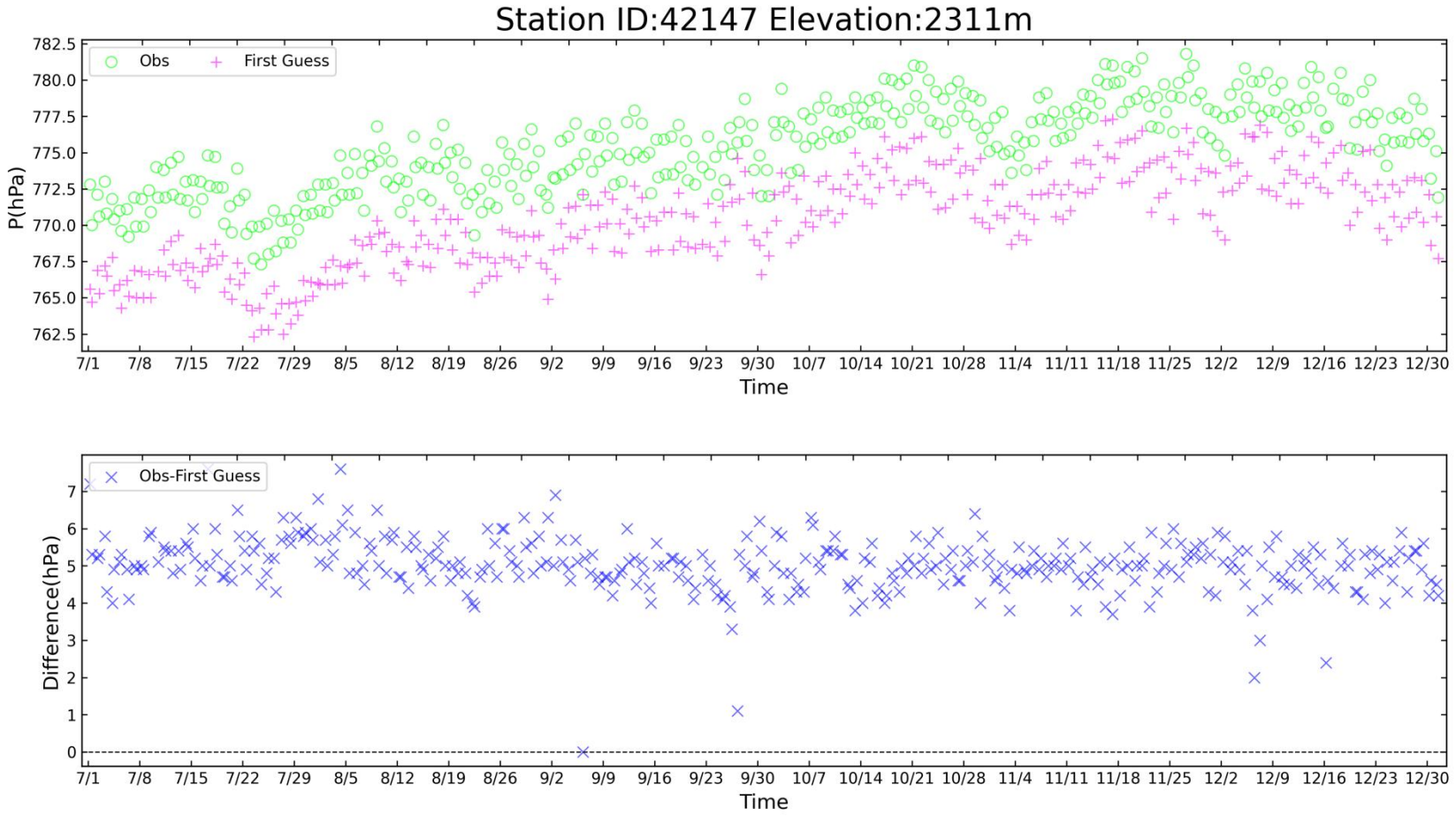

Figure 40 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 42147

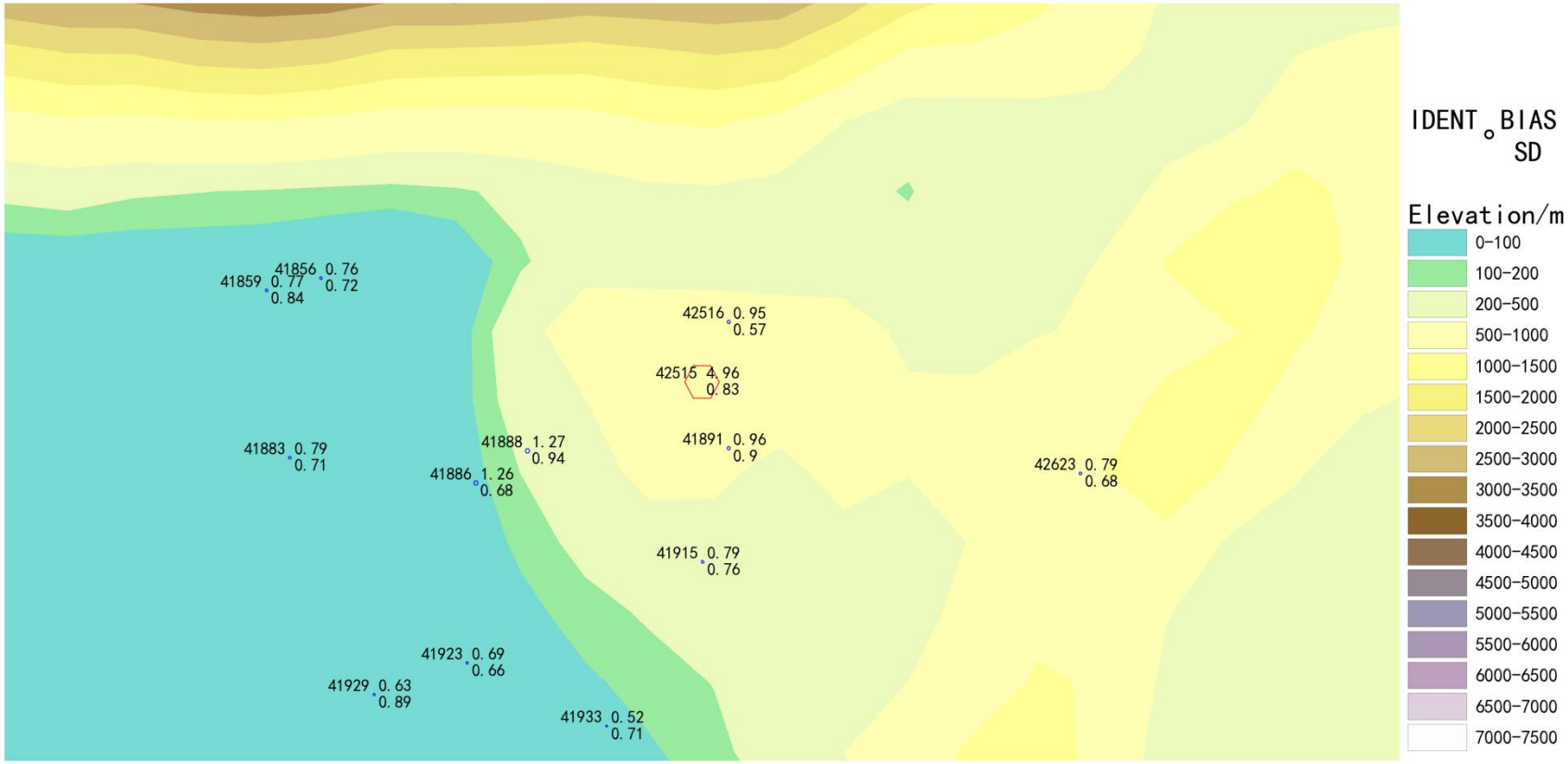

Figure 41 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 42515 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

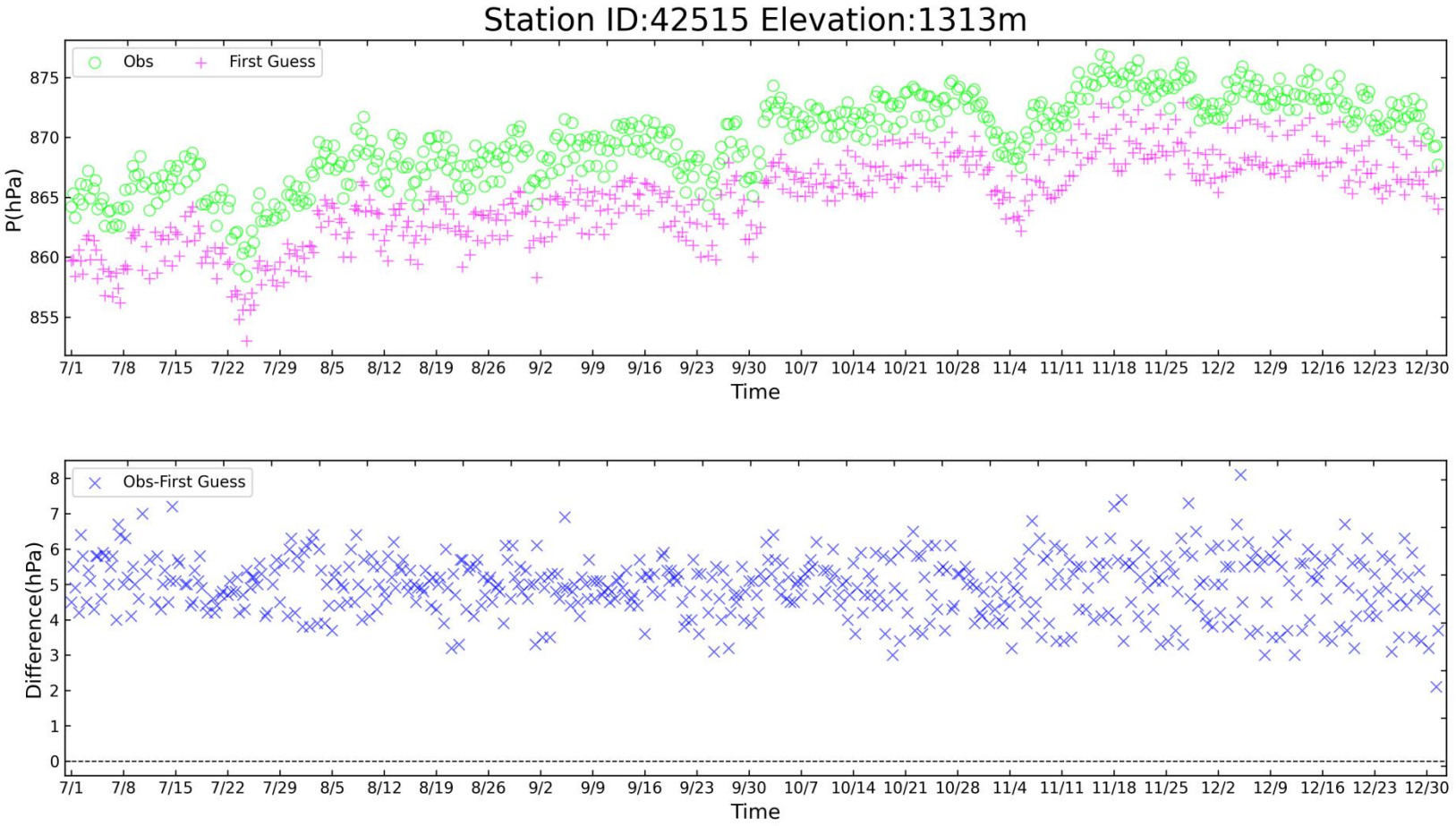

Figure 42 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 42515

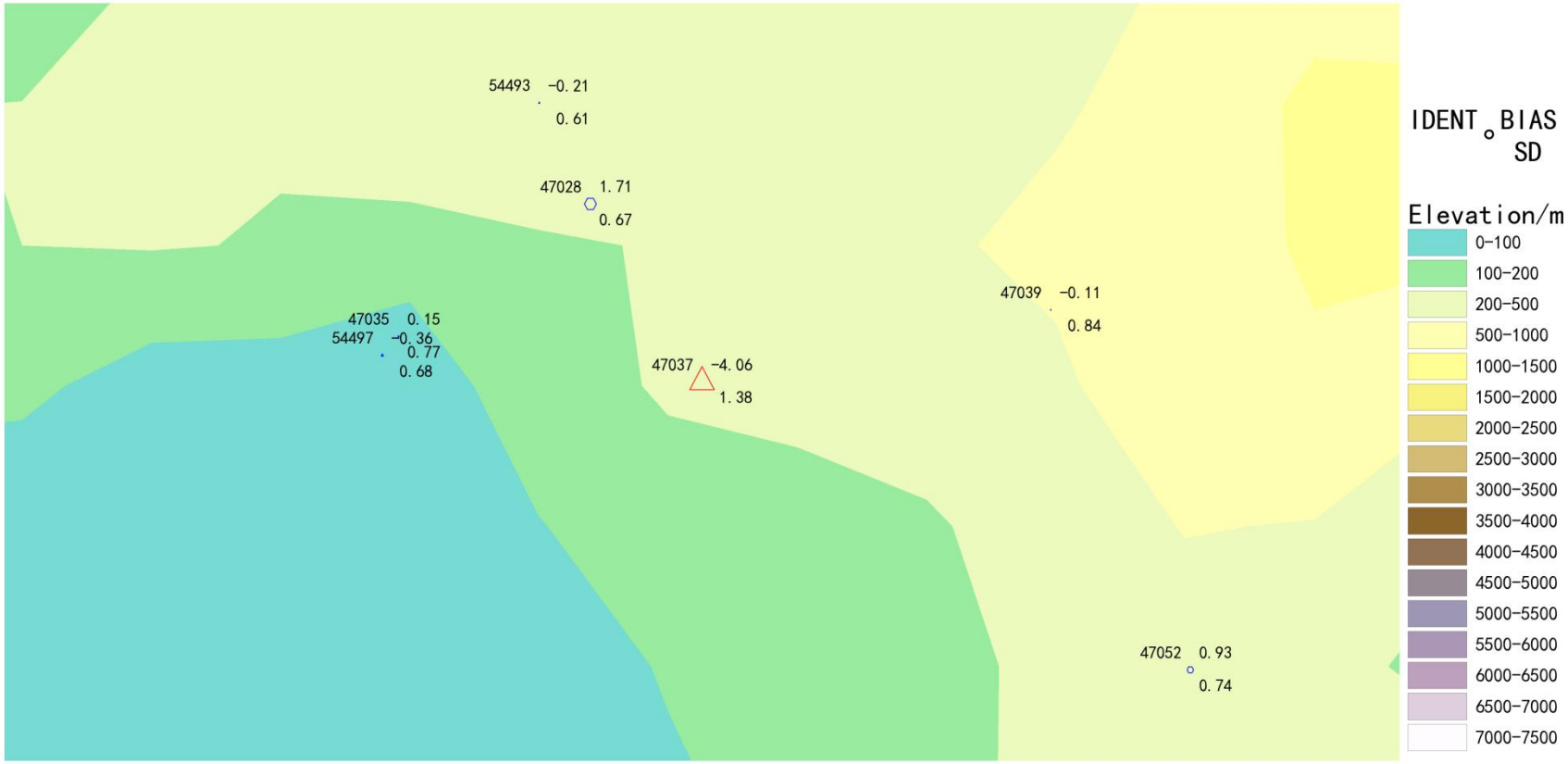

Figure 43 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 47037* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

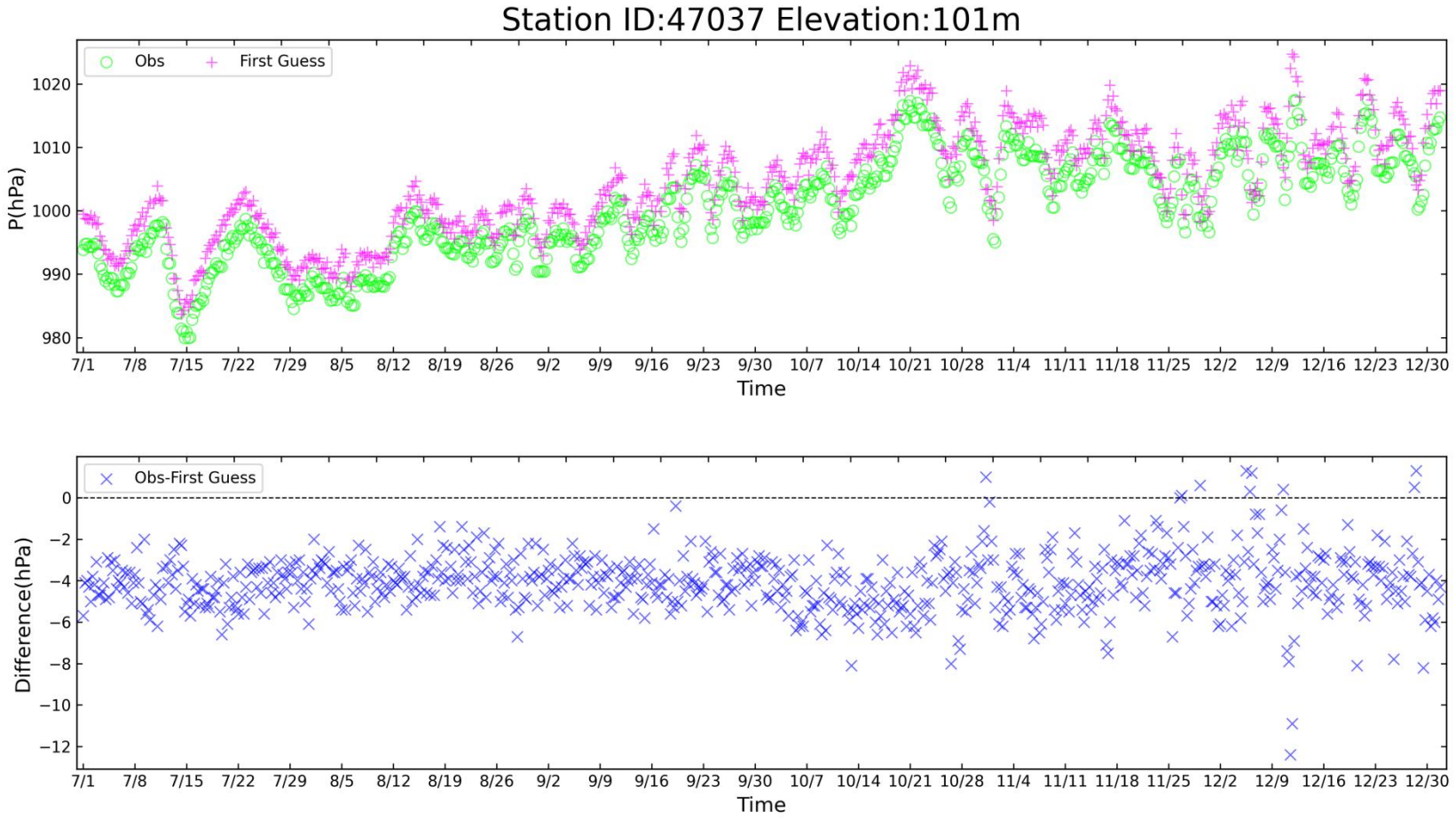

Figure 44 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 47037*

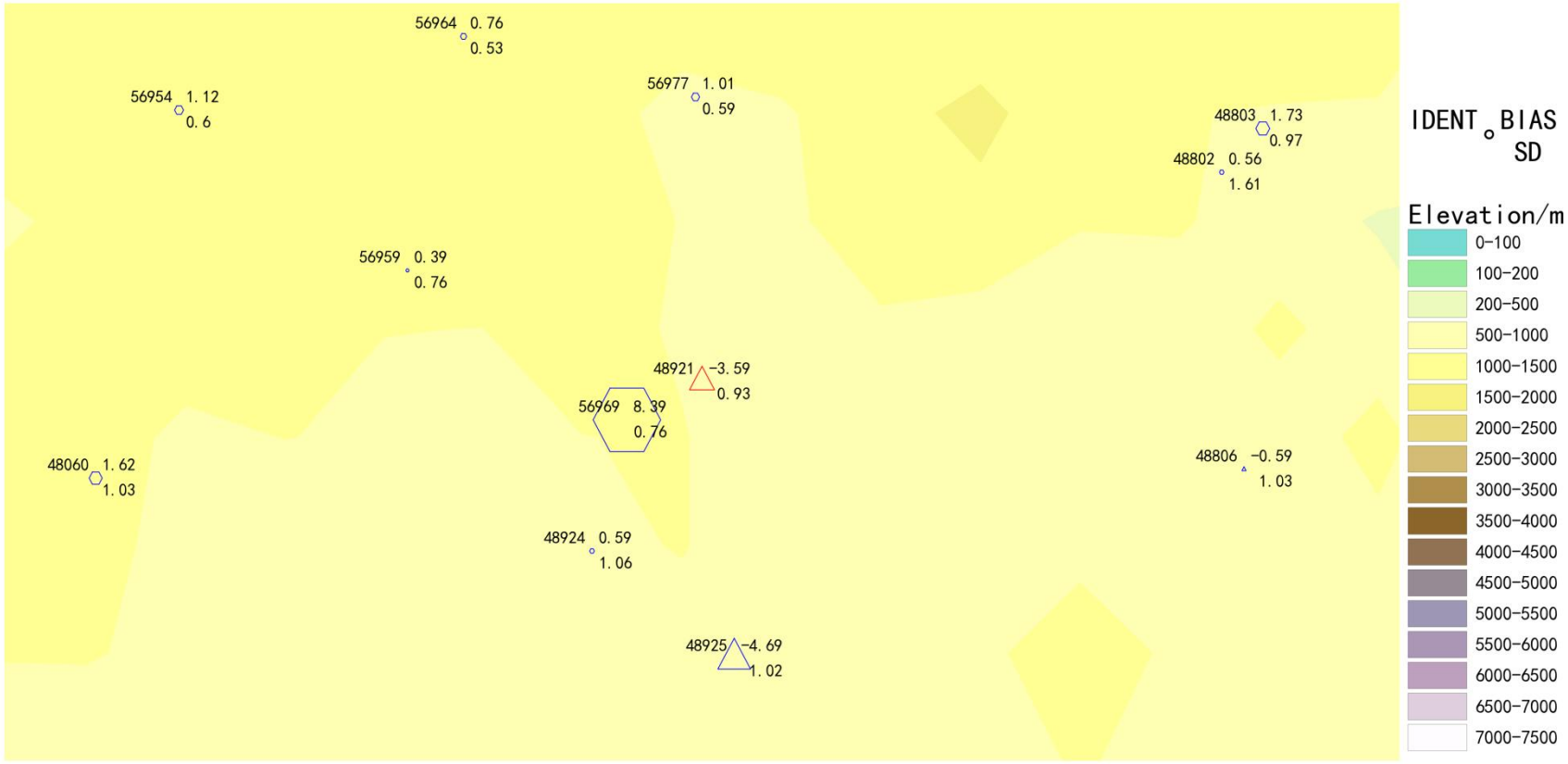

Figure 45 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48921 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

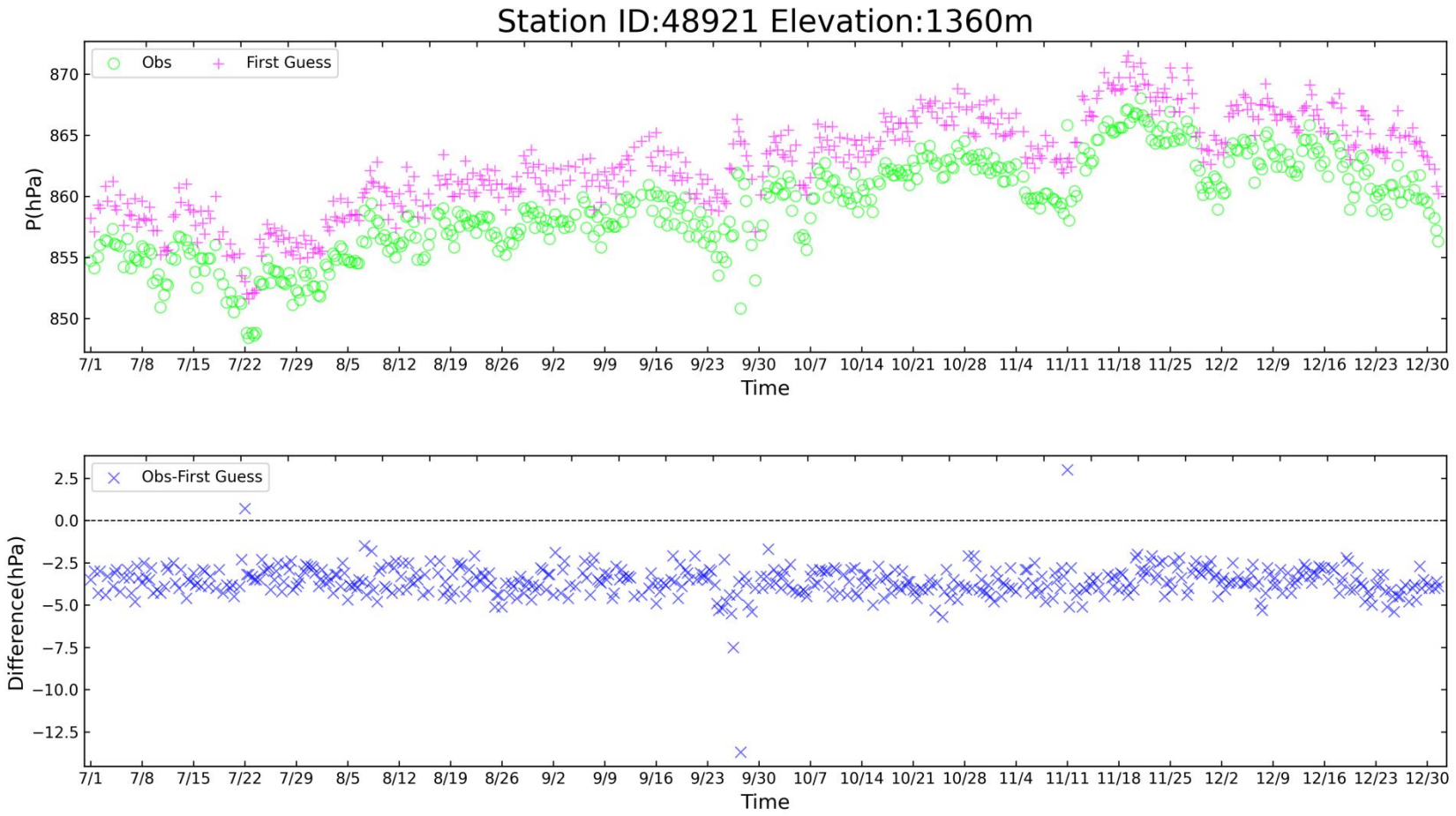

Figure 46 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48921

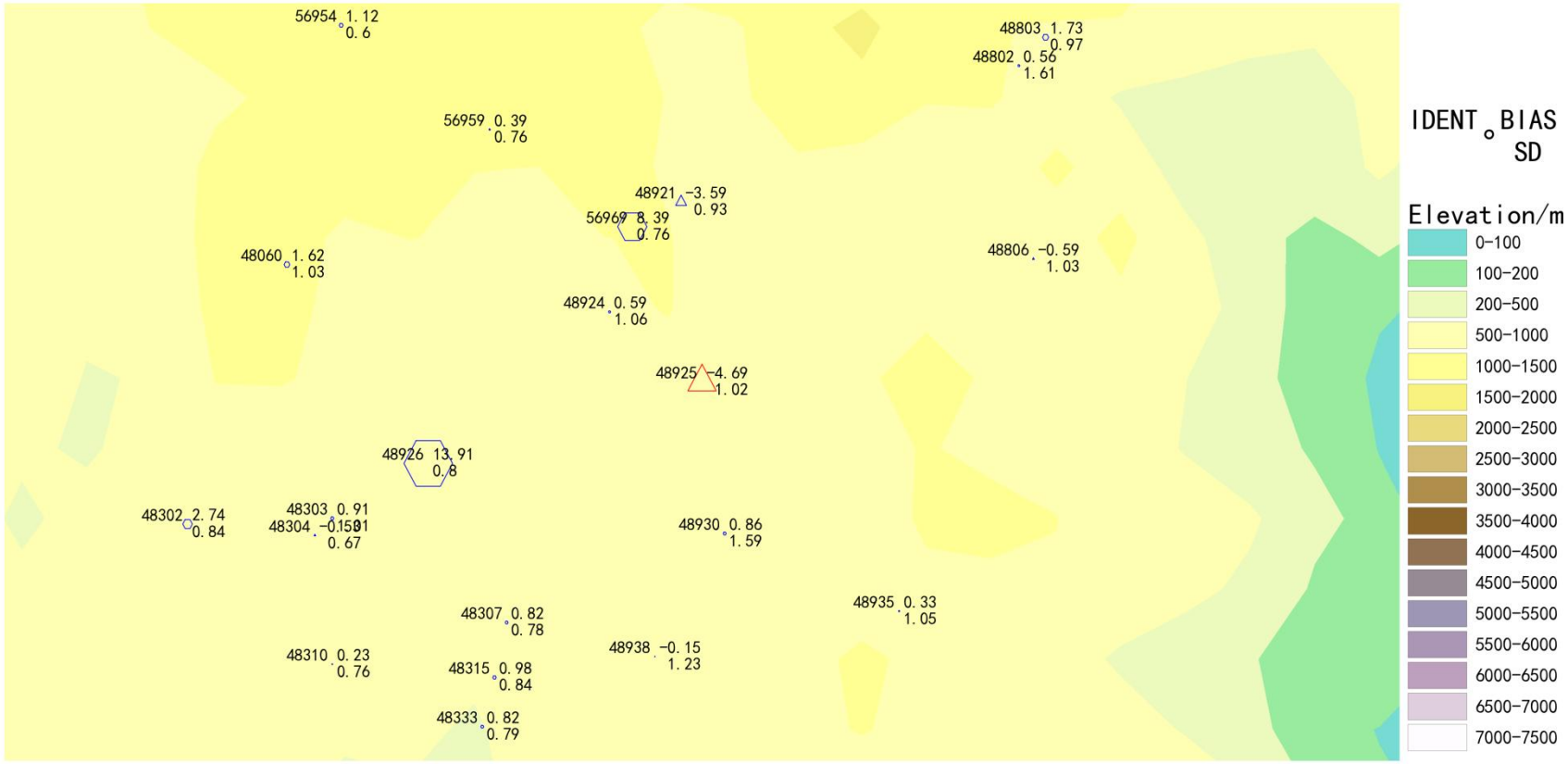

Figure 47 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48925 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

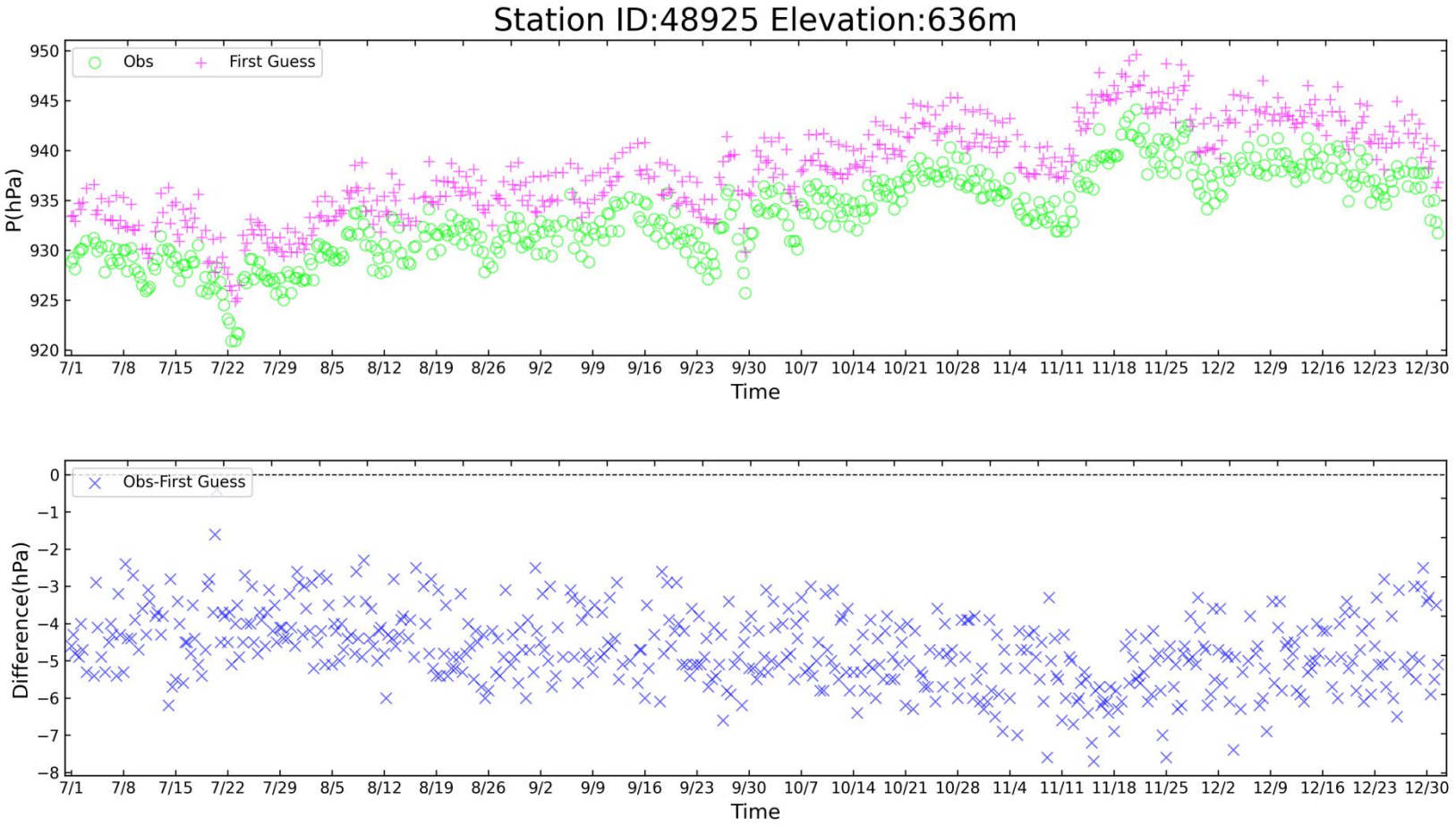

Figure 48 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48925

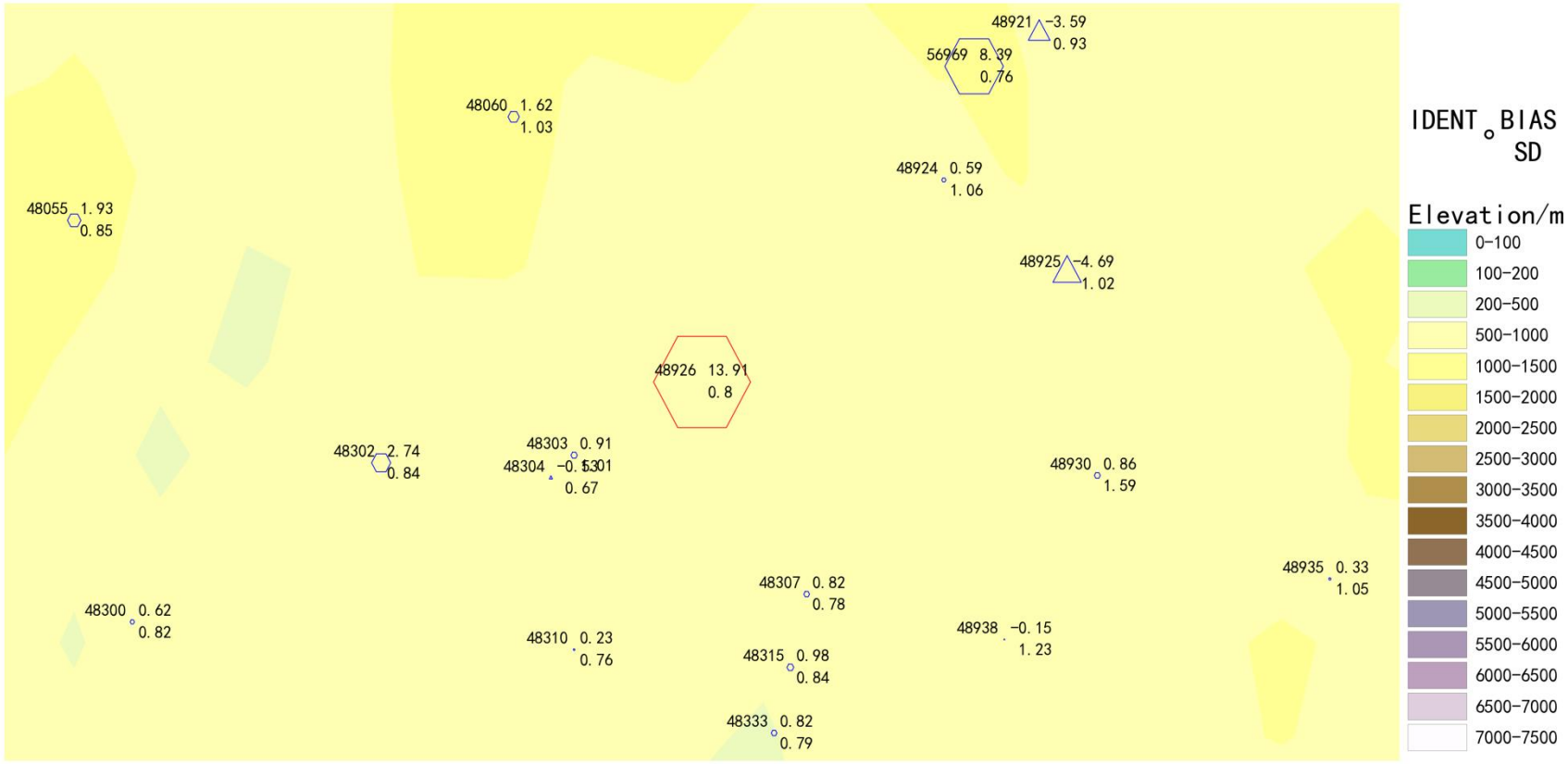

Figure 49 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48926 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

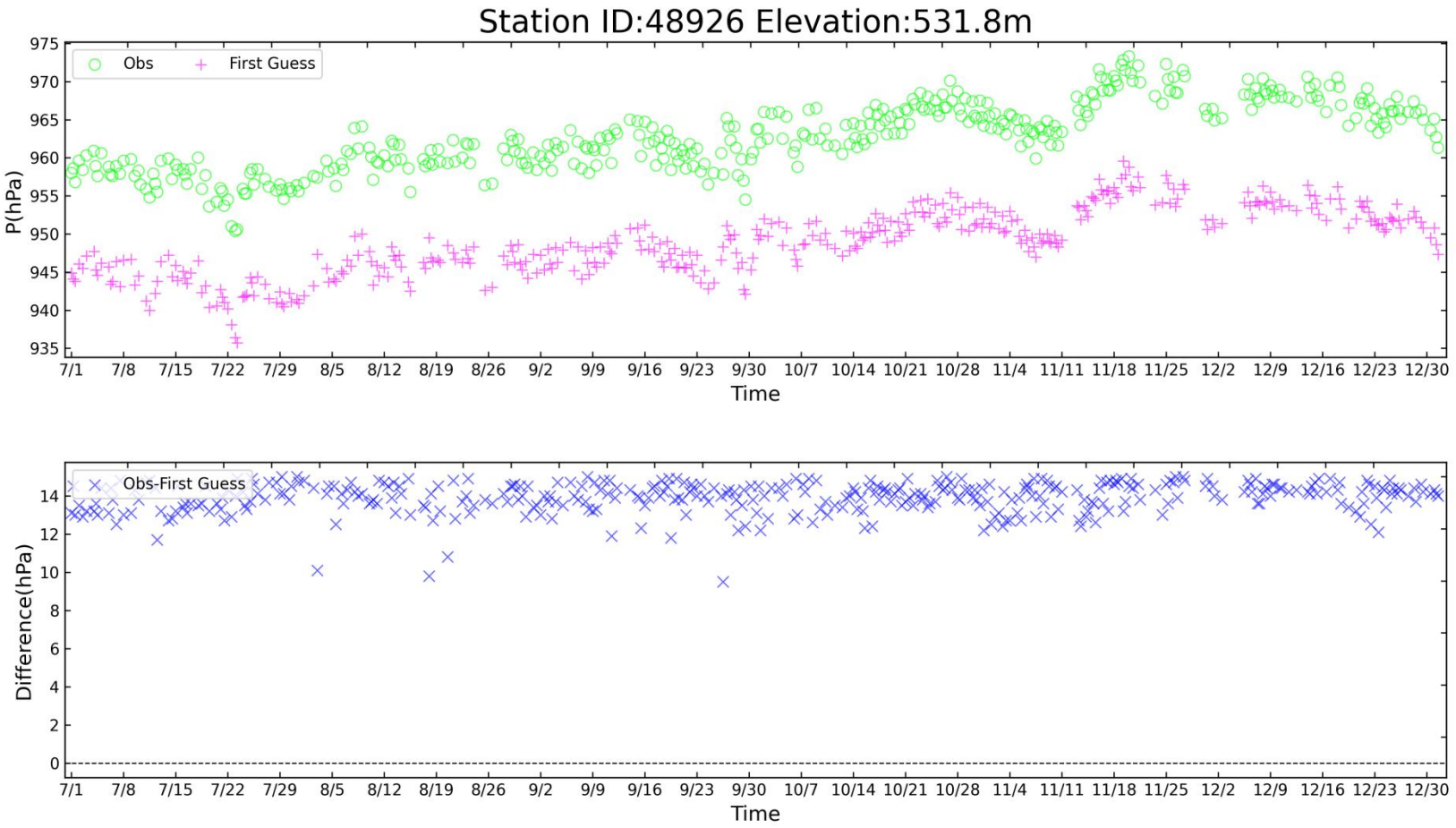

Figure 50 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48926

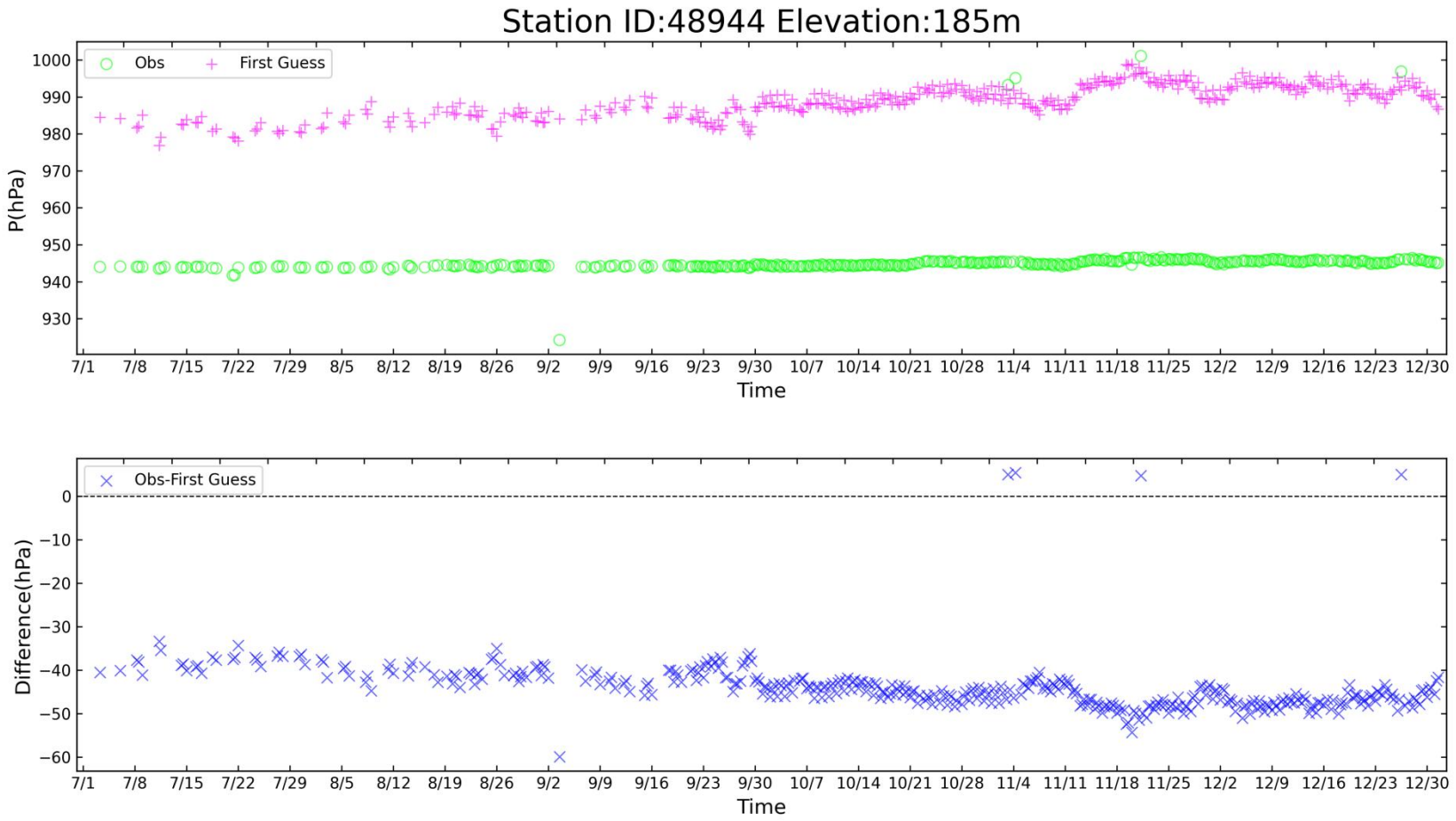

Figure 51 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48944

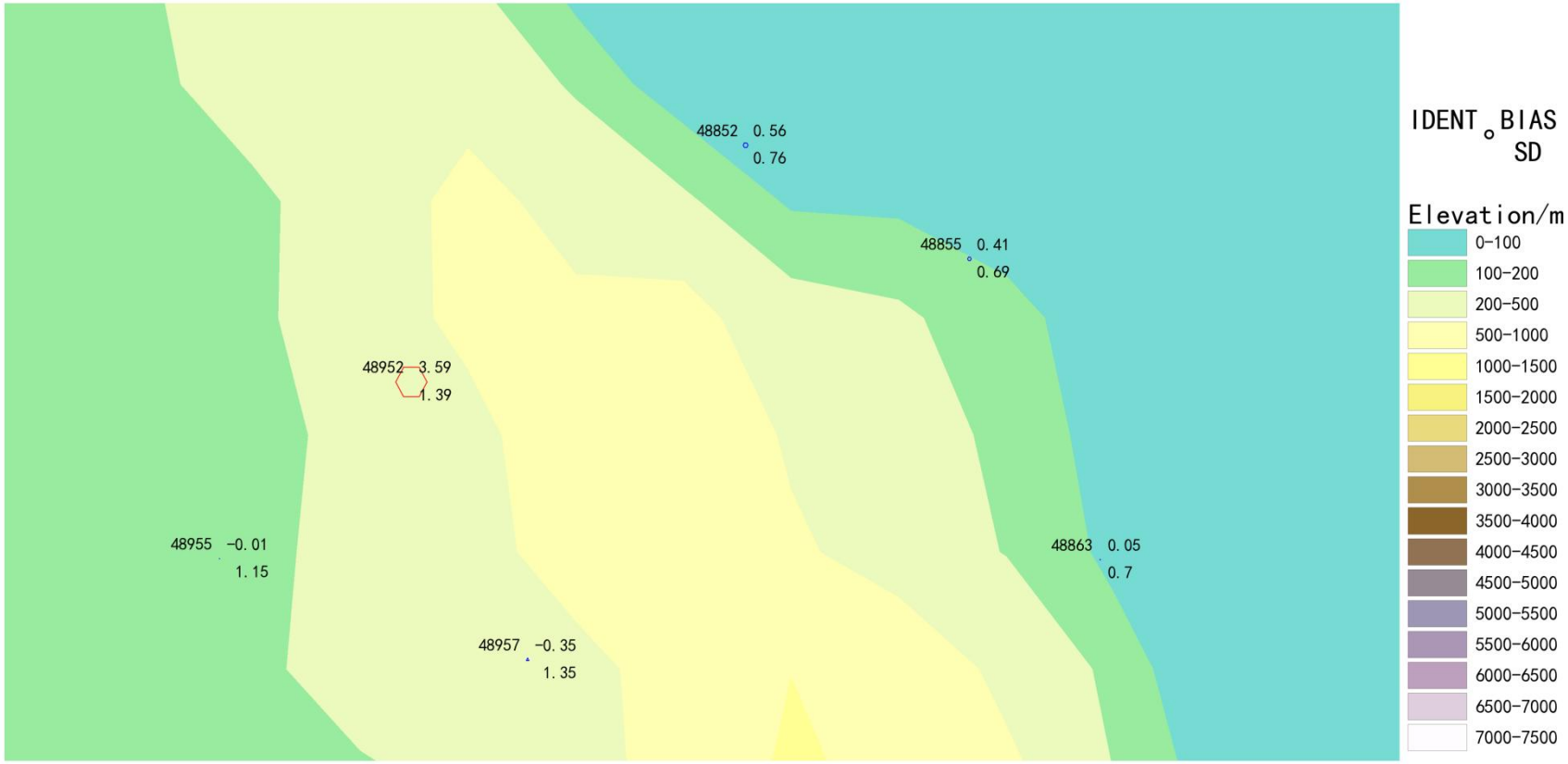

Figure 52 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48952 (red) and surrounding stations (blue).

The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.

The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

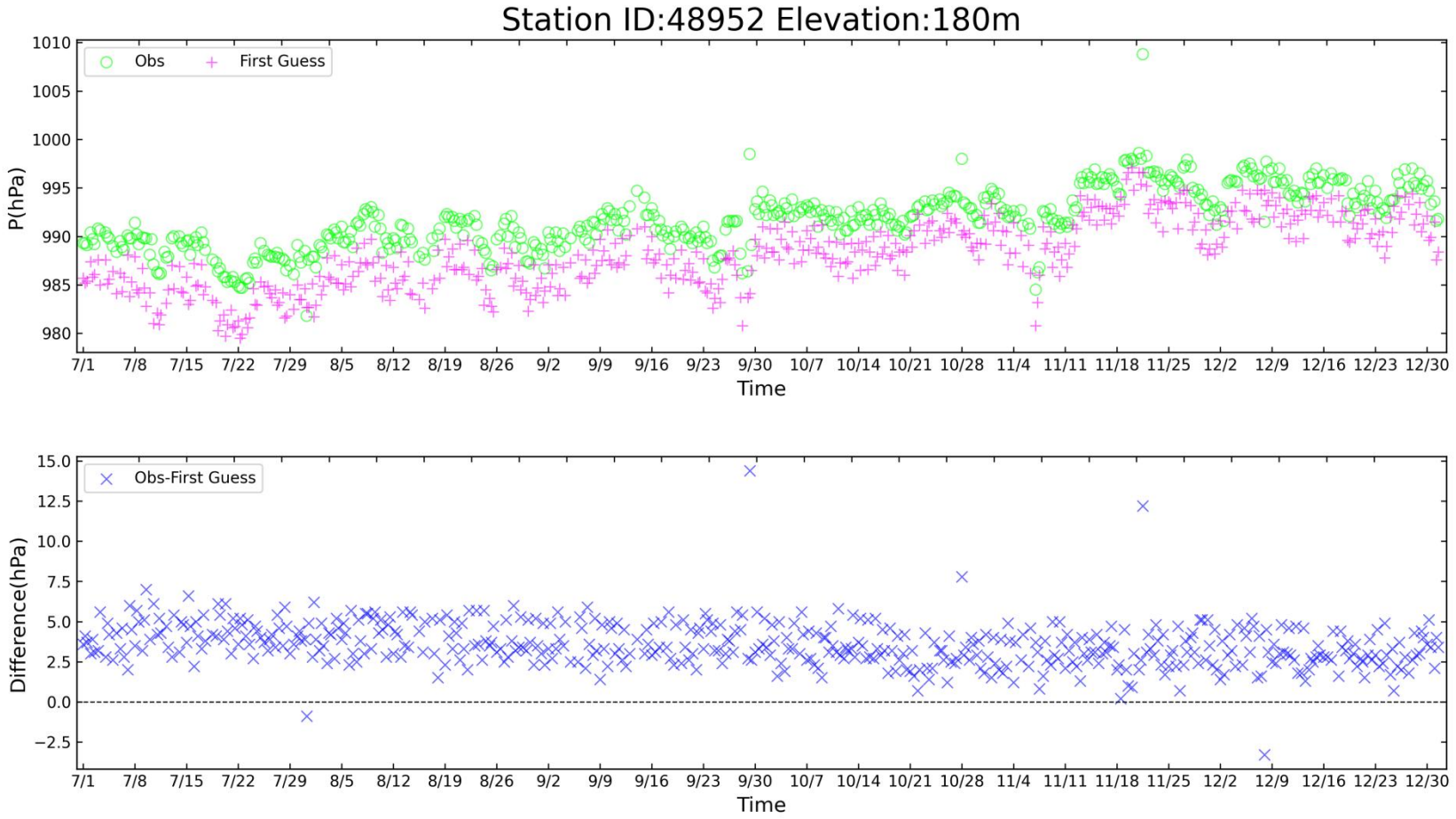

Figure 53 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48952

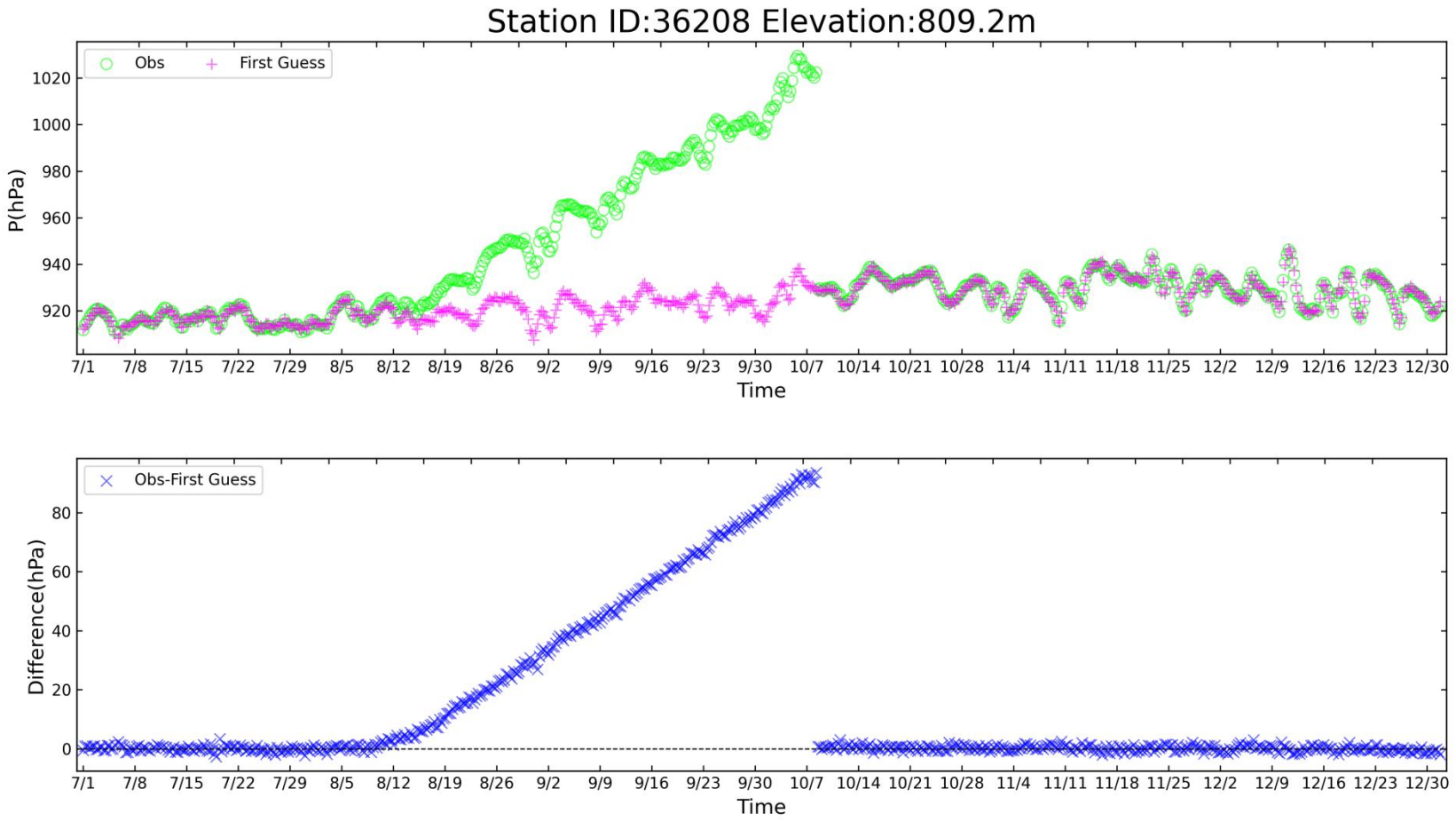

Figure 54 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36208

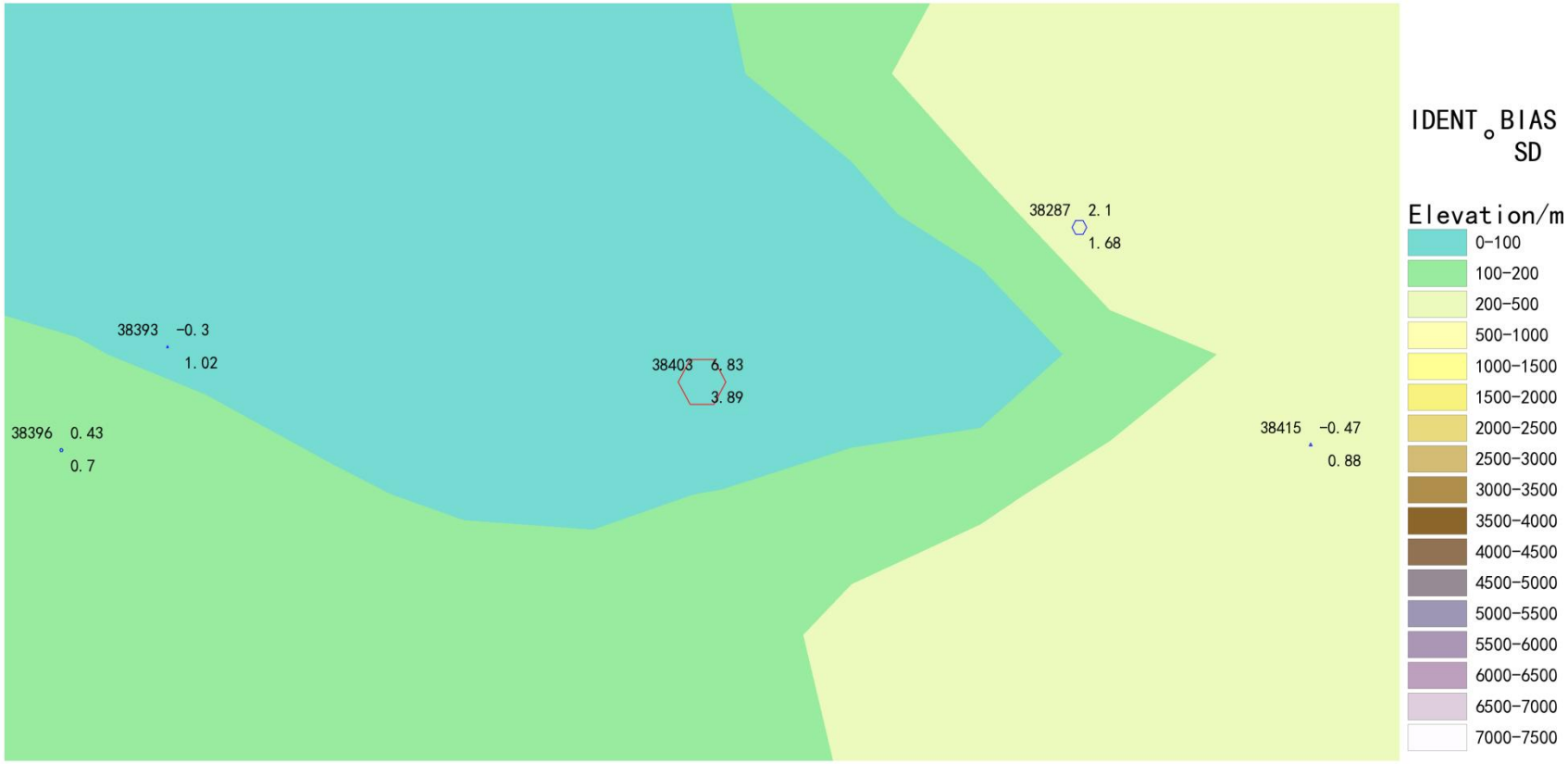

Figure 55 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38403* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

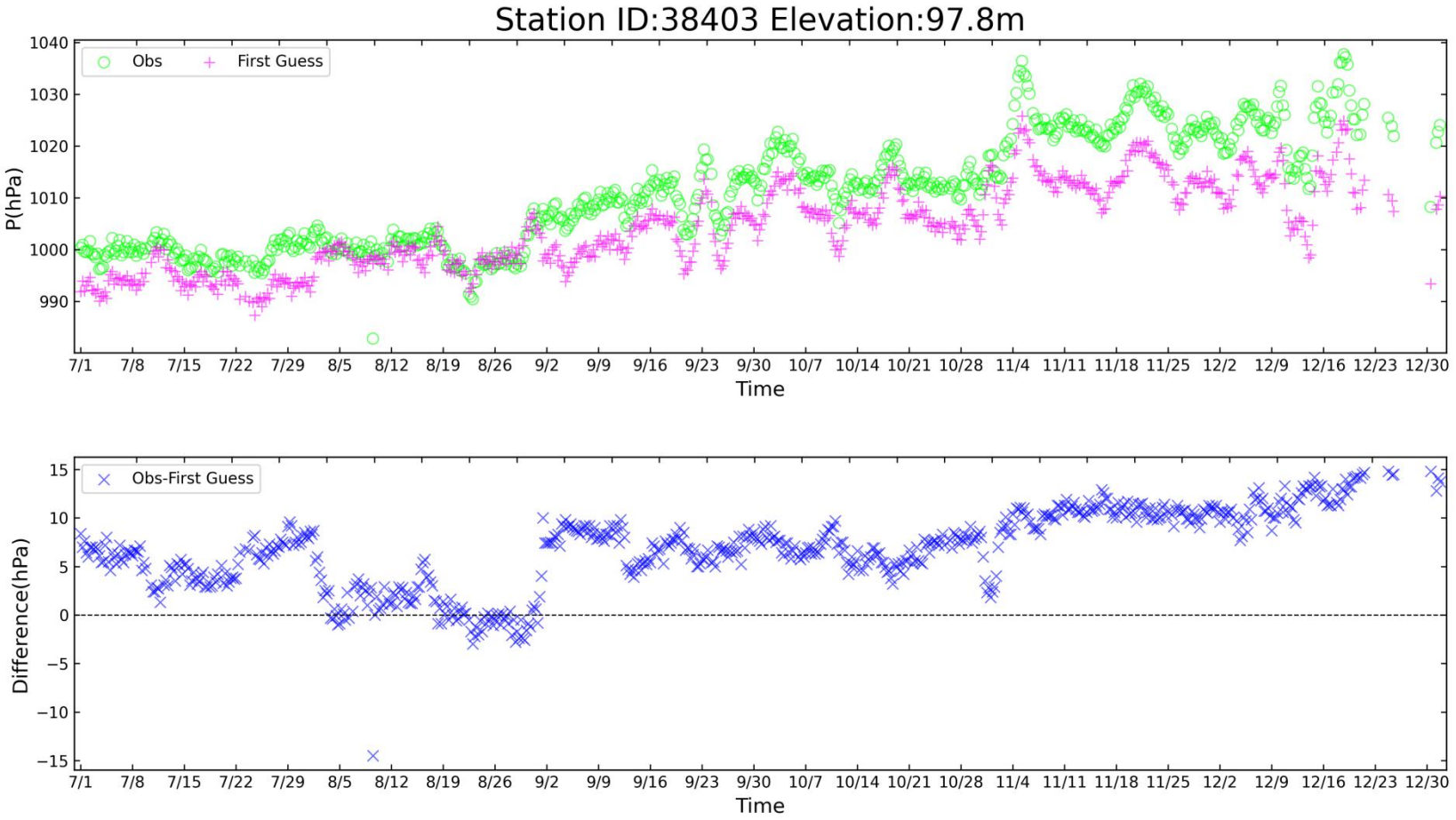

Figure 56 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38403*

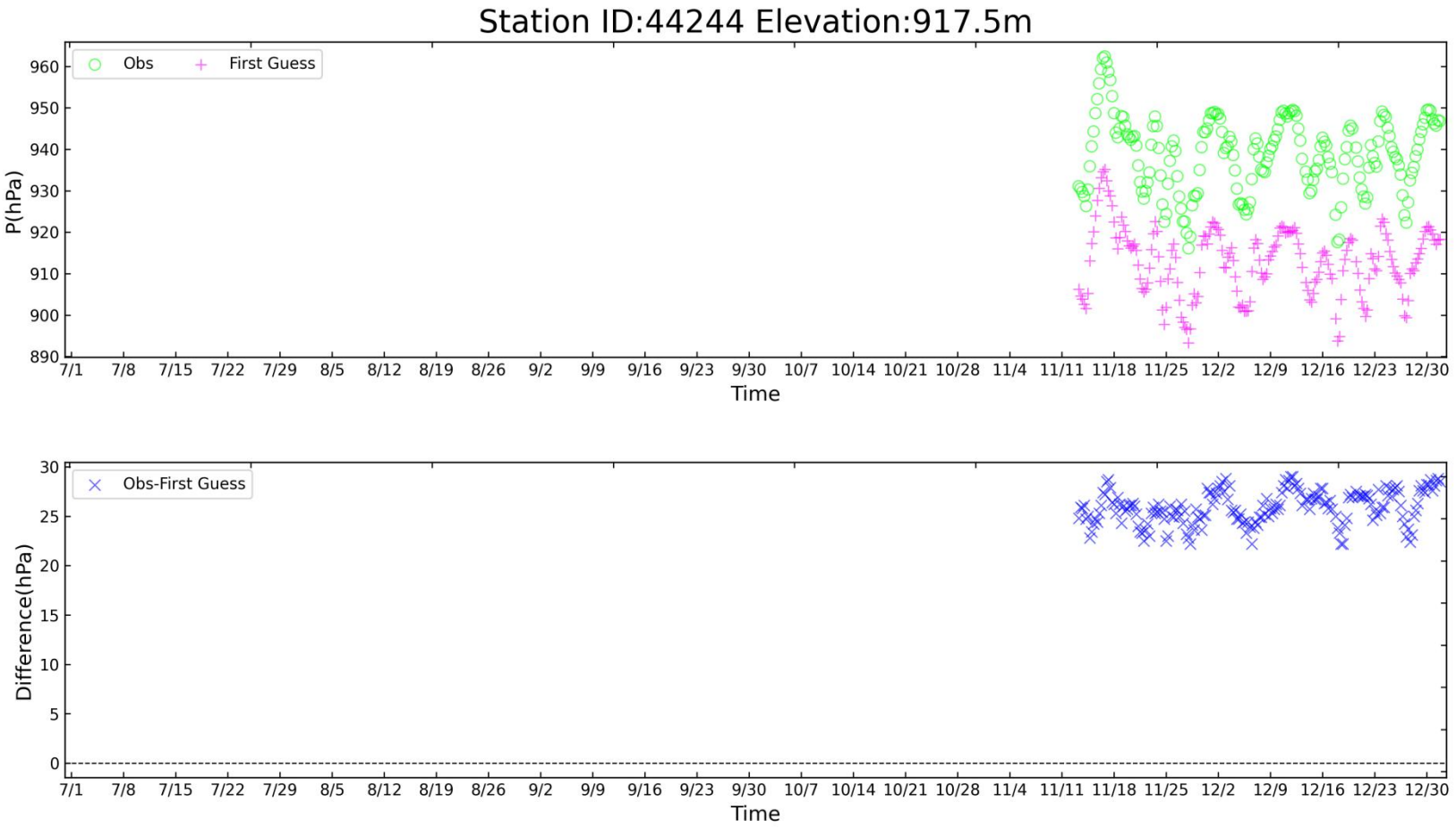

Figure 57 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 44244*

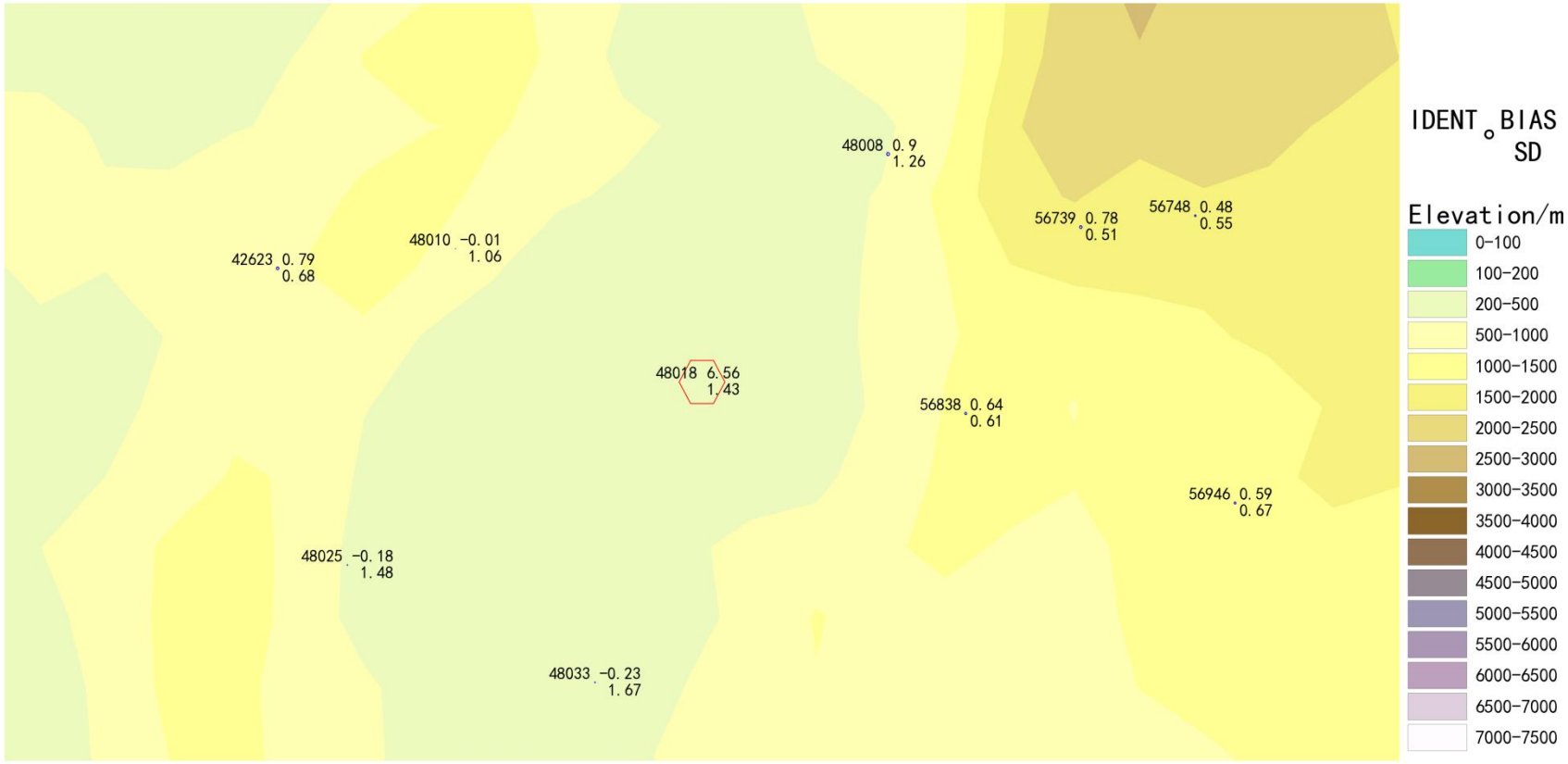

Figure 58 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48018* (red) and surrounding stations (blue).
The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the upper right are the values of BIAS and SD.
The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

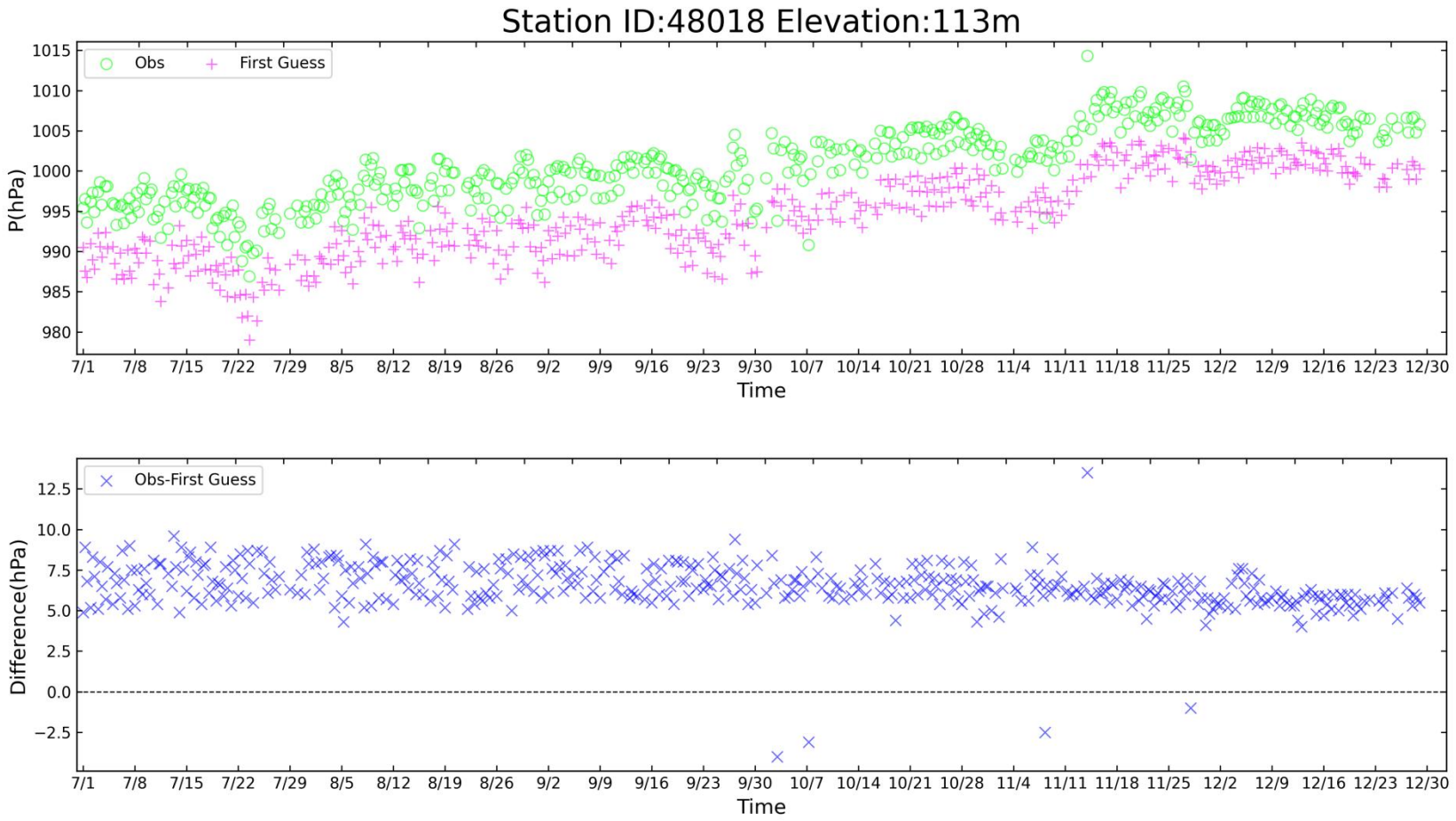

Figure 59 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48018*

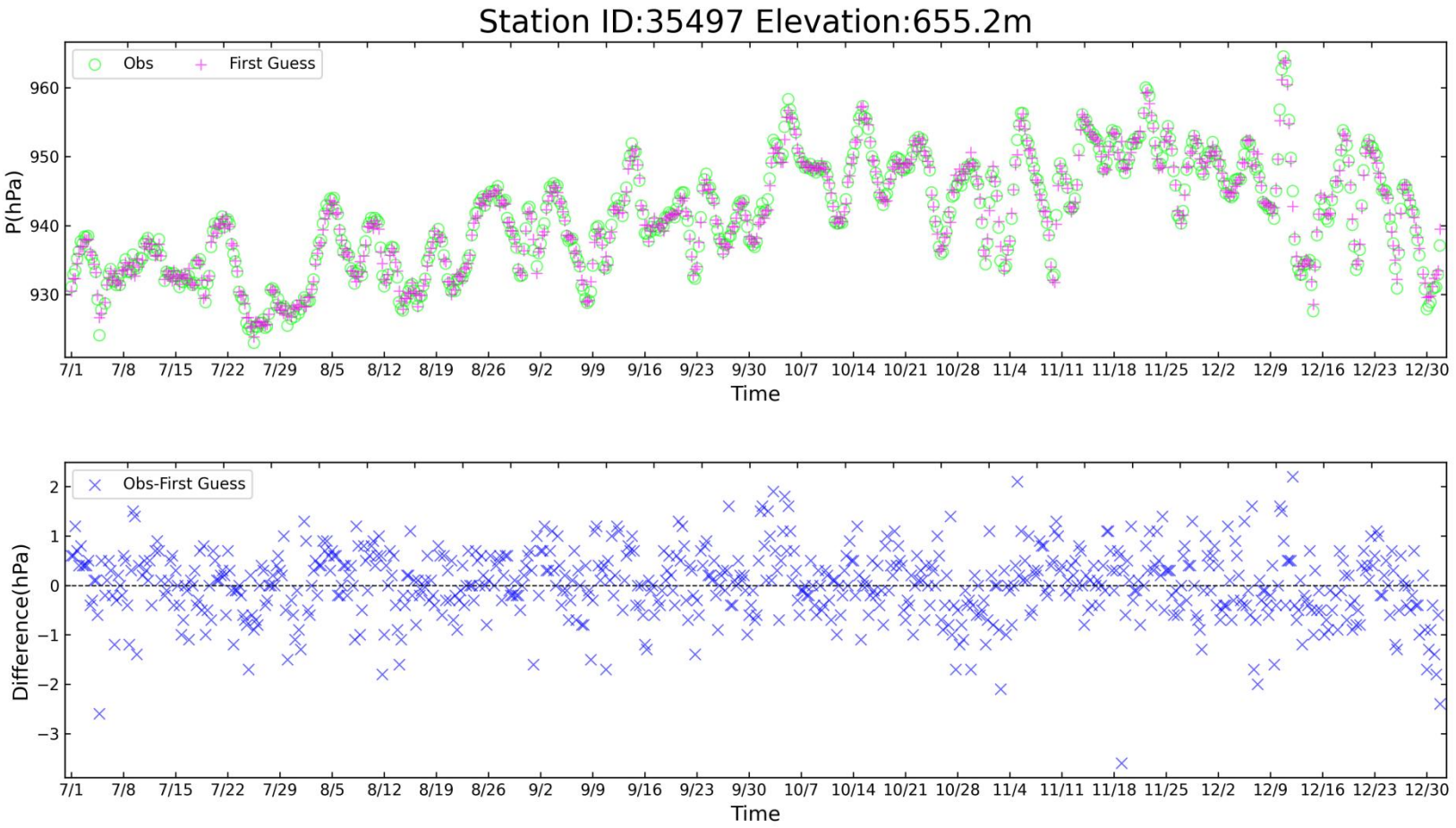

Figure 60 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 35497

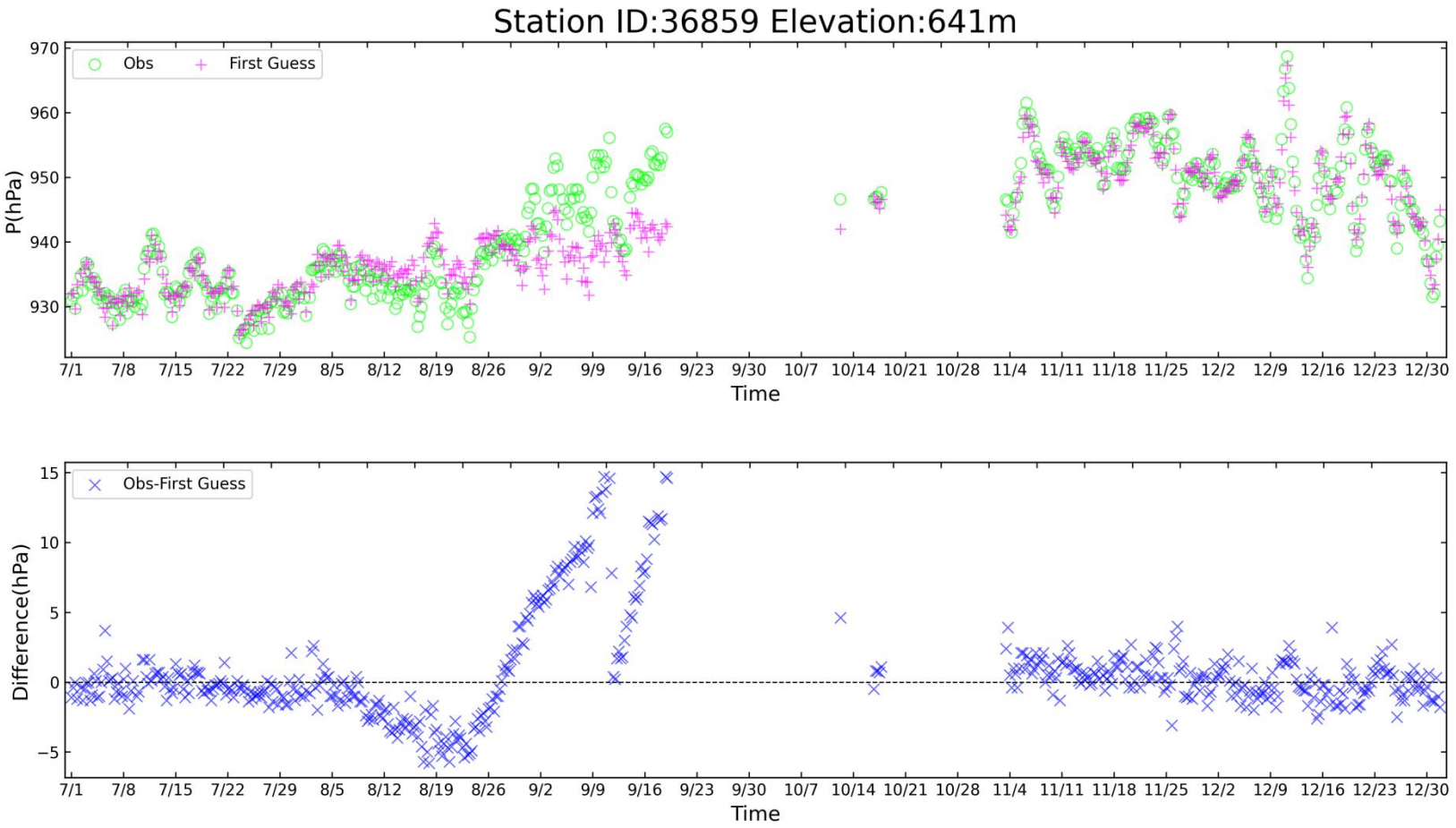

Figure 61 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36859

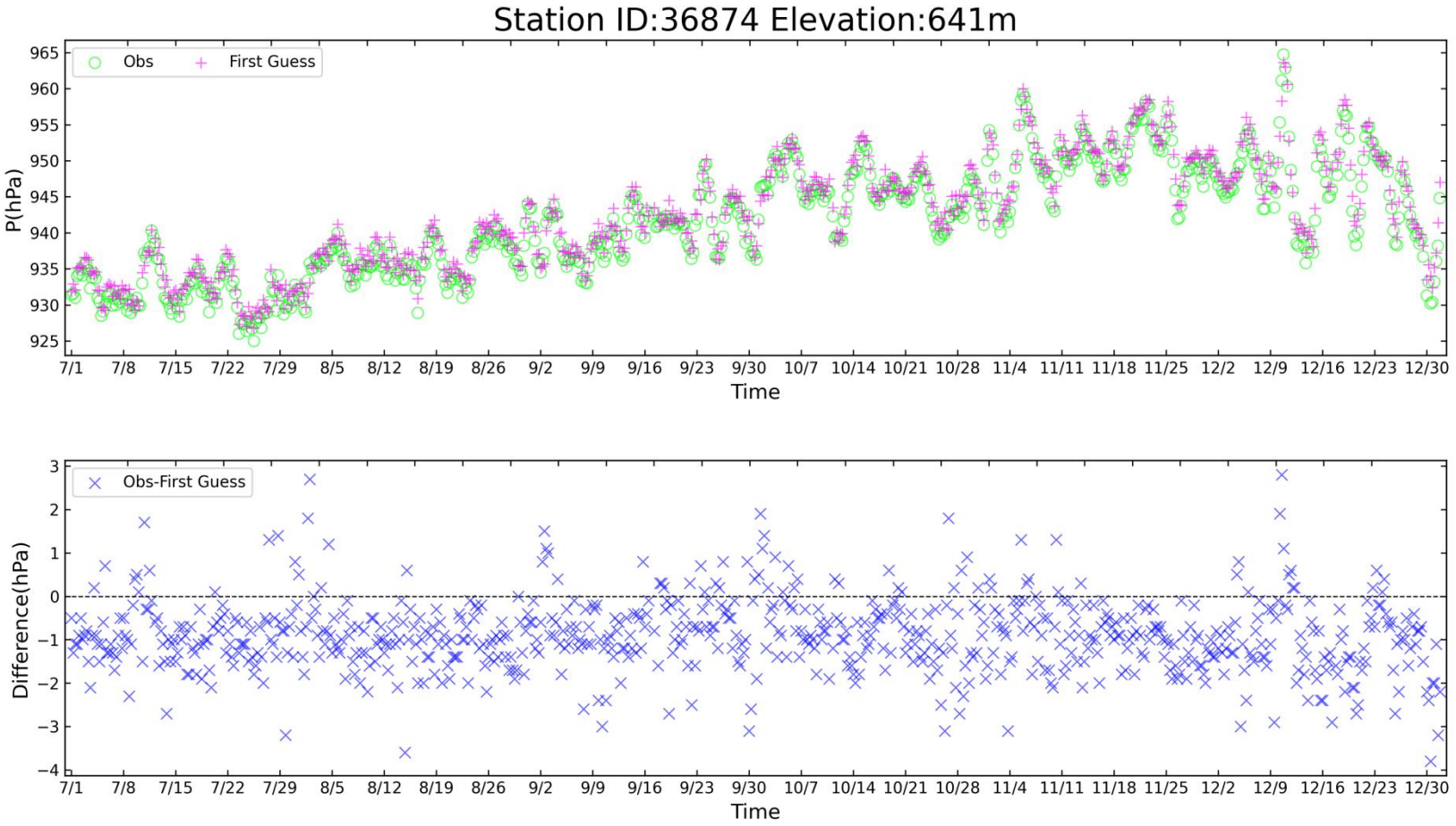

Figure 62 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36874

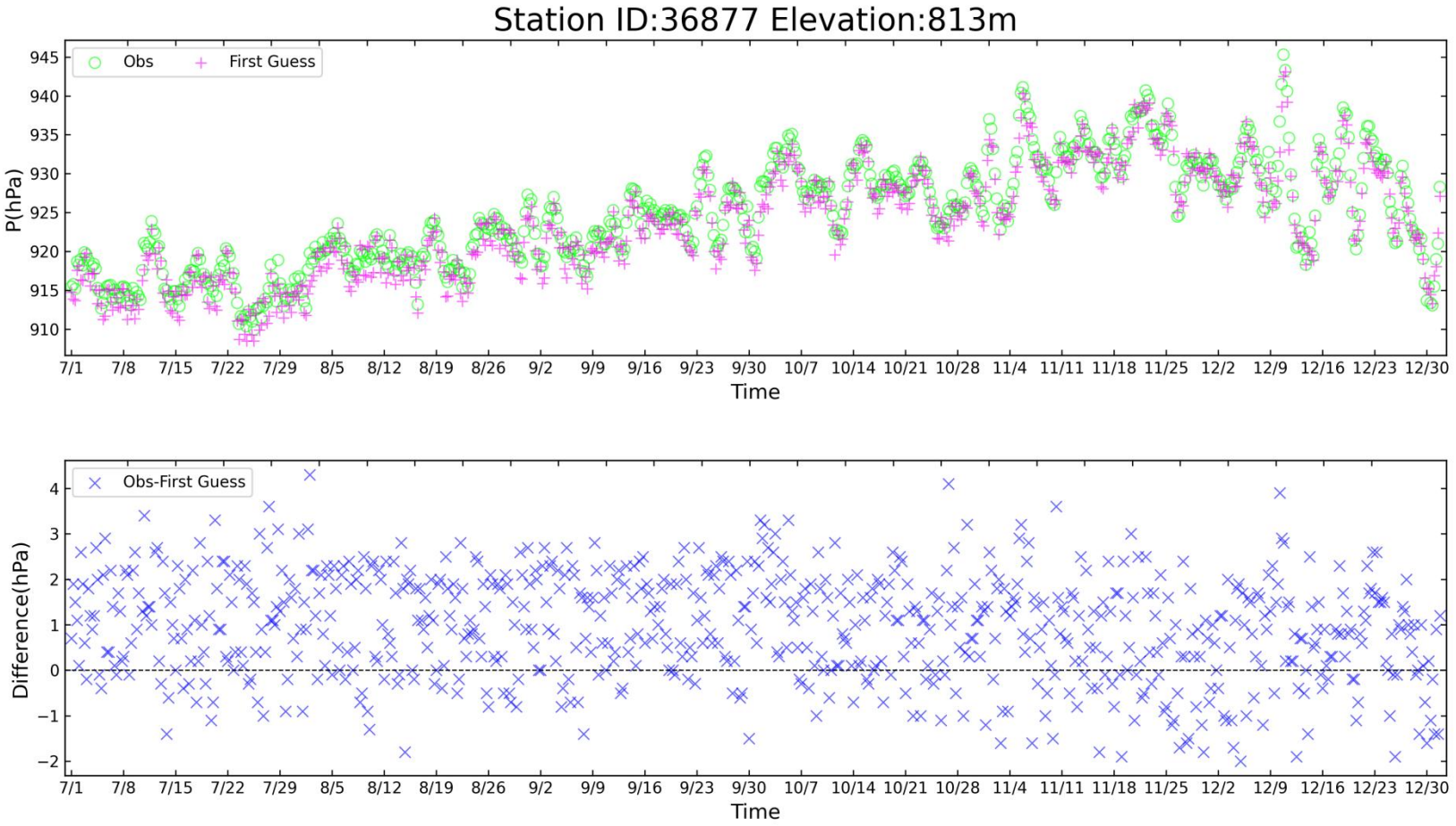

Figure 63 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36877

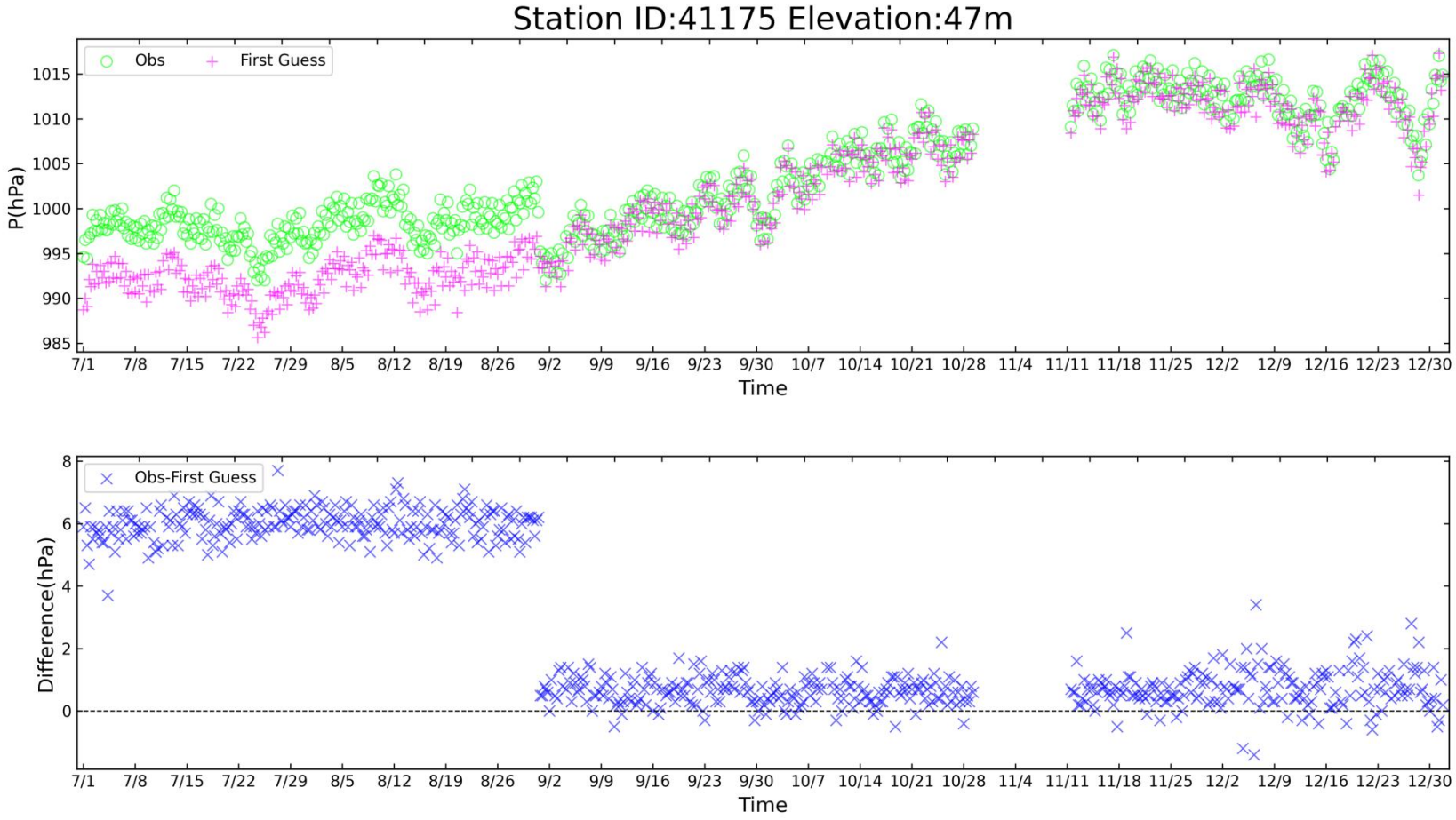

Figure 64 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41175

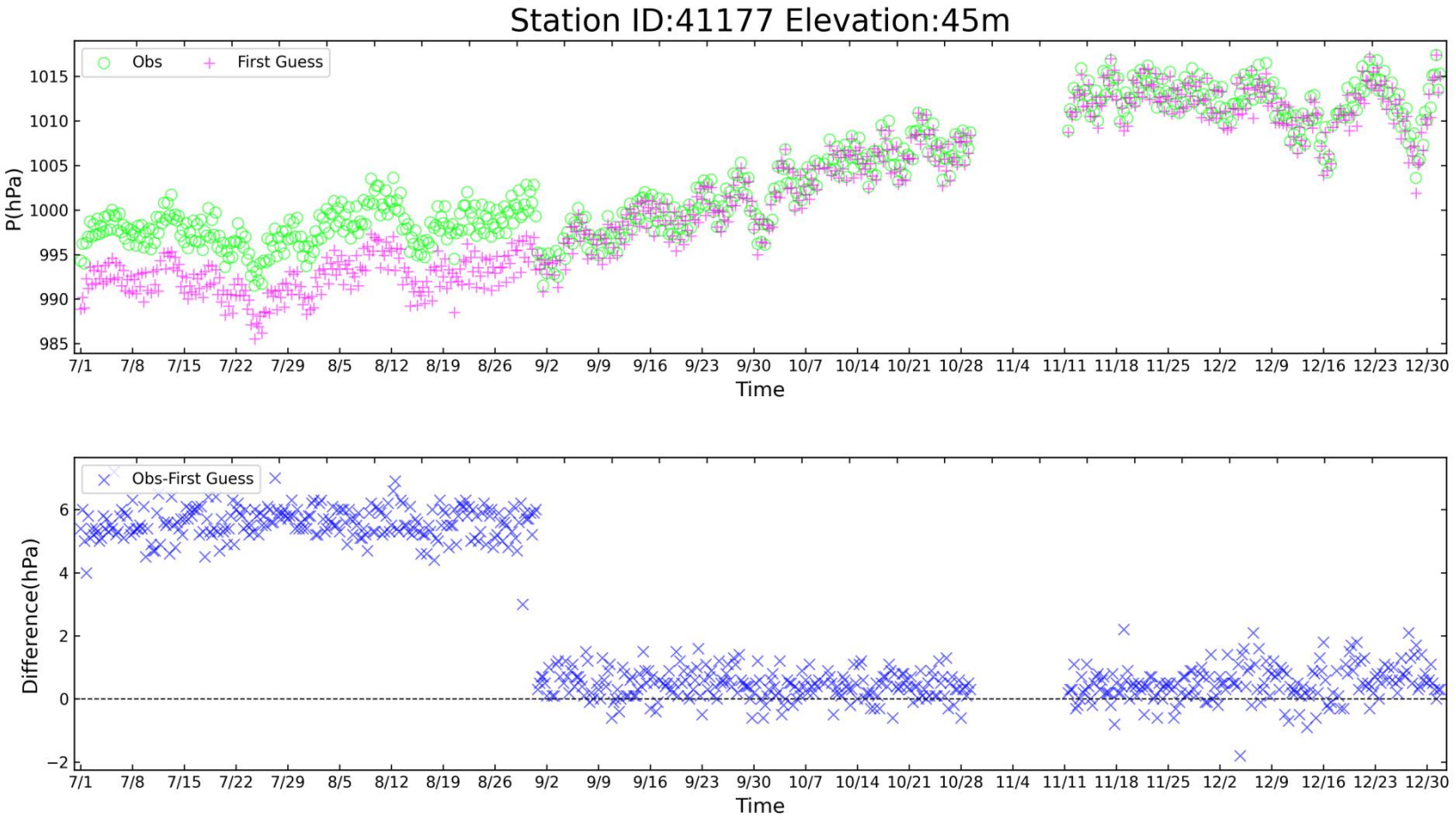

Figure 65 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41177

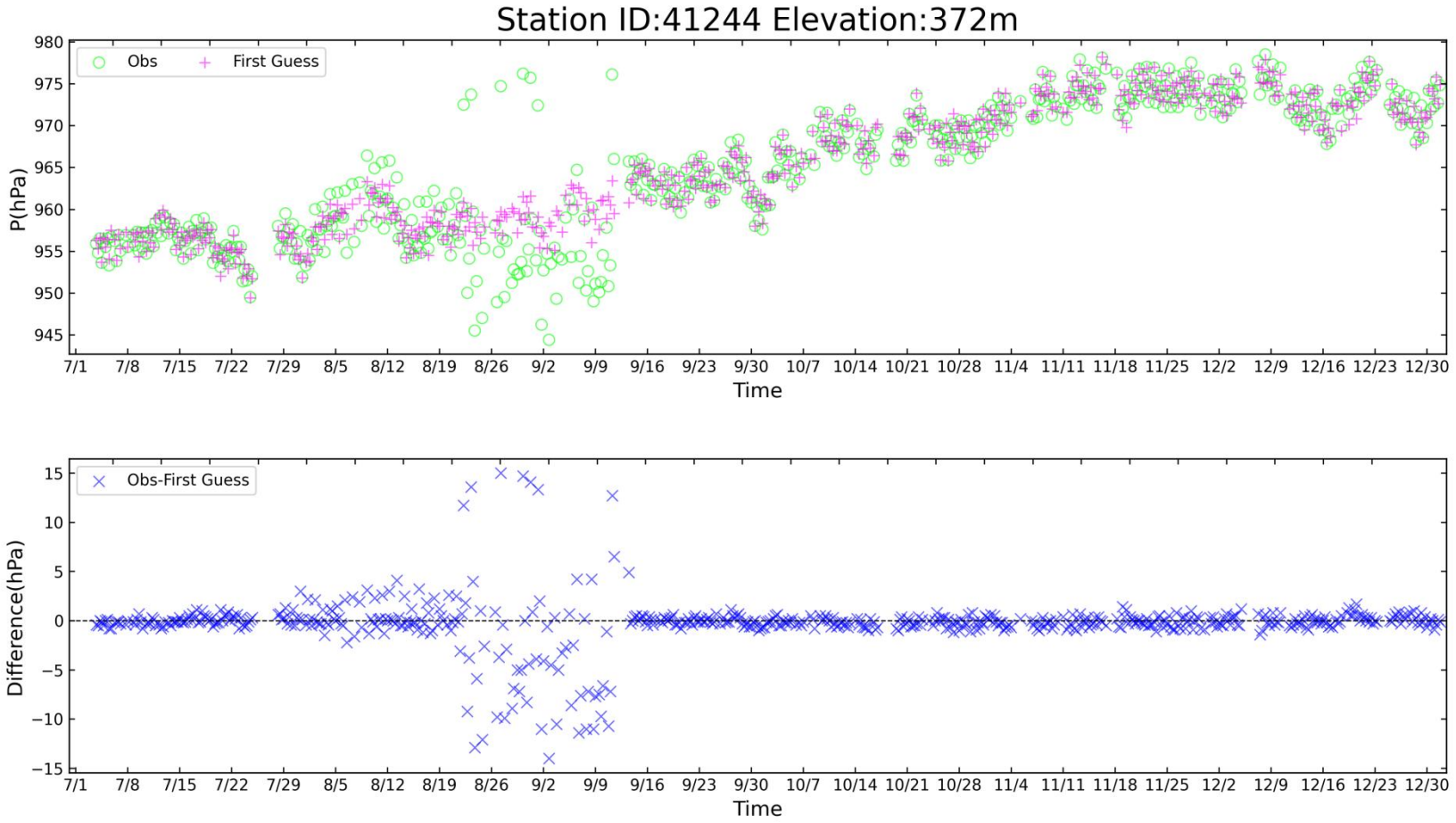

Figure 66 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41244*

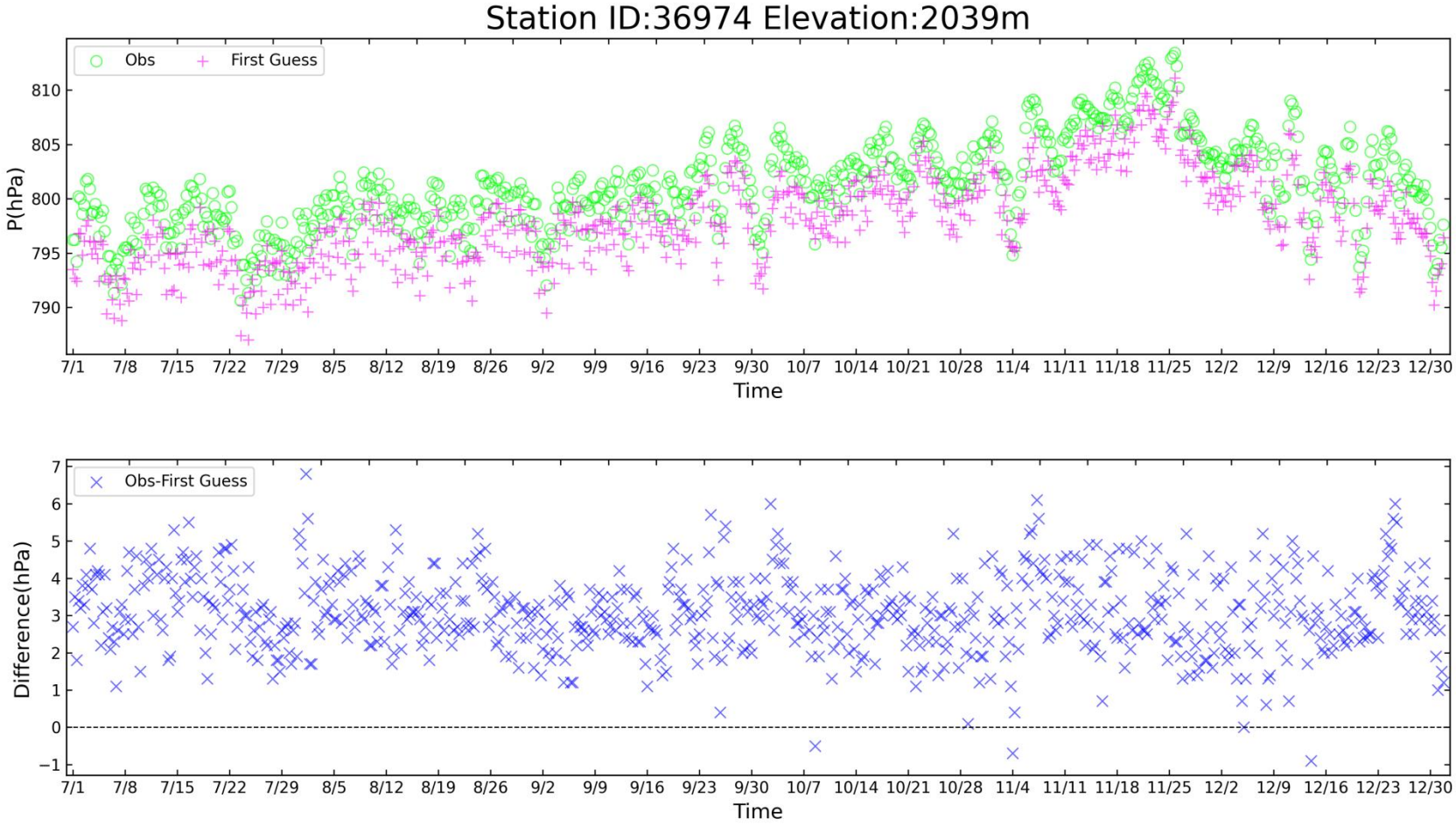

Figure 67 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36974*

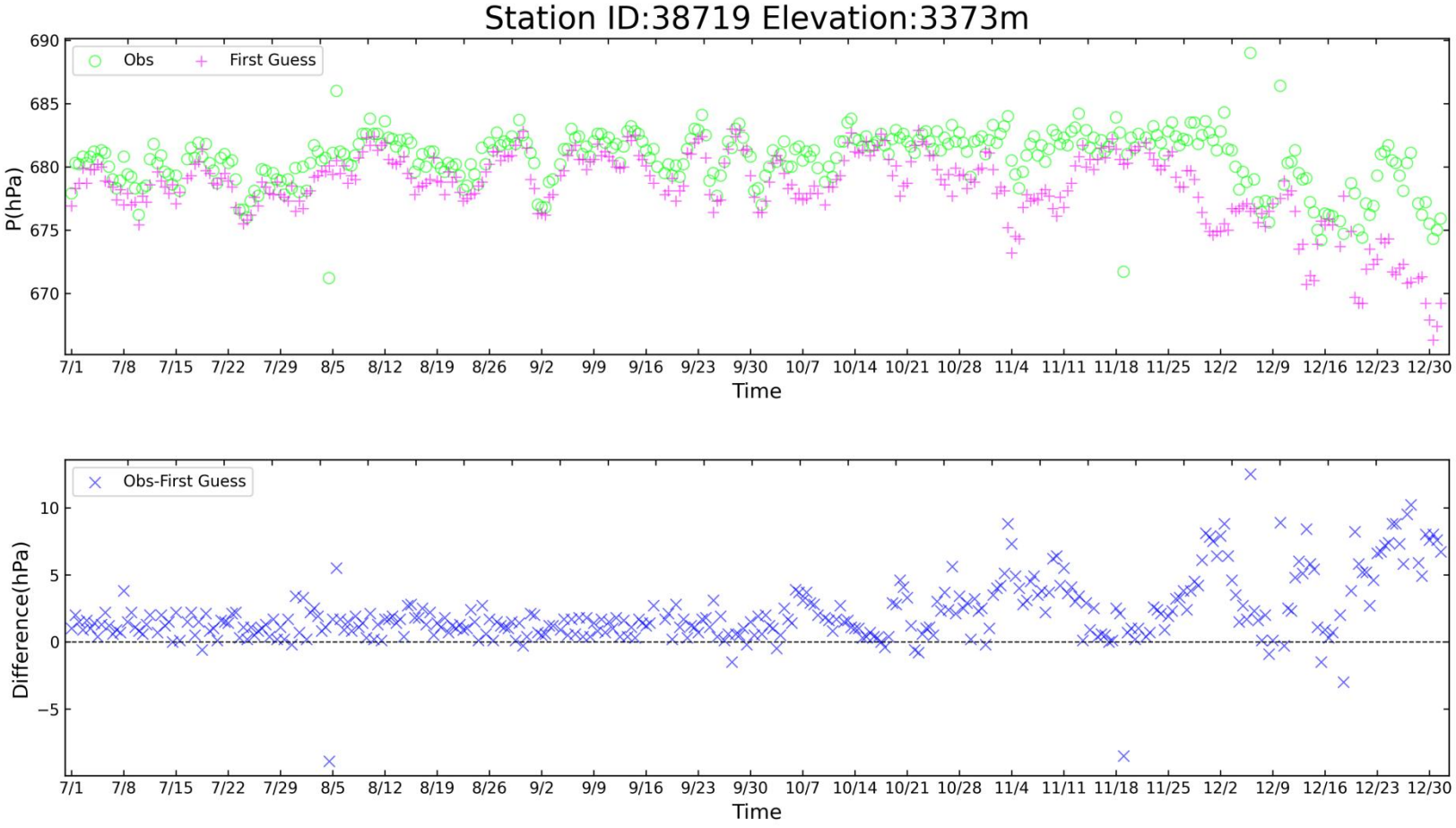

Figure 68 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38719*

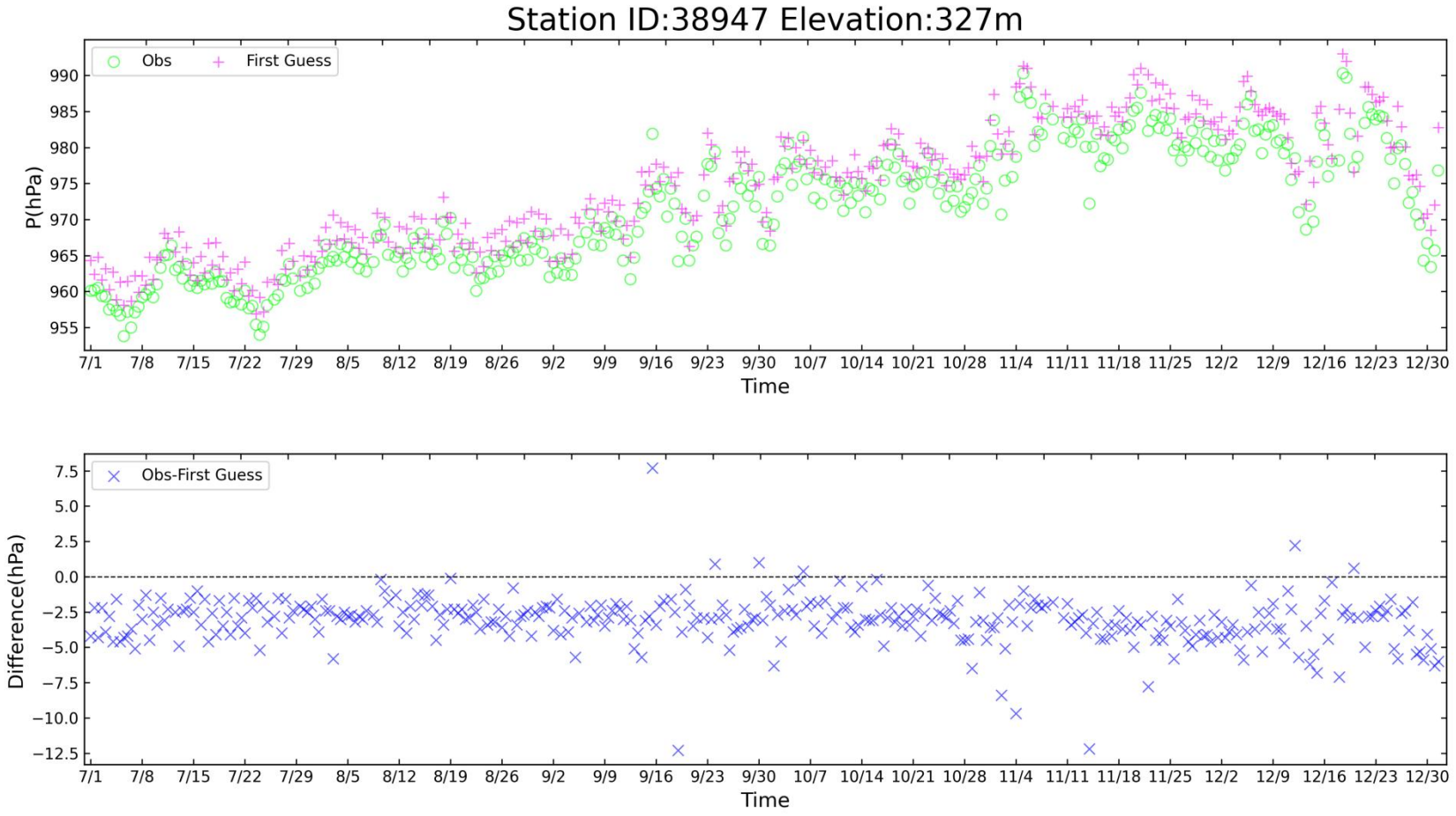

Figure 69 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38947*

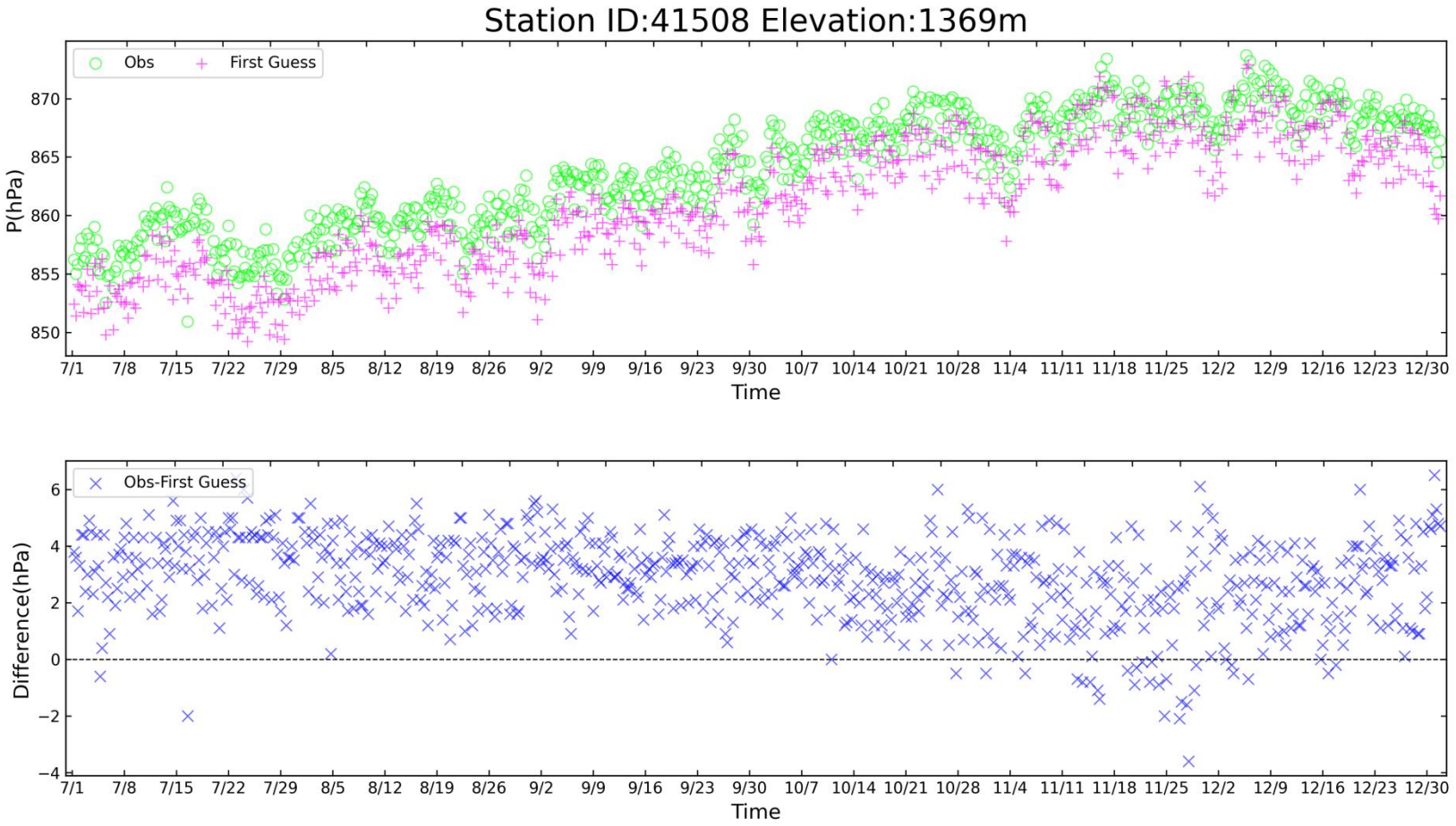

Figure 70 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41508*